

Patent 09523680

10/31/97

# NEW UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Large Entity)

(to be used for new applications only)

Docket No.  
10976

Total Pages in this Submission

**TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS**  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53 is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

**THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS**

and invented by:

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Sandra E. Nicholson; Donald Metcalf and Nicos A. Nicola

Enclosed are:

## Application Elements

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 195 pages and including the following:
  - ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure
  - ☒ Title of the Invention
  - ☐ Cross References to Related Applications (if applicable)
  - ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development (if applicable)
  - ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix (if applicable)
  - ☒ Background of the Invention
  - ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
  - ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings (if drawings filed)
  - ☒ Detailed Description
  - ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)
  - ☐ Formal ☒ Informal
  - Number of Sheets sixty-six (66) (FIGS. 1-53)
4. ☐ Declaration
  - ☐ Executed ☐ Unexecuted ☐ With Power of Attorney ☐ Without Power of Attorney

**NEW UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
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**Application Elements (Continued)**

5. ☒ Genetic Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all must be included)*
- ☒ Paper Copy
- ☐ Computer Readable Copy
- ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

**Accompanying Application Parts**

6. ☐ Assignment Papers
7. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche
8. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
9. ☐ Petition
10. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
11. ☐ Proprietary Information
12. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
13. ☒ Certificate of Mailing
- ☐ First Class ☒ Express Mail *(Specify Label No.):* EM422106551US
14. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) *(if foreign priority is claimed)*
15. ☐ English Translation Document *(if applicable)*

**NEW UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL  
(Large Entity)**

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**Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)**

16. ☒ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

Claim of Priority


**Fee Calculation and Transmittal**

**CLAIMS AS FILED**

| For   | #Filed | #Allowed | #Extra | Rate      | Fee        |
|---|--------|----------|--------|-----------|------------|
| Total Claims  | 52     | - 20 =   | 32     | x \$22.00 | \$704.00   |
| Indep. Claims   | 7      | - 3 =    | 4      | x \$82.00 | \$328.00   |
| Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |        |          |        |           | \$270.00   |
| BASIC FEE   |        |          |        |           | \$790.00   |
| OTHER FEE (specify purpose)   |        |          |        |           | \$0.00     |
| TOTAL FILING FEE  |        |          |        |           | \$2,092.00 |

- ☒ A check in the amount of \$2,092.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. 19-1013 as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☐ Charge the amount of as filing fee.
- ☒ Credit any overpayment.
- ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

Dated: October 31, 1997

  
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## THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates generally to therapeutic and diagnostic agents. More particularly, the present invention provides therapeutic molecules capable of modulating signal transduction such as but not limited to cytokine-mediated signal transduction. The molecules of the present invention are useful, therefore, in modulating cellular responsiveness to cytokines as well as other mediators of signal transduction such as endogenous or exogenous molecules, antigens, microbes  
10 and microbial products, viruses or components thereof, ions, hormones and parasites.

Bibliographic details of the publications referred to in this specification by author are collected at the end of the description. Sequence Identity Numbers (SEQ ID NOs.) for the nucleotide and amino acid sequences referred to in the specification are defined after the bibliography. A  
15 summary of the SEQ ID NOs is given in Table 1.

Throughout this specification and the claims which follow, unless the context requires otherwise, the word "comprise", or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising", will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other  
20 integer or group of integers.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Cells continually monitor their environment in order to modulate physiological and biochemical  
25 processes which in turn affects future behaviour. Frequently, a cell's initial interaction with its surroundings occurs *via* receptors expressed on the plasma membrane. Activation of these receptors, whether through binding endogenous ligands (such as cytokines) or exogenous ligands (such as antigens), triggers a biochemical cascade from the membrane through the cytoplasm to the nucleus.



Of the endogenous ligands, cytokines represent a particularly important and versatile group. Cytokines are proteins which regulate the survival, proliferation, differentiation and function of a variety of cells within the body [Nicola, 1994]. The haemopoietic cytokines have in common a four-alpha helical bundle structure and the vast majority interact with a structurally related family of cell surface receptors, the type I and type II cytokine receptors [Bazan, 1990; Sprang, 1993]. In all cases, ligand-induced receptor aggregation appears to be a critical event in initiating intracellular signal transduction cascades. Some cytokines, for example growth hormone, erythropoietin (Epo) and granulocyte-colony-stimulating factor (G-CSF), trigger receptor homodimerisation, while for other cytokines, receptor heterodimerisation or heterotrimerisation is crucial. In the latter cases, several cytokines share common receptor subunits and on this basis can be grouped into three subfamilies with similar patterns of intracellular activation and similar biological effects [Hilton, 1994]. Interleukin-3 (IL-3), IL-5 and granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) use the common  $\beta$ -receptor subunit ( $\beta c$ ) and each cytokine stimulates the production and functional activity of granulocytes and macrophages. IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-9, and IL-15 each use the common  $\gamma$ -chain ( $\gamma c$ ), while IL-4 and IL-13 share an alternative  $\gamma$ -chain ( $\gamma'c$  or IL-13 receptor  $\alpha$ -chain). Each of these cytokines plays an important role in regulating acquired immunity in the lymphoid system. Finally, IL-6, IL-11, leukaemia inhibitory factor (LIF), oncostatin-M (OSM), ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF) and cardiotrophin (CT) share the receptor subunit gp130. Each of these cytokines appears to be highly pleiotropic, having effects both within and outside the haemopoietic system [Nicola, 1994].

In all of the above cases at least one subunit of each receptor complex contains the conserved sequence elements, termed box1 and box2, in their cytoplasmic tails [Murakami, 1991]. Box1 is a proline-rich motif which is located more proximal to the transmembrane domain than the acidic box 2 element. The box-1 region serves as the binding site for a class of cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases termed JAKs (Janus kinases). Ligand-induced receptor dimerisation serves to increase the catalytic activity of the associated JAKs through cross-phosphorylation. Activated JAKs then tyrosine phosphorylate several substrates, including the receptors themselves. Specific phosphotyrosine residues on the receptor then serve as docking sites for SH2-containing proteins, the best characterised of which are the signal transducers and activators of transcription

(STATs) and the adaptor protein, shc. The STATs are then phosphorylated on tyrosines, probably by JAKs, dissociate from the receptor and form either homodimers or heterodimers through the interaction of the SH2 domain of one STAT with the phosphotyrosine residue of the other. STAT dimers then translocate to the nucleus where they bind to specific cytokine-responsive promoters and activate transcription [Darnell, 1994; Ihle, 1995; Ihle, 1995]. In a separate pathway, tyrosine phosphorylated shc interacts with another SH2 domain-containing protein, Grb-2, leading ultimately to activation of members of the MAP kinase family and in turn transcription factors such as fos and jun [Sato, 1993; Cutler, 1993]. These pathways are not unique to members of the cytokine receptor family since cytokines that bind receptor tyrosine kinases also being able to activate STATs and members of the MAP kinase family [David, 1996; Leaman, 1996; Shual, 1993; Sato, 1993; Cutler, 1993].

Four members of the JAK family of cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases have been described, JAK1, JAK2, JAK3 and TYK2, each of which binds to a specific subset of cytokine receptor subunits. Six STATs have been described (STAT1 through STAT6), and these too are activated by distinct cytokine/receptor complexes. For example, STAT1 appears to be functionally specific to the interferon system, STAT4 appears to be specific to IL-12, while STAT6 appears to be specific for IL-4 and IL-13. Thus, despite common activation mechanisms some degree of cytokine specificity may be achieved through the use of specific JAKs and STATs [Thierfelder, 1996; Kaplan, 1996; Takeda, 1996; Shimoda, 1996; Meraz, 1996; Durbin, 1996].

In addition to those described above, there are clearly other mechanisms of activation of these pathways. For example, the JAK/STAT pathway appears to be able to activate MAP kinases independent of the shc-induced pathway [David, 1995] and the STATs themselves can be activated without binding to the receptor, possibly by direct interaction with JAKs [Gupta, 1996]. Conversely, full activation of STATs may require the action of MAP kinase in addition to that of JAKs [David, 1995; Wen, 1995].

While the activation of these signalling pathways is becoming better understood, little is known of the regulation of these pathways, including employment of negative or positive feedback loops. This is important since once a cell has begun to respond to a stimulus, it is critical that

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the intensity and duration of the response is regulated and that signal transduction is switched off. It is likewise desirable to increase the intensity of a response systemically or even locally as the situation requires.

5 In work leading up to the present invention, the inventors sought to isolate negative regulators of signal transduction. The inventors have now identified a new family of proteins which are capable of acting as regulators of signalling. The new family of proteins is defined as the suppressor of cytokine signalling (SOCS) family based on the ability of the initially identified SOCS molecules to suppress cytokine-mediated signalling. It should be noted, however, that  
10 not all members of the SOCS family need necessarily share suppressor function nor target solely cytokine mediated signalling. The SOCS family comprises at least three classes of protein molecules based on amino acid sequence motifs located N-terminal of a C-terminal motif called the SOCS box. The identification of this new family of regulatory molecules permits the generation of a range of effector or modulator molecules capable of modulating signal  
15 transduction and, hence, cellular responsiveness to a range of molecules including cytokines. The present invention, therefore, provides therapeutic and diagnostic agents based on SOCS proteins, derivatives, homologues, analogues and mimetics thereof as well as agonists and antagonists of SOCS proteins.

## 20 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides *inter alia* nucleic acid molecules encoding members of the SOCS family of proteins as well as the proteins themselves. Reference hereinafter to "SOCS" encompasses any or all members of the SOCS family. Specific SOCS molecules are defined  
25 numerically such as, for example, SOCS1, SOCS2 and SOCS3. The species from which the SOCS has been obtained may be indicated by a preface of a single letter abbreviation where "h" is human, "m" is murine and "r" is rat. Accordingly, "mSOCS1" is a specific SOCS from a murine animal. Reference herein to "SOCS" is not to imply that the protein solely suppresses cytokine-mediated signal transduction, as the molecule may modulate other effector-mediated  
30 signal transductions such as by hormones or other endogenous or exogenous molecules, antigens, microbes and microbial products, viruses or components thereof, ions, hormones and

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One aspect of the present invention provides a nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of 5 nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region

15

20 terminal region and a protein:molecule interacting region located in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

25

Still a further aspect of the present invention provides a nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region and one or more of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats or ankyrin repeats N-terminal of the SOCS box.

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- 6 -

Even still a further aspect of the present invention is directed to a nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein  
5 comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region wherein the SOCS box comprises the amino acid sequence:

$$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X_i]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20} \\ X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X_j]_n X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$$

10

wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_2$  is any amino acid residue;

$X_3$  is P, T or S;

$X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

15

$X_5$  is any amino acid;

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

20

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

25

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X_i]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

30

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

08962550-103197

- 7 -

- 5  $X_{19}$  is any amino acid;  
 $X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;  
 $X_{21}$  is P;  
 $X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;  
 $X_{23}$  is P or N;  
 $[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids  
and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino  
acids selected from any amino acid residue;  
 $X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
10  $X_{25}$  is any amino acid;  
 $X_{26}$  is any amino acid;  
 $X_{27}$  is Y or F;  
 $X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

- 15 and a protein:molecule interacting region such as but not limited to one or more of an SH2  
domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats N-terminal of the SOCS box.

Another aspect of the present invention is directed to a nucleic acid molecule comprising a  
sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a  
20 derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or a nucleotide sequence capable of  
hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein exhibits the  
following characteristics:

- (i) comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region having the amino acid sequence:

25  $X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20}$   
 $X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X]_n X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$

wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
 $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;  
30  $X_3$  is P, T or S;  
 $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_5$  is any amino acid;

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

5  $X_9$  is R, K or H;

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

10  $X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

15  $X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

20  $X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

25  $X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F;

30  $X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P; and

(ii) comprises at least one of a SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats or other

08962560-103197

- 9 -

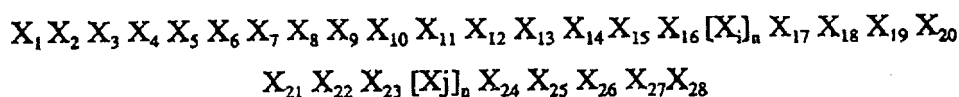
protein:molecule interacting domain in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

Preferably, the SOCS molecules modulate signal transduction such as from a cytokine or hormone or other endogenous or exogenous molecule, a microbe or microbial product, an antigen or a parasite.

More preferably, the SOCS molecule modulate cytokine mediated signal transduction.

Still another aspect of the present invention comprises a nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or comprises a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein exhibits the following characteristics;

- (i) is capable of modulating signal transduction;
- 15 (ii) comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region having the amino acid sequence:



- 20     wherein:      $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
                        $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;  
                        $X_3$  is P, T or S;  
                        $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
                        $X_5$  is any amino acid;  
 25                    $X_6$  is any amino acid;  
                        $X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;  
                        $X_8$  is C, T or S;  
                        $X_9$  is R, K or H;  
                        $X_{10}$  is any amino acid;  
 30                    $X_{11}$  is any amino acid;  
                        $X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;



$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

5  $[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

10  $X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

15  $[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

20  $X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F;

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P; and

(iii) comprises at least one of a SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats or other  
25 protein:molecule interacting domain in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

Preferably, the signal transduction is mediated by a cytokine such as one or more of EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12, IFN $\alpha$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF.

30

Preferably, the signal transduction is mediated by one or more of Interleukin 6 (IL-6), Leukaemia

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- 11 -

Inhibitory Factor (LIF), Oncostatin M (OSM), Interferon (IFN)- $\alpha$  and/or thrombopoietin.

Preferably, the signal transduction is mediated by IL-6.

5 Particularly preferred nucleic acid molecules comprise nucleotide sequences substantially set forth in SEQ ID NO:3 (mSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:5 (mSOCS2), SEQ ID NO:7 (mSOCS3), SEQ ID NO:9 (hSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:11 (rSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:13 (mSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:15 and SEQ ID NO:16 (hSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:17 (mSOCS5), SEQ ID NO:19 (hSOCS5), SEQ ID NO:20 (mSOCS6), SEQ ID NO:22 and SEQ ID NO:23 (hSOCS6), SEQ ID NO:24  
10 (mSOCS7), SEQ ID NO:26 and SEQ ID NO:27 (hSOCS7), SEQ ID NO:28 (mSOCS8), SEQ ID NO:30 (mSOCS9), SEQ ID NO:31 (hSOCS9), SEQ ID NO:32 (mSOCS10), SEQ ID NO:33 and SEQ ID NO:34 (hSOCS10), SEQ ID NO:35 (hSOCS11), SEQ ID NO:37 (mSOCS12), SEQ ID NO:38 and SEQ ID NO:39 (hSOCS12), SEQ ID NO:40 (mSOCS13), SEQ ID NO:42 (hSOCS13), SEQ ID NO: 43 (mSOCS14), SEQ ID NO:45 (mSOCS15) and SEQ ID NO:47  
15 (hSOCS15) or a nucleotide sequence having at least about 15% similarity to all or a region of any of the listed sequences or a nucleotide acid molecule capable of hybridizing to any one of the listed sequences under low stringency conditions at 42°C.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue  
20 or mimetic thereof comprising a SOCS box in its C-terminal region.

Yet another aspect of the present invention is directed to a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof comprising a SOCS box in its C-terminal region and a protein:molecule interacting region.  
25

Even yet another aspect of the present invention provides a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof comprising an interacting region located in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

30 Preferably, the protein:molecule interacting region is a protein:DNA or a protein:protein binding region.

Another aspect of the present invention contemplates a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof comprising a SOCS box in its C-terminal region and a SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats or ankyrin repeats N-terminal of the SOCS box.

5 Still yet another aspect of the present invention provides a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof exhibiting the following characteristics:

(i) comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region having the amino acid sequence:

10  $X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20}$   
 $X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X]_n X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$

wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_2$  is any amino acid residue;

15  $X_3$  is P, T or S;

$X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_5$  is any amino acid;

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

20  $X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

25  $X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids

30 and wherein the sequence  $X_1$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

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- 13 -

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

5  $X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

10  $X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F;

15  $X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P; and

(ii) comprises at least one of a SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats or other protein:molecule interacting domain in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

20 Preferably, the proteins modulate signal transduction such as cytokine-mediated signal transduction.

Preferred cytokines are EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12,  $IFN\gamma$ ,  $TNF\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF.

25 A particularly preferred cytokine is IL-6.

Even yet another aspect of the present invention provides a protein or derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof exhibiting the following characteristics:

30 (i) is capable of modulating signal transduction such as cytokine-mediated signal transduction;

- 14 -

(ii) comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region having the amino acid sequence:

$$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X_i]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20} \\ X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X_j]_a X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$$

5

wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_2$  is any amino acid residue;

$X_3$  is P, T or S;

$X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

10

$X_5$  is any amino acid;

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

15

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

20

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X_i]_n$  is a sequence of  $n$  amino acids wherein  $n$  is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

25

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

30

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

DEPOSITED 103197

- 15 -

$[X_j]_n$  is a sequence of  $n$  amino acids wherein  $n$  is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

5  $X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F;

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P; and

- 10 (iii) comprises at least one of a SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats or other protein-molecule interacting domain in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

Particularly preferred SOCS proteins comprise an amino acid sequence substantially as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 (mSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:6 (mSOCS2), SEQ ID NO:8 (mSOCS3), SEQ ID  
15 NO:10 (hSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:12 (rSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:14 (mSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:18 (mSOCS5), SEQ ID NO:21 (mSOCS6), SEQ ID NO:25 (mSOCS7), SEQ ID NO:29 (mSOCS8), SEQ ID NO:36 (hSOCS11), SEQ ID NO:41 (mSOCS13), SEQ ID NO:44 (mSOCS14), SEQ ID NO:46 (mSOCS15) and SEQ ID NO:48 (hSOCS15) or an amino acid sequence having at least 15% similarity to all or a region of any one of the listed sequences.

20

Another aspect of the present invention contemplates a method of modulating levels of a SOCS protein in a cell said method comprising contacting a cell containing a SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time and under conditions sufficient to modulate levels of said SOCS protein.

25

A related aspect of the present invention provides a method of modulating signal transduction in a cell containing a SOCS gene comprising contacting said cell with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time sufficient to modulate signal transduction.

30

Yet a further related aspect of the present invention is directed to a method of influencing

"SEQUENCE" 09529680

- 16 -

interaction between cells wherein at least one cell carries a SOCS gene, said method comprising contacting the cell carrying the SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time sufficient to modulate signal transduction.

- 5 In accordance with the present invention,  $n$  in  $[X_i]_n$  and  $[X_j]_n$  may, in addition from being 1-50, be from 1-30, 1-20, 1-10 and 1-5.

A summary of the SEQ ID NOs referred to in the subject specification is given in Table 1.

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08962560 103197

- 17 -

**TABLE 1**  
**SUMMARY OF SEQUENCE IDENTITY NUMBERS**

|    | SEQUENCE   | SEQ ID NO. |
|----|--|------------|
| 5  | PCR Primer   | 1          |
|    | PCR Primer   | 2          |
|    | Mouse SOCS1 (nucleotide)                           | 3          |
|    | Mouse SOCS1 (amino acid)                           | 4          |
| 10 | Mouse SOCS2 (nucleotide)                           | 5          |
|    | Mouse SOCS2 (amino acid)                           | 6          |
|    | Mouse SOCS3 (nucleotide)                           | 7          |
|    | Mouse SOCS3 (amino acid)                           | 8          |
|    | Human SOCS1 (nucleotide)                           | 9          |
| 15 | Human SOCS1 (amino acid)                           | 10         |
|    | Rat SOCS1 (nucleotide)                             | 11         |
|    | Rat SOCS1 (amino acid)                             | 12         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS4                | 13         |
|    | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS4                | 14         |
| 20 | nucleotide sequence of SOCS4 cDNA human contig 4.1 | 15         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of SOCS4 cDNA human contig 4.2 | 16         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS5                | 17         |
|    | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS5                | 18         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS5                 | 19         |
| 25 | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS6                | 20         |
|    | amino acid of murine SOCS6                         | 21         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS6 contig h6.1     | 22         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS6 contig h6.2     | 23         |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS7                | 24         |

00962560 "103197"



|    |   |    |
|----|---|----|
|    | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS7                   | 25 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS7 contig h7.1        | 26 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS7 contig 17.2        | 27 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS8                   | 28 |
| 5  | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS 8                  | 29 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS9                   | 30 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS9                    | 31 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS10                  | 32 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS10 contig h10.1      | 33 |
| 10 | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS10 contig h10.2      | 34 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS11                   | 35 |
|    | amino acid sequence of human SOCS11                   | 36 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of mouse SOCS12                   | 37 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS12 contig h12.1      | 38 |
| 15 | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS12 contig h12.2      | 39 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS13                  | 40 |
|    | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS13                  | 41 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS13 cDNA contig h13.1 | 42 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS14 cDNA             | 43 |
| 20 | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS14                  | 44 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS15 cDNA             | 45 |
|    | amino acid sequence of murine SOCS15                  | 46 |
|    | nucleotide sequence of human SOCS15                   | 47 |
| 25 | amino acid sequence of human SOCS15                   | 48 |

005962560-103197

Single and three letter abbreviations are used to denote amino acid residues and these are summarized in Table 2.

TABLE 2

| 5  | Amino Acid    | Three-letter<br>Abbreviation | One-letter<br>Symbol |
|----|---------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
|    | Alanine       | Ala                          | A                    |
| 10 | Arginine      | Arg                          | R                    |
|    | Asparagine    | Asn                          | N                    |
|    | Aspartic acid | Asp                          | D                    |
|    | Cysteine      | Cys                          | C                    |
|    | Glutamine     | Gln                          | Q                    |
| 15 | Glutamic acid | Glu                          | E                    |
|    | Glycine       | Gly                          | G                    |
|    | Histidine     | His                          | H                    |
|    | Isoleucine    | Ile                          | I                    |
|    | Leucine       | Leu                          | L                    |
| 20 | Lysine        | Lys                          | K                    |
|    | Methionine    | Met                          | M                    |
|    | Phenylalanine | Phe                          | F                    |
|    | Proline       | Pro                          | P                    |
|    | Serine        | Ser                          | S                    |
| 25 | Threonine     | Thr                          | T                    |
|    | Tryptophan    | Trp                          | W                    |
|    | Tyrosine      | Tyr                          | Y                    |
|    | Valine        | Val                          | V                    |
|    | Any residue   | Xaa                          | X                    |
| 30 |               |                              |                      |

00963560 "103197"

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In some of the Figures, abbreviations are used to denote SOCS proteins with certain binding motifs. SOCS proteins which contain WD-40 repeats are referred to as WSB1-WSB4. SOCS 5 proteins with ankyrin repeats are referred to as ASB1-ASB3.

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic representation showing generation of an IL-6-unresponsive M1 clone by retroviral infection. The RUFneo retrovirus, showing the position of landmark restriction endonuclease cleavage sites, the 4A2 cDNA insert and the position of PCR primer sequences.

10

Figure 2 is a photographic representation of Southern and Northern analysis. (Left and Middle Panels) Southern blot analysis of genomic DNA from clone 4A2 and a control infected M1 clone. DNA was digested with BamH I, to reveal the number of retroviruses carried by each clone, and Sac I, to estimate the size of the retroviral cDNA insert. Left panel; probed with neo. Right 15 panel; probed with the Xho I-digested 4A2 PCR product. (Right Panel) . Northern blot analysis of total RNA from clone 4A2 and a control infected M1 clone, probed with the Xho I-digested 4A2 PCR product. The two bands represent unspliced and spliced retroviral transcripts, resulting from splice donor and acceptor sites in the retroviral genome.

20 Figure 3 is a representation of the nucleotide sequence and structure of the SOCS1 gene. A. The genomic context of SOCS1 in relation to the protamine gene cluster on murine chromosome 16. The accession number of this locus is MMPRMGNS (direct submission; G. Schlueter, 1995) for the mouse and BTPRMTNP2 for the rat (direct submission; G. Schlueter, 1996). B. The nucleotide sequence of the SOCS1 cDNA and deduced amino acid sequence. Conventional one 25 letter abbreviations are used for the amino acid sequence and the asterisk indicates the stop codon. The polyadenylation signal sequence is underlined. The coding region is shown in uppercase and the untranslated region is shown in lower case.

Figure 4 is a graphical representation of cell differentiation in the presence of cytokines. Semi- 30 solid agar cultures of parental M1 cells (M1 and M1.mpl) and M1 cells expressing SOCS1 (4A2 and M1.mpl.SOCS1), were used and the percentage of colonies which differentiated in response

08962560-103197

to a titration of 1 mg/ml IL-6 (●), 100 ng/ml LIF (◇), 1 mg/ml OSM (□), 100 ng/ml IFN-γ (▲), 500 ng/ml TPO (●), or  $3 \times 10^{-6}$  M dexamethasone (\*) determined.

**Figure 5** is a photographic representation of cytopins of liquid cultures of parental M1 cells (M1 and M1.mpl) and M1 cells expressing SOCS1 (4A2 and M1.mpl.SOCS1) cultured for 4 days in the presence of 10 ng/ml IL-6 or saline. Unlike parental M1 cells, morphological features consistent with macrophage differentiation are not observed in M1 cells constitutively expressing SOCS1 (4A2 and M1.mpl.SOCS1) when cultured in IL-6.

**Figure 6** is a photographic representation showing inhibition of phosphorylation of signalling molecules by SOCS1. Parental M1 cells (M1 and M1.mpl) and M1 cells expressing SOCS1 (4A2 and M1.mpl.SOCS1) were incubated in the absence (-) or presence (+) of 10 ng/ml of IL-6 for 4 minutes at 37°C. Cells were then lysed and extracts were either immunoprecipitated using anti-mouse gp130 antibody prior to SDS-PAGE (two upper panels) or were electrophoresed directly (two lower panels). Gels were blotted and the filters were then probed with anti-phosphotyrosine (upper panel), anti-gp130 antibody (second top panel), anti-phospho-STAT3 (second bottom panel) or anti-STAT3 (lower panel). Blots were visualised using peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibodies and Enhanced Chemiluminescence (ECL) reagents.

**Figure 7** is a representation of protein extracts prepared from (A) M1 cells or M1 cells expressing SOCS1 (4A2) and (B) M1.mpl cells or M1.mpl.SOCS1 cells incubated for 10 min at 37°C in 10 ml serum-free DME containing either saline, 100 ng/ml IL-6 or 100 ng/ml IFN-γ. The binding reactions contained 4-6 µg protein (constant within a given experiment), 5 ng  $^{32}$ P-labelled m67 oligonucleotide encoding the high affinity SIF (c-sis- inducible factor) binding site, and 800 ng sonicated salmon sperm DNA. For certain experiments, protein samples were preincubated with an excess of unlabelled m67 oligonucleotide, or antibodies specific for either STAT1 or STAT3.

**Figure 8** is a photographic representation of Northern hybridisation. Mice were injected intravenously with 2 µg and after various periods of time, the livers were removed and polyA+

mRNA was purified. M1 cells were stimulated for various lengths of time with 500 ng/ml of IL-6, after which polyA+ mRNA was isolated. mRNA was fractionated by electrophoresis and immobilized on nylon filters. Northern blots were prehybridized, hybridized with random-primed <sup>32</sup>P-labelled SOCS1 or GAPDH DNA fragments, washed and exposed to film overnight.

5

**Figure 9** is a representation of a comparison of the amino acid sequences of SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3 and CIS. Alignment of the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse (mm), human (hs) and rat (rr) SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3 and CIS. Those residues shaded are conserved in three or four mouse SOCS family members. The SH2 domain is boxed in solid lines, while the SOCS box is bounded by double lines.

10

**Figure 10** is a photographic representation showing the phenotype of IL-6 unresponsive M1 cell clone, 4A2. Colonies of parental M1 cells (left panel) and clone 4A2 (right panel) cultured in semi-solid agar for 7 days in saline or 100 ng/ml IL-6.

15

**Figure 11** is a photographic representation showing expression of mRNA for SOCS family members *in vitro* and *in vivo*.

(A) Northern analysis of mRNA from a range of mouse organs showing constitutive expression of SOCS family members in a limited number of tissues.

20 (B) Northern analysis of mRNA from liver and M1 cells showing induction of expression of SOCS family members following exposure to IL-6.

(C) Reverse transcriptase PCR analysis of mRNA from bone marrow showing induction of expression of SOCS family members by a range of cytokines.

25 **Figure 12** is a photographic representation showing SOCS1 suppresses the phosphorylation and activation of gp130 and STAT-3.

(A) Western blots of extracts from parental M1 cells (M1 and M1.mpl) and M1 cells expressing SOCS1 (4A2 and M1.mpl.SOCS1) stimulated with (+) or without (-) 100 ng/ml IL-6. Top: Extracts immunoprecipitated with anti-gp130 (αgp130) and immunoblotted with anti-phosphotyrosine (αPY-STAT3), or for STAT3 (αSTAT3) to demonstrate equal loading of protein. The molecular weights of the bands are shown on the right.

30

- 23 -

(B) EMSA of M1.mpl and M1.mpl.SOCS1 cells stimulated with (+) and without (-) 100 ng/ml IL-6 or 100 ng/ml IFN $\gamma$ . The DNA-binding complexes SIF A, B, and C are indicated at the left.

5 **Figure 13** is a representation of a comparison of the amino acid sequence of the SOCS proteins  
 (A) Schematic representation of structures of SOCS proteins including proteins which contain  
 WD-40 repeats (WSB) and ankyrin repeats (ASB). (B) Alignment of N-terminal regions of  
 SOCS proteins. (C) Alignment of the SH2 domains of CIS, SOCS1, 2, 3, 5, 9, 11 and 14. (D)  
 Alignment of the WD-40 repeats of SOCS4, SOCS6, SOCS13 and SOCS15. (E) Alignment of  
 10 the ankyrin repeats of SOCS7 and SOCS10. (F) Alignment of the regions between SH2, WD-40  
 and ankyrin repeats and the SOCS box. (G) Alignment of the SOCS box. In each case the  
 conventional one letter abbreviations for amino acids are used, with X denoting residues of  
 uncertain identity and OOO denoting the beginning and the end of contigs. Amino acid  
 sequence obtained from conceptual translation of nucleic acid sequence derived from isolated  
 15 cDNAs is shown in upper case while amino acid sequence obtained by conceptual translation of  
 ESTs is shown in lower case and is approximate only. Conserved residues, defined as (LIVMA),  
 (FYW), (DE), (QN), (C, S, T), (KRH), (PG) are shaded in the SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats,  
 ankyrin repeats and the SOCS box. For the alignment of SH2 domains, WD-40 repeats and  
 ankyrin repeats a consensus sequence is shown above. In each case this has been derived from  
 20 examination of a large and diverse set of domains (Neer *et al*, 1994; Bork, 1993).

**Figures 14(A) and (B)** are photographic representations showing analysis of mRNA expression  
 of mouse SOCS1 and SOCS5 and SOCS containing a WD-40 repeat (WSB2) and ankyrin  
 repeats (ASB1).

25

**Figure 15** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS4 cDNA. The  
 nucleotides encoding the mature coding region from the predicted ATG "start" codon to the stop  
 codon is shown in upper case, while the predicted 5' and 3' untranslated regions are shown in  
 lower case. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is  
 30 illustrated in Figure 17.

**Figure 16** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of the mouse SOCS4 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 15. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13, is underlined.

**Figure 18** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS4 cDNA contigs h4.1 and h4.2, derived from analysis of ESTs listed in Table 4.1. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 17.

**Figure 19** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of mouse SOCS5 genomic (57-2) and cDNA (5-3-2) clones to contigs derived from analysis of mouse ESTs (Table 5.1) and human cDNA clone (5-94-2) and ESTs (Table 5.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS5 contig is shown in Figure 20, with the sequence of human SOCS5 contig (h5.1) being shown in Figure 21. The deduced amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS5 is shown in Figure 20B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically, with the SH2 domain indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The putative 5' and 3' translated regions are shown by the thin solid line.

**Figure 20A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS5 derived from analysis of genomic and cDNA clones. The nucleotides encoding the mature coding region from the predicted ATG "start" codon to the stop codon is shown in upper case, while the predicted 5' and 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 19.

**Figure 20B** is a representation of the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS5 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 20A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

**Figure 21** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS5 cDNA contig h5.1, derived from analysis of cDNA clone 5-94-2 and the ESTs listed in Table 5.2. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 19.

- 25 -

**Figure 22** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of mouse SOCS6 cDNA clones (6-1A, 6-2A, 6-5B, 6-4N, 6-18, 6-29, 6-3N and 6-5N) to contigs derived from analysis of mouse ESTs (Table 6.1) and human ESTs (Table 6.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS-6 contig is shown in Figure 23, with the sequence of human SOCS6 contigs (h6.1 and 5 h6.2) being shown in Figure 24. The deduced amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS6 is shown in Figure 23B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically, while the WD-40 repeats indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The putative 5' and 3' untranslated regions are shown by the thin solid line.

10 **Figure 23A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS6 derived from analysis of cDNA clone 64-10A-11. The nucleotides encoding the part of the predicted coding region, ending in the stop codon are shown in upper case, while the predicted 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 22.

15

**Figure 23B** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS6 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 23A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

20 **Figure 24** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS6 cDNA contig h6.1, derived from analysis of cDNA clone 5-94-2 and the ESTs listed in Table 6.2. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 22

**Figure 25** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of mouse SOCS7 cDNA 25 clone (74-10A-11) to contigs derived from analysis of mouse ESTs (Table 7.1) and human ESTs (Table 7.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS7 contig is shown in Figure 26 with the sequence of human SOCS7 contigs (h7.1 and h7.2) being shown in Figure 27. The deduced amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS7 is shown in Figure 26B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically, with the ankyrin repeats indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The 30 putative 5' and 3' untranslated regions are shown by the thin solid line in the mouse and by the wavy line in h7.2. Based on analysis of clones isolated to date and ESTs the 3' untranslated

08952560-103197



- 26 -

regions of mSOCS7 and hSOCS7 share little similarity.

**Figure 26A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS7 derived from analysis of cDNA clone 74-10A-11. The nucleotides encoding the part of the predicted coding region, ending in the stop codon are shown in upper case, while the predicted 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 25.

**Figure 26B** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS7 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 26A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

**Figure 27** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS7 cDNA contig h7.1 and h7.2 derived from analysis of the ESTs listed in Table 7.2. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 25.

**Figure 28** is a diagrammatic representation of the relationship of sequence derived from analysis of mouse SOCS8 ESTs (Table 8.1 and Figure 29A) to the predicted protein structure of mouse SOCS8. The deduced partial amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS8 is shown in Figure 29B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically with the SOCS box highlighted ( ). The predicted 3' untranslated region is shown by the thin line.

**Figure 29A** is a representation showing the partial nucleotide sequence of mouse SOCS8 cDNA (contig 8.1) derived from analysis of ESTs. The nucleotides encoding the part of the predicted coding region, ending in the STOP codon are shown in upper case, while the predicted 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case.

**Figure 29B** is a representation showing the partial predicted amino acid sequence of the mouse SOCS8 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 29A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

08962550-103197

Figure 30 is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of mouse SOCS9 ESTs (Table 9.1) and human SOCS9 ESTs (Table 9.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS9 contig (m9.1) is shown in Figure 31, with the sequence of human SOCS9 contig (h9.1) being shown in Figure 32. The deduced amino acid sequence of human SOCS9 is shown schematically, with the SH2 domain indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The putative 3' untranslated region is shown by the thin solid line.

Figure 31 is a representation showing the partial nucleotide sequence of mouse SOCS9 cDNA (contig m9.1), derived from analysis of the ESTs listed in Table 9.1. The relationship of these 10 contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 30.

Figure 32 is a representation showing the partial nucleotide sequence of human SOCS9 cDNA (contig h9.1), derived from analysis of the ESTs listed in Table 9.2. Although it is clear that contig h9.1 encodes a protein with an SH2 domain and a SOCS box, the quality of the sequence 15 is not high enough to derive a single unambiguous open reading frame. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 30.

Figure 33 is a representation showing the relationship of mouse SOCS10 cDNA clones (10-9, 10-12, 10-23 and 10-24) to contigs derived from analysis of mouse ESTs (Table 10.1) and 20 human ESTs (Table 10.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS10 contig is shown in Figure 10.2, with the sequence of human SOCS10 contigs (h10.1 and h10.2) being shown in Figure 35. The predicted structure of the protein is shown schematically, with the ankyrin repeats indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The putative 3' untranslated regions is shown by the thin line solid line in the mouse and by the wavy line in h10.2. Based on analysis of clones 25 isolated to date and ESTs the 3' untranslated regions of mSOCS-10 and hSOCS-10 share little similarity.

Figure 34 is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS10 derived from analysis of cDNA clone 10-9, 10-12, 10-23 and 10-24. The nucleotides encoding the part 30 of the predicted coding region, ending in the stop codon are shown in upper case, while the predicted 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. Although it is clear that contig m10.1

0096560-10319

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- 28 -

encodes a protein with a series of ankyrin repeats and a SOCS box, the quality of the sequence is not high enough to derive a single unambiguous open reading frame. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 33.

5 **Figure 35** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS10 cDNA contig h10.2 and h10.2 derived from analysis of the ESTs listed in Table 10.2. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 33.

**Figure 36A** is a representation showing the partial nucleotide sequence of the human SOCS11 cDNA derived from analysis of ESTs listed in Table 11.1. The nucleotides encoding the mature  
10 coding region from the predicted ATG "start" codon to the stop codon is shown in upper case, while the predicted 5' and 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. The relationship of the partial cDNA sequence, derived from ESTs, to the predicted protein is shown in Figure 37.

**Figure 36B** is a representation showing the partial predicted amino acid sequence of human  
15 SOCS11 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 36A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13, is underlined.

**Figure 37** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of sequence derived from analysis of human SOCS-11 ESTs (Table 11.1 and Figure 36A) to the predicted protein structure  
20 of human SOCS11. The deduced partial amino acid sequence of human SOCS11 is shown in Figure 36B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically with the SH2 domain shown by ( ) and the SOCS box highlighted by ( ). The predicted 3' untranslated region is shown by the thin line.

25 **Figure 38** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of mouse SOCS12 cDNA clones (12-1) to contigs derived from analysis of mouse ESTs (Table 12.1) and human ESTs (Table 12.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS12 contig is shown in Figure 12.2, with the sequence of human SOCS12 contigs (h12.1 and h12.2) being shown in Figure 40. The deduced partial amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS12 is shown in Figure 39. The structure  
30 of the protein is shown schematically, with the ankyrin repeats indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The putative 3' untranslated region is shown by the thin line solid line in the mouse and

009560-10319

- 29 -

by the wavy line in h12.2. Based on analysis of clones isolated to date and ESTs the 3' untranslated regions of mSOCS12 and hSOCS12 share little similarity.

**Figure 39** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS12 derived from analysis of cDNA clone 12-1 and the ESTs listed in Table 12.1. The nucleotides encoding the part of the predicted coding region, including the stop codon are shown in upper case, while the predicted 3' untranslated region is shown in lower case. By homology with human SOCS12 it is clear that contig m12.1 encodes a protein with a series of ankyrin repeats and a SOCS box, the quality of the sequence is not high enough to derive a single unambiguous open reading frame. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 38.

**Figure 40** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS12 cDNA contig h12.1 and h12.2 derived from analysis of the ESTs listed in Table 12.2. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 38.

**Figure 41** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of contig m13.1 derived from analysis of mouse SOCS13 cDNA clones (62-1, 62-6-7, 62-14) and mouse ESTs (Table 13.1) to contig h13.1 derived from analysis of human ESTs (Table 13.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS13 contig is shown in Figure 42, with the sequence of human SOCS13 contig (h13.1) being shown in Figure 43. The deduced amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS13 is shown in Figure 42B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically, with the WD-40 repeats highlighted by ( ) and the SOCS box highlighted by ( ). The 3' untranslated region is shown by the thin line solid line.

25

**Figure 42A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS13 derived from analysis of cDNA clones 62-1, 62-6-7 and 62-14. The nucleotides encoding part of the predicted coding region, ending in the stop codon are shown in upper case, while those encoding the predicted 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. The relationship of mouse cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 41.

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- 30 -

**Figure 42B** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS13 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 42A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

- 5 **Figure 43** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of human SOCS13 cDNA contig h13.1 derived from analysis of the ESTs listed in Table 13.2. The relationship of these contigs to the mouse cDNA sequence is illustrated in Figure 41.

**Figure 44** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of a partial mouse SOCS14  
10 cDNA clone (14-1) to contigs derived from analysis of mouse ESTs (Table 14.1). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS14 contig is shown in Figure 45. The deduced partial amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS14 is shown in Figure 45B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically, with the SH3 domain indicated by ( ) and the SOCS box by ( ). The putative 3' untranslated region is shown by the thin line.

15

**Figure 45A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS14 derived from analysis of genomic and cDNA clones. The nucleotides encoding the mature coding region from the predicted ATG "start" codon to the stop codon is shown in upper case, while the predicted 5' and 3' untranslated regions are shown in lower case. The relationship of mouse  
20 cDNA sequence to mouse and human EST contigs is illustrated in Figure 44.

**Figure 45B** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS14 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 45B. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

25

**Figure 46** is a diagrammatic representation showing the relationship of contig m15.1 derived from analysis of mouse BAC and mouse ESTs (Table 15.1) to contig h15.1 derived from analysis of the human BAC and human ESTs (Table 15.2). The nucleotide sequence of the mouse SOCS15 contig is shown in Figure 47, with the sequence of human SOCS15 contig (h15.1)  
30 being shown in Figure 47. The deduced amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS15 is shown in Figure 47B. The structure of the protein is shown schematically, with the WD-40 repeats

highlighted by ( ) and the SOCS box highlighted by ( ). The 5' and 3' untranslated region are shown by the thin line solid line. The introns which interrupt the coding region are shown by ^.

**Figure 47A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence covering the mouse SOCS15 gene derived from analysis the mouse BAC listed in Table 15.1. The nucleotides encoding the predicted coding region, beginning with the ATG and ending in the stop codon are shown in upper case, while those encoding the predicted 5' untranslated region, the introns and the 3' untranslated region are shown in lower case. The relationship of mouse BAC to mouse and human ESTs contigs is illustrated in Figure 46.

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**Figure 47B** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of mouse SOCS15 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 47A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

**Figure 48A** is a representation showing the nucleotide sequence covering the human SOCS15 gene derived from analysis the human BAC listed in Table 15.2. The nucleotides encoding the predicted coding region, beginning with the ATG and ending in the stop codon are shown in upper case, while those encoding the predicted 5' untranslated region, the introns and the 3' untranslated region are shown in lower case. The relationship of the human BAC to mouse and human ESTs contigs is illustrated in Figure 46.

20

**Figure 48B** is a representation showing the predicted amino acid sequence of human SOCS15 protein, derived from the nucleotide sequence in Figure 48A. The SOCS box, which also shown in Figure 13 is underlined.

25

**Figure 49** is a photographic representation showing SOCS1 inhibition of JAK2 kinase activity. (A) Upper panel. Cos M6 cells were transiently transfected with either Flag-tagged mJAK2 and mSOCS-1 DNA (SOCS1) or Flag-mJAK2 DNA alone (-), lysed, JAK2 proteins immunoprecipitated using anti-JAK2 antibody and subjected to an *in vitro* kinase assay. Lower panel. A portion of the JAK2 immunoprecipitates were Western blotted with anti-JAK2 antibody. (B) Upper panel. Cos M6 cells were transiently transfected with Flag- mJAK2 and

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03962560 - 103197

- 32 -

Flag- mSOCS-1 DNA or Flag-mJAK2 DNA alone, lysed, JAK2 proteins immunoprecipitated using anti-JAK2 (UBI) and separated by SDS/PAGE gel. Immunoprecipitates were then analysed by Western blot with anti-phosphotyrosine antibody. Lower panel; JAK2 expression. Cos cell lysates were separated by SDS/PAGE gel and analysed by Western blot with anti-FLAG 5 antibody (M2).

Figure 50 is a photographic representation showing interaction between JAK2 and SOCS protein. (A) Cos M6 cells were transiently transfected with Flag-tagged mJAK2 and various Flag-tagged SOCS DNAs (SOCS-1;S1, SOCS-2;S2, SOCS-3;S3, CIS) or Flag-mJAK2 alone, 10 lysed, JAK2 proteins immunoprecipitated using anti-JAK2 (UBI) and separated by SDS/PAGE. Immunoprecipitates were then analysed by Western blot with anti-FLAG antibody (M2). (B) Cos cell lysates described in (A) were separated by SDS/PAGE and expression levels of the various proteins were determined by Western blot with anti-FLAG antibody (M2). (C) JAK2 tyrosine phosphorylation. Cos cell lysates described in (A) were separated by SDS/PAGE and 15 proteins analysed by Western blot with anti-phosphotyrosine antibody.

Figure 51 is a diagrammatic representation of p $\beta$ galpAloxneo.

Figure 52 is a diagrammatic representation of p $\beta$ galpAloxneoTK.

Figure 53 is a diagrammatic representation of SOCS1 knockout construct.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention provides a new family of modulators of signal transduction. As the initial members of this family suppressed cytokine signalling, the family is referred to as the "suppressors of cytokine signalling" family of "SOCS". The SOCS family is defined by the presence of a C-terminal domain referred to as a "SOCS box". Different classes of SOCS molecules are defined by a motif generally but not exclusively located N-terminal to the SOCS box and which is involved by protein:molecule interaction such as protein:DNA or protein:protein interaction. Particularly preferred motifs are selected from an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and ankyrin repeats.

WD-40 repeats were originally recognised in the  $\beta$ -subunit of G-proteins. WD-40 repeats appear to form a  $\beta$ -propeller-like structure and may be involved in protein-protein interactions. Ankyrin repeats were originally recognised in the cytoskeletal protein ankyrin.

Members of the SOCS family may be identified by any number of means. For example, SOCS1 to SOCS3 were identified by their ability to suppress cytokine-mediated signal transduction and, hence, were identified based on activity. SOCS4 to SOCS15 were identified as nucleotide sequences exhibiting similarity at the level of the SOCS box.

The SOCS box is a conserved motif located in the C-terminal region of the SOCS molecule. In accordance with the present invention, the amino acid sequence of the SOCS box is:

$$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X_i]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20} \\ X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X_j]_n X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$$

wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
 $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;  
 $X_3$  is P, T or S;  
 $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
 $X_5$  is any amino acid;



- 34 -

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

5

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

10

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

15

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

20

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

25

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F; and

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P.

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As stated above and in accordance with the present invention, SOCS proteins are divided into

08962560, 103197

- 35 -

separate classes based on the presence of a protein:molecule interacting region such as but not limited to an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and ankyrin repeats located N-terminal of the SOCS box. The latter three domains are protein:protein interacting domains.

- 5 Examples of SH2 containing SOCS proteins include SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3, SOCS5, SOCS9, SOCS11 and SOCS14. Examples of SOCS containing WD-40 repeats include SOCS4, SOCS6 and SOCS15. Examples of SOCS containing ankyrin repeats include SOCS7, SOCS10 and SOCS12.
- 10 The present invention provides *inter alia* nucleic acid molecules encoding SOCS proteins, purified naturally occurring SOCS proteins as well as recombinant forms of SOCS proteins and methods of modulating signal transduction by modulating activity of SOCS proteins or expression of SOCS genes. Preferably, signal transduction is mediated by a cytokine, examples of which include EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12,
- 15 IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF. Particularly preferred cytokines include IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$  and/or thrombopoietin.

Accordingly, one aspect of the present invention provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a

20 protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or comprises a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region and optionally a protein:molecule interacting domain N-terminal of the SOCS box.

- 25 Preferably, the protein:molecule interacting domain is a protein:DNA or protein:protein interacting domain. Most preferably, the protein:molecule interacting domain is one of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats.

As stated above, preferably the subject SOCS modulate cytokine-mediated signal transduction.

- 30 The present invention extends, however, to SOCS molecules modulating other effector-mediated signal transduction such as mediated by other endogenous or exogenous molecules, antigens,

08962550-103197

- 36 -

microbes and microbial products, viruses or components thereof, ions, hormones and parasites. Endogenous molecules in this context are molecules produced within the cell carrying the SOCS molecule. Exogenous molecules are produced by other cells or are introduced to the body.

- 5 Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule or SOCS protein is in isolated or purified form. The terms "isolated" and "purified" mean that a molecule has undergone at least one purification step away from other material.

Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule is in isolated form and is DNA such as cDNA or genomic  
10 DNA. The DNA may encode the same amino acid sequence as the naturally occurring SOCS or the SOCS may contain one or more amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or additions. The nucleotide sequence may correspond to the genomic coding sequence (including exons and introns) or to the nucleotide sequence in cDNA from mRNA transcribed from the genomic gene or it may carry one or more nucleotide substitutions, deletions and/or additions thereto.

15

In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a sequence of nucleotide encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a SOCS protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof wherein the amino acid sequence of said SOCS protein is selected from SEQ ID NO:4 (mSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:6 (mSOCS2), SEQ ID NO:8 (mSOCS3), SEQ ID  
20 NO:10 (hSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:12 (rSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:14 (mSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:18 (mSOCS5), SEQ ID NO:21 (mSOCS6), SEQ ID NO:25 (mSOCS27), SEQ ID NO:29 (mSOCS8), SEQ ID NO:36 (hSOCS11), SEQ ID NO:41 (mSOCS13), SEQ ID NO:44 (mSOCS14), SEQ ID NO:46 (mSOCS15) and SEQ ID NO:48 (mSOCS15) or encodes an amino acid sequence with a single or multiple amino acid substitution, deletion and/or addition to the  
25 listed sequences or is a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing to the nucleic acid molecule under low stringency conditions at 42°C.

In an even more preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a  
30 SOCS protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof wherein the nucleotide sequence is selected from a nucleotide sequence substantially set forth in SEQ ID NO:3

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(mSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:5 (mSOCS2), SEQ ID NO:7 (mSOCS3), SEQ ID NO:9 (hSOCS11),  
 SEQ ID NO:11 (rSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:13 (mSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:15 and SEQ ID NO:16  
 (hSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:17 (mSOCS5), SEQ ID NO:19 (hSOCS5), SEQ ID NO:20 (mSOCS6),  
 SEQ ID NO:22 and SEQ ID NO:23 (hSOCS6), SEQ ID NO:24 (mSOCS7), SEQ ID NO:26 and  
 5 SEQ ID NO:27 (hSOCS7), SEQ ID NO:28 (mSOCS8), SEQ ID NO:30 (mSOCS9), SEQ ID  
 NO:31 (hSOCS9), SEQ ID NO:32 (mSOCS10), SEQ ID NO:33 and SEQ ID NO:34  
 (hSOCS10), SEQ ID NO:35 (hSOCS11), SEQ ID NO:37 (mSOCS12), SEQ ID NO:38 and  
 SEQ ID NO:39 (hSOCS12), SEQ ID NO:40 (mSOCS13), SEQ ID NO:42 (hSOCS13), SEQ  
 ID NO:43 (mSOCS14), SEQ ID NO:45 (mSOCS15) and SEQ ID NO:47 (hSOCS15) or a  
 10 nucleotide sequence having at least about 15% similarity to all or a region of any of the listed  
 sequences or a nucleic acid molecule capable of hybridizing to any of the listed sequences under  
 low stringency conditions at 42°C.

Reference herein to a low stringency at 42°C includes and encompasses from at least about 1%  
 15 v/v to at least about 15% v/v formamide and from at least about 1M to at least about 2M salt for  
 hybridisation, and at least about 1M to at least about 2M salt for washing conditions. Alternative  
 stringency conditions may be applied where necessary, such as medium stringency, which  
 includes and encompasses from at least about 16% v/v to at least about 30% v/v formamide and  
 from at least about 0.5M to at least about 0.9M salt for hybridisation, and at least about 0.5M  
 20 to at least about 0.9M salt for washing conditions, or high stringency, which includes and  
 encompasses from at least about 31% v/v to at least about 50% v/v formamide and from at least  
 about 0.01M to at least about 0.15M salt for hybridisation, and at least about 0.01M to at least  
 about 0.15M salt for washing conditions.

25 In another embodiment, the present invention is directed to a SOCS protein or a derivative,  
 homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof wherein said SOCS protein is identified as follows:

human SOCS4 characterised by EST81149, EST180909, EST182619, ya99H09,  
 ye70co4, yh53c09, yh77g11, yh87h05, yi45h07, yj04e06, yq12h06, yq56a06, yq60e02,  
 30 yq92g03, yq97h06, yr90f01, yt69c03, yv30a08, yv55f07, yv57h09, yv87h02, yv98e11,  
 yw68d10, yw82a03, yx08a07, yx72h06, yx76b09, yy37h08, yy66b02, za81f08, zb18f07,

03952560 103119

- 38 -

zc06e08, zd14g06, zd51h12, zd52b09, ze25g11, ze69f02, zf54f03, zh96e07, zv66h12, zs83a08 and zs83g08;

mouse SOCS-4 characterised by mc65f04, mf42e06, mp10c10, mr81g09, and mt19h12;

5

human SOCS-5 characterised by EST15B103, EST15B105, EST27530 and zf50f01;

mouse SOCS-5 characterised by mc55a01, mh98f09, my26h12 and ve24e06;

10

human SOCS-6 characterised by yf61e08, yf93a09, yg05f12, yg41f04, yg45c02, yh11f10, yh13b05, zc35a12, ze02h08, zl09a03, zl69e10, zn39d08 and zo39e06;

15

mouse SOCS-6 characterised by mc04c05, md48a03, mf31d03, mh26b07, mh78e11, mh88h09, mh94h07, mi27h04 and mj29c05, mp66g04, mw75g03, va53b05, vb34h02, vc55d07, vc59e05, vc67d03, vc68d10, vc97h01, vc99c08, vd07h03, vd08c01, vd09b12, vd19b02, vd29a04 and vd46d06;

human SOCS-7 characterised by STS WI30171, EST00939, EST12913, yc29b05, yp49f10, zt10f03 and zx73g04;

20

mouse SOCS-7 characterised by mj39a01 and vi52h07;

mouse SOCS-8 characterised by mj6e09 and vj27a029;

25

human SOCS-9 characterised by CSRL-82f2-u, EST114054, yy06b07, yy06g06, zr40c09, zr72h01, yx92c08, yx93b08 and hfe0662;

mouse SOCS-9 characterised by me65d05;

30

human SOCS-10 characterised by aa48h10, zp35h01, zp97h12, zq08h01, zr34g05, EST73000 and HSDHEI005;

03962560-103197

- 39 -

mouse SOCS-10 characterised by mb14d12, mb40f06, mg89b11, mq89e12, mp03g12 and vh53c11;

human SOCS-11 characterised by zt24h06 and zr43b02;

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human SOCS-13 characterised by EST59161;

mouse SOCS-13 characterised by ma39a09, me60c05, mi78g05, mk10c11, mo48g12, mp94a01, vb57c07 and vh07c11; and

10

human SOCS-14 characterised by mi75e03, vd29h11 and vd53g07;  
or a derivative or homologue of the above ESTs characterised by a nucleic acid molecule being capable of hybridizing to any of the listed ESTs under low stringency conditions at 42°C.

15

In another embodiment, the nucleotide sequence encodes the following amino acid sequence:

$$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X_i]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20} \\ X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X_j]_n X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$$

20

wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
 $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;  
 $X_3$  is P, T or S;  
 $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;  
25  $X_5$  is any amino acid;  
 $X_6$  is any amino acid;  
 $X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;  
 $X_8$  is C, T or S;  
 $X_9$  is R, K or H;  
30  $X_{10}$  is any amino acid;  
 $X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

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- 40 -

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

5

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

10

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

15

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

20

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F; and

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P.

- 25 The above sequence comparisons are preferably to the whole molecule but may also be to part thereof. Preferably, the comparisons are made to a contiguous series of at least about 21 nucleotides or at least about 5 amino acids. More preferably, the comparisons are made against at least about 21 contiguous nucleotides or at least 7 contiguous amino acids. Comparisons may also only be made to the SOCS box region or a region encompassing the protein:molecule
- 30 interacting region such as the SH2 domain WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats.

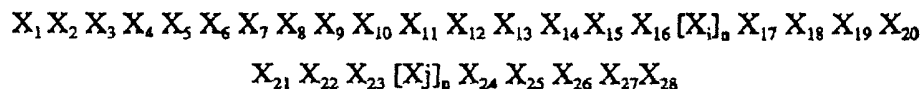
08965560-103197

Still another embodiment of the present invention contemplates an isolated polypeptide or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof comprising a SOCS box in its C-terminal region.

- 5 Preferably the polypeptide further comprises a protein:molecule interacting domain such as a protein:DNA or protein:protein interacting domain. Preferably, this domain is located N-terminal of the SOCS box. It is particularly preferred for the protein:molecule interacting domain to be at least one of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats.
- 10 Preferably, the signal transduction is mediated by a cytokine selected from EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12, IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF. Preferred cytokines are IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$  or thrombopoietin.

More preferably, the protein comprises a SOCS box having the amino acid sequence:

15



wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

20

$X_2$  is any amino acid residue;

$X_3$  is P, T or S;

$X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_5$  is any amino acid;

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

25

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

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$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

08962560-103197



- 42 -

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids  
and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino  
acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids  
and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino  
acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F; and

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P.

Still another embodiment provides an isolated polypeptide or a derivative, homologue, analogue  
or mimetic thereof comprising a sequence of amino acids substantially as set forth in SEQ ID  
NO:4 (mSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:6 (mSOCS2), SEQ ID NO:8 (mSOCS3), SEQ ID NO:10  
(hSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:12 (rSOCS1), SEQ ID NO:14 (mSOCS4), SEQ ID NO:18 (mSOCS5),  
SEQ ID NO:21 (mSOCS6), SEQ ID NO:25 (mSOCS7), SEQ ID NO:29 (mSOCS8), SEQ ID  
NO:36 (hSOCS11), SEQ ID NO:41 (mSOCS13), SEQ ID NO:44 (mSOCS14), SEQ ID NO:46  
(mSOCS15) and SEQ ID NO:48 (hSOCS15) or an amino acid sequence having at least 15%  
similarity to all or a part of the listed sequences.

03962560 103197

Preferred nucleotide percentage similarities include at least about 20%, at least about 40%, at least about 50%, at least about 60%, at least about 70%, at least about 80%, at least about 90% or above such as 93%, 95%, 98% or 99%.

- 5 Preferred amino acid similarities include at least about 20%, at least about 30%, at least about 40%, at least about 50%, at least about 60%, at least about 70%, at least about 80%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 97% or 98% or above.

As stated above, similarity may be measured against an entire molecule or a region comprising  
 10 at least 21 nucleotides or at least 7 amino acids. Preferably, similarity is measured in a conserved region such as SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats, ankyrin repeats or other protein:molecule interacting domains or a SOCS box.

The term "similarity" includes exact identity between sequences or, where the sequence differs,  
 15 different amino acids are related to each other at the structural, functional, biochemical and/or conformational levels.

The nucleic acid molecule may be isolated from any animal such as humans, primates, livestock animals (e.g. horses, cows, sheep, donkeys, pigs), laboratory test animals (e.g. mice, rats, rabbits,  
 20 hamsters, guinea pigs), companion animals (e.g. dogs, cats) or captive wild animals (e.g. deer, foxes, kangaroos).

The terms "derivatives" or its singular form "derivative" whether in relation to a nucleic acid molecule or a protein includes parts, mutants, fragments and analogues as well as hybrid or  
 25 fusion molecules and glycosylation variants. Particularly useful derivatives comprise single or multiple amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or additions to the SOCS amino acid sequence.

Preferably, the derivatives have functional activity or alternatively act as antagonists or agonists. The present invention further extends to homologues of SOCS which include the functionally or  
 30 structurally related molecule from different animal species. The present invention also encompasses analogues and mimetics. Mimetics include a class of molecule generally but not

03962560-10319

necessarily having a non-amino acid structure and which functionally are capable of acting in an analogous manner to the protein for which it is a mimic, in this case, a SOCS. Mimetics may comprise a carbohydrate, aromatic ring, lipid or other complex chemical structure or may also be proteinaceous in composition. Mimetics as well as agonists and antagonists contemplated  
5 herein are conveniently located through systematic searching of environments, such as coral, marine and freshwater river beds, flora and microorganisms. This is sometimes referred to as natural product screening. Alternatively, libraries of synthetic chemical compounds may be screened for potentially useful molecules.

10 As stated above, the present invention contemplates agonists and antagonists of the SOCS. One example of an antagonist is an antisense oligonucleotide sequence. Useful oligonucleotides are those which have a nucleotide sequence complementary to at least a portion of the protein-coding or "sense" sequence of the nucleotide sequence. These anti-sense nucleotides can be used to effect the specific inhibition of gene expression. The antisense approach can cause  
15 inhibition of gene expression apparently by forming an anti-parallel duplex by complementary base pairing between the antisense construct and the targeted mRNA, presumably resulting in hybridisation arrest of translation. Ribozymes and co-suppression molecules may also be used. Antisense and other nucleic acid molecules may first need to be chemically modified to permit penetration of cell membranes and/or to increase their serum half life or otherwise make them  
20 more stable for *in vivo* administration. Antibodies may also act as either antagonists or agonists although are more useful in diagnostic applications or in the purification of SOCS proteins. Antagonists and agonists may also be identified following natural product screening or screening of libraries of chemical compounds or may be derivatives or analogues of the SOCS molecules.

25

Accordingly, the present invention extends to analogues of the SOCS proteins of the present invention. Analogues may be used, for example, in the treatment or prophylaxis of cytokine mediated dysfunction such as autoimmunity, immune suppression or hyperactive immunity or other condition including but not limited to dysfunctions in the haemopoietic, endocrine, hepatic  
30 and neural systems. Dysfunctions mediated by other signal transducing elements such as hormones or endogenous or exogenous molecules, antigens, microbes and microbial products,

viruses or components thereof, ions, hormones and parasites are also contemplated by the present invention.

Analogues of the proteins contemplated herein include, but are not limited to, modification to  
 5 side chains, incorporating of unnatural amino acids and/or their derivatives during peptide, polypeptide or protein synthesis and the use of crosslinkers and other methods which impose conformational constraints on the proteinaceous molecule or their analogues.

Examples of side chain modifications contemplated by the present invention include  
 10 modifications of amino groups such as by reductive alkylation by reaction with an aldehyde followed by reduction with  $\text{NaBH}_4$ ; amidination with methylacetimidate; acylation with acetic anhydride; carbamoylation of amino groups with cyanate; trinitrobenzylation of amino groups with 2, 4, 6-trinitrobenzene sulphonic acid (TNBS); acylation of amino groups with succinic anhydride and tetrahydrophthalic anhydride; and pyridoxylation of lysine with pyridoxal-5-  
 15 phosphate followed by reduction with  $\text{NaBH}_4$ .

The guanidine group of arginine residues may be modified by the formation of heterocyclic condensation products with reagents such as 2,3-butanedione, phenylglyoxal and glyoxal.

20 The carboxyl group may be modified by carbodiimide activation *via* O-acylisourea formation followed by subsequent derivitisation, for example, to a corresponding amide.

Sulphydryl groups may be modified by methods such as carboxymethylation with iodoacetic acid or iodoacetamide; performic acid oxidation to cysteic acid; formation of a mixed disulphides  
 25 with other thiol compounds; reaction with maleimide, maleic anhydride or other substituted maleimide; formation of mercurial derivatives using 4-chloromercuribenzoate, 4-chloromercuriphenylsulphonic acid, phenylmercury chloride, 2-chloromercuri-4-nitrophenol and other mercurials; carbamoylation with cyanate at alkaline pH.

30 Tryptophan residues may be modified by, for example, oxidation with N-bromosuccinimide or alkylation of the indole ring with 2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzyl bromide or sulphenyl halides.

00962560-103197

- 46 -

Tyrosine residues on the other hand, may be altered by nitration with tetranitromethane to form a 3-nitrotyrosine derivative.

Modification of the imidazole ring of a histidine residue may be accomplished by alkylation with  
5 iodoacetic acid derivatives or *N*-carbethoxylation with diethylpyrocarbonate.

Examples of incorporating unnatural amino acids and derivatives during peptide synthesis include, but are not limited to, use of norleucine, 4-amino butyric acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanoic acid, 6-aminohexanoic acid, t-butylglycine, norvaline, phenylglycine, ornithine,  
10 sarcosine, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid, 2-thienyl alanine and/or D-isomers of amino acids. A list of unnatural amino acid, contemplated herein is shown in Table 3.

00962550-10319

TABLE 3

| Non-conventional<br>amino acid            | Code | Non-conventional<br>amino acid | Code  |
|---|------|--------------------------------|-------|
| 5   |      |                                |       |
| $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid               | Abu  | L-N-methylalanine              | Nmala |
| $\alpha$ -amino- $\alpha$ -methylbutyrate | Mgab | L-N-methylarginine             | Nmarg |
| aminocyclopropane-                        | Cpro | L-N-methylasparagine           | Nmasn |
| 10 carboxylate                            |      | L-N-methylaspartic acid        | Nmasp |
| aminoisobutyric acid                      | Aib  | L-N-methylcysteine             | Nmcys |
| aminonorbornyl-                           | Norb | L-N-methylglutamine            | Nmgln |
| carboxylate                               |      | L-N-methylglutamic acid        | Nmglu |
| cyclohexylalanine                         |      | Chexa L-N-methylhistidine      | Nmhis |
| 15 cyclopentylalanine                     | Cpen | L-N-methylisoleucine           | Nmile |
| D-alanine                                 | Dal  | L-N-methylleucine              | Nmleu |
| D-arginine                                | Darg | L-N-methyllysine               | Nmlys |
| D-aspartic acid                           | Dasp | L-N-methylmethionine           | Nmmet |
| D-cysteine                                | Dcys | L-N-methylnorleucine           | Nmnle |
| 20 D-glutamine                            | Dgln | L-N-methylnorvaline            | Nmnva |
| D-glutamic acid                           | Dglu | L-N-methylornithine            | Nmorn |
| D-histidine                               | Dhis | L-N-methylphenylalanine        | Nmphe |
| D-isoleucine                              | Dile | L-N-methylproline              | Nmpro |
| D-leucine                                 | Dleu | L-N-methylserine               | Nmser |
| 25 D-lysine                               | Dlys | L-N-methylthreonine            | Nmthr |
| D-methionine                              | Dmet | L-N-methyltryptophan           | Nmtrp |
| D-ornithine                               | Dorn | L-N-methyltyrosine             | Nmtyr |
| D-phenylalanine                           | Dphe | L-N-methylvaline               | Nmval |
| D-proline                                 | Dpro | L-N-methylethylglycine         | Nmetg |
| 30 D-serine                               | Dser | L-N-methyl-t-butylglycine      | Nmtbg |
| D-threonine                               | Dthr | L-norleucine                   | Nle   |

03962560-10349

|                                  |        |   |        |
|----------------------------------|--------|---|--------|
| D-tryptophan                     | Dtrp   | L-norvaline                                 | Nva    |
| D-tyrosine                       | Dtyr   | $\alpha$ -methyl-aminoisobutyrate           | Maib   |
| D-valine                         | Dval   | $\alpha$ -methyl- $\gamma$ -aminobutyrate   | Mgab   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylalanine       | Dmala  | $\alpha$ -methylcyclohexylalanine           | Mchexa |
| 5 D- $\alpha$ -methylarginine    | Dmarg  | $\alpha$ -methylcyclopentylalanine          | Mcpen  |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylasparagine    | Dmasn  | $\alpha$ -methyl- $\alpha$ -naphthylalanine | Manap  |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylaspartate     | Dmasp  | $\alpha$ -methylpenicillamine               | Mpen   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylcysteine      | Dmcys  | N-(4-aminobutyl)glycine                     | Nglu   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylglutamine     | Dmgln  | N-(2-aminoethyl)glycine                     | Naeg   |
| 10 D- $\alpha$ -methylhistidine  | Dmhis  | N-(3-aminopropyl)glycine                    | Nom    |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylisoleucine    | Dmile  | N-amino- $\alpha$ -methylbutyrate           | Nmaabu |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylleucine       | Dmleu  | $\alpha$ -naphthylalanine                   | Anap   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methyllysine        | Dmlys  | N-benzylglycine                             | Nphe   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylmethionine    | Dmmet  | N-(2-carbamylethyl)glycine                  | Ngln   |
| 15 D- $\alpha$ -methylornithine  | Dmorn  | N-(carbamylmethyl)glycine                   | Nasn   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylphenylalanine | Dmphe  | N-(2-carboxyethyl)glycine                   | Nglu   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylproline       | Dmpro  | N-(carboxymethyl)glycine                    | Nasp   |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylserine        | Dmser  | N-cyclobutylglycine                         | Ncbut  |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylthreonine     | Dmthr  | N-cycloheptyl)glycine                       | Nchep  |
| 20 D- $\alpha$ -methyltryptophan | Dmtrp  | N-cyclohexylglycine                         | Nchex  |
| D- $\alpha$ -methyltyrosine      | Dmtty  | N-cyclodecylglycine                         | Ncdec  |
| D- $\alpha$ -methylvaline        | Dmval  | N-cylcododecylglycine                       | Ncdod  |
| D-N-methylalanine                | Dnmala | N-cyclooctylglycine                         | Ncoct  |
| D-N-methylarginine               | Dnmarg | N-cyclopropylglycine                        | Ncpro  |
| 25 D-N-methylasparagine          | Dnmasn | N-cycloundecylglycine                       | Ncund  |
| D-N-methylaspartate              | Dnmasp | N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)glycine                | Nbhm   |
| D-N-methylcysteine               | Dnmcys | N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)glycine               | Nbhe   |
| D-N-methylglutamine              | Dnmgln | N-(3-guanidinopropyl)glycine                | Narg   |
| D-N-methylglutamate              | Dnmglu | N-(1-hydroxyethyl)glycine                   | Nthr   |
| 30 D-N-methylhistidine           | Dnmhis | N-(hydroxyethyl)glycine                     | Nser   |
| D-N-methylisoleucine             | Dnmile | N-(imidazolylethyl)glycine                  | Nhis   |

03062560, 103197

|    |                                  |         |   |        |
|----|----------------------------------|---------|---|--------|
|    | D-N-methylleucine                | Dnmleu  | N-(3-indolylyethyl)glycine                  | Nhtrp  |
|    | D-N-methyllysine                 | Dnmlys  | N-methyl- $\gamma$ -aminobutyrate           | Nmgabu |
|    | N-methylcyclohexylalanine        | Nmchexa | D-N-methylmethionine                        | Dnmmet |
|    | D-N-methylornithine              | Dnmorn  | N-methylcyclopentylalanine                  | Nmcpen |
| 5  | N-methylglycine                  | Nala    | D-N-methylphenylalanine                     | Dnmphe |
|    | N-methylaminoisobutyrate         | Nmaib   | D-N-methylproline                           | Dnmpro |
|    | N-(1-methylpropyl)glycine        | Nile    | D-N-methylserine                            | Dnmser |
|    | N-(2-methylpropyl)glycine        | Nleu    | D-N-methylthreonine                         | Dnmthr |
|    | D-N-methyltryptophan             | Dnmtrp  | N-(1-methylethyl)glycine                    | Nval   |
| 10 | D-N-methyltyrosine               | Dnmtyr  | N-methyl- $\alpha$ -naphthylalanine         | Nmanap |
|    | D-N-methylvaline                 | Dnmval  | N-methylpenicillamine                       | Nmpen  |
|    | $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid      | Gabu    | N-( <i>p</i> -hydroxyphenyl)glycine         | Nhtyr  |
|    | L- <i>t</i> -butylglycine        | Tbug    | N-(thiomethyl)glycine                       | Ncys   |
|    | L-ethylglycine                   | Etg     | penicillamine                               | Pen    |
| 15 | L-homophenylalanine              | Hphe    | L- $\alpha$ -methylalanine                  | Mala   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylarginine      | Marg    | L- $\alpha$ -methylasparagine               | Masn   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylaspartate     | Masp    | L- $\alpha$ -methyl- <i>t</i> -butylglycine | Mtbug  |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylcysteine      | Mcys    | L-methylethylglycine                        | Metg   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylglutamine     | Mgln    | L- $\alpha$ -methylglutamate                | Mglu   |
| 20 | L- $\alpha$ -methylhistidine     | Mhis    | L- $\alpha$ -methylhomophenylalanine        | Mhphe  |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylisoleucine    | Mile    | N-(2-methylthioethyl)glycine                | Nmet   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylleucine       | Mleu    | L- $\alpha$ -methyllysine                   | Mlys   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylmethionine    | Mmet    | L- $\alpha$ -methylnorleucine               | Mnle   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylnorvaline     | Mnva    | L- $\alpha$ -methylornithine                | Morn   |
| 25 | L- $\alpha$ -methylphenylalanine | Mphe    | L- $\alpha$ -methylproline                  | Mpro   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylserine        | Mser    | L- $\alpha$ -methylthreonine                | Mthr   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methyltryptophan    | Mtrp    | L- $\alpha$ -methyltyrosine                 | Mtyr   |
|    | L- $\alpha$ -methylvaline        | Mval    | L-N-methylhomophenylalanine                 | Nmhph  |

03962560 - 103197



|                            |       |                           |       |
|----------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|
| N-(N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)   | Nnbhm | N-(N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl) | Nnbhe |
| carbamylmethyl)glycine     |       | carbamylmethyl)glycine    |       |
| 1-carboxy-1-(2,2-diphenyl- | Nmbc  |                           |       |
| ethylamino)cyclopropane    |       |                           |       |

5

Crosslinkers can be used, for example, to stabilise 3D conformations, using homo-bifunctional crosslinkers such as the bifunctional imido esters having  $(CH_2)_n$  spacer groups with  $n=1$  to  $n=6$ , glutaraldehyde, N-hydroxysuccinimide esters and hetero-bifunctional reagents which usually contain an amino-reactive moiety such as N-hydroxysuccinimide and another group specific-reactive moiety such as maleimido or dithio moiety (SH) or carbodiimide (COOH). In addition, peptides can be conformationally constrained by, for example, incorporation of  $C_\alpha$  and  $N_\epsilon$ -methylamino acids, introduction of double bonds between  $C_\alpha$  and  $C_\beta$  atoms of amino acids and the formation of cyclic peptides or analogues by introducing covalent bonds such as forming an amide bond between the N and C termini, between two side chains or between a side chain and the N or C terminus.

These types of modifications may be important to stabilise the cytokines if administered to an individual or for use as a diagnostic reagent.

20

Other derivatives contemplated by the present invention include a range of glycosylation variants from a completely unglycosylated molecule to a modified glycosylated molecule. Altered glycosylation patterns may result from expression of recombinant molecules in different host cells.

25 Another embodiment of the present invention contemplates a method for modulating expression of a SOCS protein in a mammal, said method comprising contacting a gene encoding a SOCS or a factor/element involved in controlling expression of the SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS expression for a time and under conditions sufficient to up-regulate or down-regulate or otherwise modulate expression of SOCS. An example of a modulator is a cytokine such as IL-6 or other transcription regulators of SOCS expression.

30

- 51 -

Expression includes transcription or translation or both.

Another aspect of the present invention contemplates a method of modulating activity of SOCS in a human, said method comprising administering to said mammal a modulating effective amount  
5 of a molecule for a time and under conditions sufficient to increase or decrease SOCS activity. The molecule may be a proteinaceous molecule or a chemical entity and may also be a derivative of SOCS or a chemical analogue or truncation mutant of SOCS.

A further aspect of the present invention provides a method of inducing synthesis of a SOCS or  
10 transcription/translation of a SOCS comprising contacting a cell containing a SOCS gene with an effective amount of a cytokine capable of inducing said SOCS for a time and under conditions sufficient for said SOCS to be produced. For example, SOCS1 may be induced by IL-6.

Still a further aspect of the present invention contemplates a method of modulating levels of a  
15 SOCS protein in a cell said method comprising contacting a cell containing a SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time and under conditions sufficient to modulate levels of said SOCS protein.

Yet a further aspect of the present invention contemplates a method of modulating signal  
20 transduction in a cell containing a SOCS gene comprising contacting said cell with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time sufficient to modulate signal transduction.

Even yet a further aspect of the present invention contemplates a method of influencing interaction  
25 between cells wherein at least one cell carries a SOCS gene, said method comprising contacting the cell carrying the SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time sufficient to modulate signal transduction.

As stated above, of the present invention contemplates a range of mimetics or small molecules  
30 capable of acting as agonists or antagonists of the SOCS. Such molecules may be obtained from natural product screening such as from coral, soil, plants or the ocean or antarctic environments.

009625560-103197

- 52 -

Alternatively, peptide, polypeptide or protein libraries or chemical libraries may be readily screened. For example, M1 cells expressing a SOCS do not undergo differentiation in the presence of IL-6. This system can be used to screen molecules which permit differentiation in the presence of IL-6 and a SOCS. A range of test cells may be prepared to screen for antagonists and agonists for a range of cytokines. Such molecules are preferably small molecules and may be of amino acid origin or of chemical origin. SOCS molecules interacting with signalling proteins (eg. JAKS) provide molecular screens to detect molecules which interfere or promote this interaction. Once such screening protocol involves natural product screening.

10 Accordingly, the present invention contemplates a pharmaceutical composition comprising SOCS or a derivative thereof or a modulator of SOCS expression or SOCS activity and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and/or diluents. These components are referred to as the "active ingredients". These and other aspects of the present invention apply to any SOCS molecules such as but not limited to SOCS1 to SOCS15.

15

The pharmaceutical forms containing active ingredients suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions (where water soluble) sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions. It must be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms such as bacteria and fungi.

20 The carrier can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (for example, glycerol, propylene glycol and liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like), suitable mixtures thereof, and vegetable oils. The proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersion and by the use of surfactants. The preventions of the action of microorganisms can be brought about by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, thimerosal and the like. In many cases, it will be preferable to include isotonic agents, for example, sugars or sodium chloride. Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by the use in the compositions of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

30

Sterile injectable solutions are prepared by incorporating the active compounds in the required

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amount in the appropriate solvent with various of the other ingredients enumerated above, as required, followed by filtered sterilization. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, the preferred methods of preparation are vacuum drying and the freeze-drying technique which yield a powder of the active ingredient plus any additional desired  
5 ingredient from previously sterile-filtered solution thereof.

When the active ingredients are suitably protected they may be orally administered, for example, with an inert diluent or with an assimilable edible carrier, or it may be enclosed in hard or soft shell gelatin capsule, or it may be compressed into tablets. For oral therapeutic administration, the  
10 active compound may be incorporated with excipients and used in the form of ingestible tablets, buccal tablets, troches, capsules, elixirs, suspensions, syrups, wafers and the like. Such compositions and preparations should contain at least 1% by weight of active compound. The percentage of the compositions and preparations may, of course, be varied and may conveniently be between about 5 to about 80% of the weight of the unit. The amount of active compound in  
15 such therapeutically useful compositions in such that a suitable dosage will be obtained. Preferred compositions or preparations according to the present invention are prepared so that an oral dosage unit form contains between about 0.1  $\mu$ g and 2000 mg of active compound.

The tablets, troches, pills, capsules and the like may also contain the components as listed  
20 hereafter. A binder such as gum, acacia, corn starch or gelatin; excipients such as dicalcium phosphate; a disintegrating agent such as corn starch, potato starch, alginic acid and the like; a lubricant such as magnesium stearate; and a sweetening agent such a sucrose, lactose or saccharin may be added or a flavouring agent such as peppermint, oil of wintergreen or cherry flavouring. When the dosage unit form is a capsule, it may contain, in addition to materials of the above type,  
25 a liquid carrier. Various other materials may be present as coatings or to otherwise modify the physical form of the dosage unit. For instance, tablets, pills, or capsules may be coated with shellac, sugar or both. A syrup or elixir may contain the active compound, sucrose as a sweetening agent, methyl and propylparabens as preservatives, a dye and flavouring such as cherry or orange flavour. Of course, any material used in preparing any dosage unit form should be  
30 pharmaceutically pure and substantially non-toxic in the amounts employed. In addition, the active compound(s) may be incorporated into sustained-release preparations and formulations.

- 54 -

The present invention also extends to forms suitable for topical application such as creams, lotions and gels.

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and/or diluents include any and all solvents, dispersion media, coatings, antibacterial and antifungal agents, isotonic and absorption delaying agents and the like. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutical active substances is well known in the art. Except insofar as any conventional media or agent is incompatible with the active ingredient, use thereof in the therapeutic compositions is contemplated. Supplementary active ingredients can also be incorporated into the compositions.

10

It is especially advantageous to formulate parenteral compositions in dosage unit form for ease of administration and uniformity of dosage. Dosage unit form as used herein refers to physically discrete units suited as unitary dosages for the mammalian subjects to be treated; each unit containing a predetermined quantity of active material calculated to produce the desired therapeutic effect in association with the required pharmaceutical carrier. The specification for the novel dosage unit forms of the invention are dictated by and directly dependent on (a) the unique characteristics of the active material and the particular therapeutic effect to be achieved, and (b) the limitations inherent in the art of compounding such an active material for the treatment of disease in living subjects having a diseased condition in which bodily health is impaired as herein disclosed in detail.

20

The principal active ingredient is compounded for convenient and effective administration in effective amounts with a suitable pharmaceutically acceptable carrier in dosage unit form as hereinbefore disclosed. A unit dosage form can, for example, contain the principal active compound in amounts ranging from 0.5  $\mu$ g to about 2000 mg. Expressed in proportions, the active compound is generally present in from about 0.5  $\mu$ g to about 2000 mg/ml of carrier. In the case of compositions containing supplementary active ingredients, the dosages are determined by reference to the usual dose and manner of administration of the said ingredients. The effective amount may also be conveniently expressed in terms of an amount per kg of body weight. For example, from about 0.01 ng to about 10,000 mg/kg body weight may be administered.

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00962550-103197

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- 55 -

The pharmaceutical composition may also comprise genetic molecules such as a vector capable of transfecting target cells where the vector carries a nucleic acid molecule capable of modulating SOCS expression or SOCS activity. The vector may, for example, be a viral vector. In this regard, a range of gene therapies are contemplated by the present invention including isolating  
5 certain cells, genetically manipulating and returning the cell to the same subject or to a genetically related or similar subject.

Still another aspect of the present invention is directed to antibodies to SOCS and its derivatives. Such antibodies may be monoclonal or polyclonal and may be selected from naturally occurring  
10 antibodies to SOCS or may be specifically raised to SOCS or derivatives thereof. In the case of the latter, SOCS or its derivatives may first need to be associated with a carrier molecule. The antibodies and/or recombinant SOCS or its derivatives of the present invention are particularly useful as therapeutic or diagnostic agents.

15 For example, SOCS and its derivatives can be used to screen for naturally occurring antibodies to SOCS. These may occur, for example in some autoimmune diseases. Alternatively, specific antibodies can be used to screen for SOCS. Techniques for such assays are well known in the art and include, for example, sandwich assays and ELISA. Knowledge of SOCS levels may be important for diagnosis of certain cancers or a predisposition to cancers or monitoring cytokine  
20 mediated cellular responsiveness or for monitoring certain therapeutic protocols.

Antibodies to SOCS of the present invention may be monoclonal or polyclonal. Alternatively, fragments of antibodies may be used such as Fab fragments. Furthermore, the present invention extends to recombinant and synthetic antibodies and to antibody hybrids. A "synthetic antibody"  
25 is considered herein to include fragments and hybrids of antibodies. The antibodies of this aspect of the present invention are particularly useful for immunotherapy and may also be used as a diagnostic tool for assessing apoptosis or monitoring the program of a therapeutic regimen.

For example, specific antibodies can be used to screen for SOCS proteins. The latter would be  
30 important, for example, as a means for screening for levels of SOCS in a cell extract or other biological fluid or purifying SOCS made by recombinant means from culture supernatant fluid.

00962550-103197

Techniques for the assays contemplated herein are known in the art and include, for example, sandwich assays and ELISA.

It is within the scope of this invention to include any second antibodies (monoclonal, polyclonal or fragments of antibodies or synthetic antibodies) directed to the first mentioned antibodies discussed above. Both the first and second antibodies may be used in detection assays or a first antibody may be used with a commercially available anti-immunoglobulin antibody. An antibody as contemplated herein includes any antibody specific to any region of SOCS.

- 10 Both polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies are obtainable by immunization with the enzyme or protein and either type is utilizable for immunoassays. The methods of obtaining both types of sera are well known in the art. Polyclonal sera are less preferred but are relatively easily prepared by injection of a suitable laboratory animal with an effective amount of SOCS, or antigenic parts thereof, collecting serum from the animal, and isolating specific sera by any of the known  
15 immunoabsorbent techniques. Although antibodies produced by this method are utilizable in virtually any type of immunoassay, they are generally less favoured because of the potential heterogeneity of the product.

The use of monoclonal antibodies in an immunoassay is particularly preferred because of the ability  
20 to produce them in large quantities and the homogeneity of the product. The preparation of hybridoma cell lines for monoclonal antibody production derived by fusing an immortal cell line and lymphocytes sensitized against the immunogenic preparation can be done by techniques which are well known to those who are skilled in the art.

- 25 Another aspect of the present invention contemplates a method for detecting SOCS in a biological sample from a subject said method comprising contacting said biological sample with an antibody specific for SOCS or its derivatives or homologues for a time and under conditions sufficient for an antibody-SOCS complex to form and then detecting said complex.

- 30 The presence of SOCS may be accomplished in a number of ways such as by Western blotting and ELISA procedures. A wide range of immunoassay techniques are available as can be seen by

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25

In the typical forward sandwich assay, a first antibody having specificity for the SOCS or antigenic parts thereof, is either covalently or passively bound to a solid surface. The solid surface is typically glass or a polymer, the most commonly used polymers being cellulose, polyacrylamide, nylon, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride or polypropylene. The solid supports may be in the form of tubes, beads, discs of microplates, or any other surface suitable for conducting an immunoassay. The binding processes are well-known in the art and generally consist of cross-linking covalently



- 58 -

binding or physically adsorbing, the polymer-antibody complex is washed in preparation for the test sample. An aliquot of the sample to be tested is then added to the solid phase complex and incubated for a period of time sufficient (e.g. 2-40 minutes or overnight if more convenient) and under suitable conditions (e.g. room temperature to 37°C) to allow binding of any subunit present in the antibody. Following the incubation period, the antibody subunit solid phase is washed and dried and incubated with a second antibody specific for a portion of the hapten. The second antibody is linked to a reporter molecule which is used to indicate the binding of the second antibody to the hapten.

- 10 An alternative method involves immobilizing the target molecules in the biological sample and then exposing the immobilized target to specific antibody which may or may not be labelled with a reporter molecule. Depending on the amount of target and the strength of the reporter molecule signal, a bound target may be detectable by direct labelling with the antibody. Alternatively, a second labelled antibody, specific to the first antibody is exposed to the target-first antibody complex to form a target-first antibody-second antibody tertiary complex. The complex is detected by the signal emitted by the reporter molecule.

By "reporter molecule" as used in the present specification, is meant a molecule which, by its chemical nature, provides an analytically identifiable signal which allows the detection of antigen-bound antibody. Detection may be either qualitative or quantitative. The most commonly used reporter molecules in this type of assay are either enzymes, fluorophores or radionuclide containing molecules (i.e. radioisotopes) and chemiluminescent molecules.

In the case of an enzyme immunoassay, an enzyme is conjugated to the second antibody, generally by means of glutaraldehyde or periodate. As will be readily recognized, however, a wide variety of different conjugation techniques exist, which are readily available to the skilled artisan. Commonly used enzymes include horseradish peroxidase, glucose oxidase, beta-galactosidase and alkaline phosphatase, amongst others. The substrates to be used with the specific enzymes are generally chosen for the production, upon hydrolysis by the corresponding enzyme, of a detectable colour change. Examples of suitable enzymes include alkaline phosphatase and peroxidase. It is also possible to employ fluorogenic substrates, which yield a fluorescent product rather than the

0995560-103149

- chromogenic substrates noted above. In all cases, the enzyme-labelled antibody is added to the first antibody hapten complex, allowed to bind, and then the excess reagent is washed away. A solution containing the appropriate substrate is then added to the complex of antibody-antigen-antibody. The substrate will react with the enzyme linked to the second antibody, giving a
- 5 qualitative visual signal, which may be further quantitated, usually spectrophotometrically, to give an indication of the amount of hapten which was present in the sample. "Reporter molecule" also extends to use of cell agglutination or inhibition of agglutination such as red blood cells on latex beads, and the like.
- 10 Alternately, fluorescent compounds, such as fluorescein and rhodamine, may be chemically coupled to antibodies without altering their binding capacity. When activated by illumination with light of a particular wavelength, the fluorochrome-labelled antibody adsorbs the light energy, inducing a state to excitability in the molecule, followed by emission of the light at a characteristic colour visually detectable with a light microscope. As in the EIA, the fluorescent labelled antibody is
- 15 allowed to bind to the first antibody-hapten complex. After washing off the unbound reagent, the remaining tertiary complex is then exposed to the light of the appropriate wavelength the fluorescence observed indicates the presence of the hapten of interest. Immunofluorescence and EIA techniques are both very well established in the art and are particularly preferred for the present method. However, other reporter molecules, such as radioisotope, chemiluminescent or
- 20 bioluminescent molecules, may also be employed.

The present invention also contemplates genetic assays such as involving PCR analysis to detect SOCS gene or its derivatives. Alternative methods or methods used in conjunction include direct nucleotide sequencing or mutation scanning such as single stranded conformation polymorphisms

25 analysis (SSCP) as specific oligonucleotide hybridisation, as methods such as direct protein truncation tests.

Since cytokines are involved in transcription of some SOCS molecules, the detection of SOCS provides surrogate markers for cytokines or cytokine activity. This may be useful in assessing

30 subjects with a range of conditions such as those with autoimmune diseases, for example, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes and stiff man syndrome amongst others.

The nucleic acid molecules of the present invention may be DNA or RNA. When the nucleic acid molecule is in DNA form, it may be genomic DNA or cDNA. RNA forms of the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are generally mRNA.

5

Although the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are generally in isolated form, they may be integrated into or ligated to or otherwise fused or associated with other genetic molecules such as vector molecules and in particular expression vector molecules. Vectors and expression vectors are generally capable of replication and, if applicable, expression in one or both of a  
10 prokaryotic cell or a eukaryotic cell. Preferably, prokaryotic cells include *E. coli*, *Bacillus sp* and *Pseudomonas sp*. Preferred eukaryotic cells include yeast, fungal, mammalian and insect cells.

Accordingly, another aspect of the present invention contemplates a genetic construct comprising a vector portion and a mammalian and more particularly a human SOCS gene portion, which  
15 SOCS gene portion is capable of encoding a SOCS polypeptide or a functional or immunologically interactive derivative thereof.

Preferably, the SOCS gene portion of the genetic construct is operably linked to a promoter on the vector such that said promoter is capable of directing expression of said SOCS gene portion in an  
20 appropriate cell.

In addition, the SOCS gene portion of the genetic construct may comprise all or part of the gene fused to another genetic sequence such as a nucleotide sequence encoding glutathione-S-transferase or part thereof.

25

The present invention extends to such genetic constructs and to prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells comprising same.

The present invention also extends to any or all derivatives of SOCS including mutants, part,  
30 fragments, portions, homologues and analogues or their encoding genetic sequence including single or multiple nucleotide or amino acid substitutions, additions and/or deletions to the naturally

08962560-103197

occurring nucleotide or amino acid sequence. The present invention also extends to mimetics and agonists and antagonists of SOCS.

The SOCS and its genetic sequence of the present invention will be useful in the generation of a range of therapeutic and diagnostic reagents and will be especially useful in the detection of a cytokine involved in a particular cellular response or a receptor for that cytokine. For example, cells expressing SOCS gene such as M1 cells expressing the SOCS1 gene, will no longer be responsive to a particular cytokine such as, in the case of SOCS1, IL-6. Clearly, the present invention further contemplates cells such as M1 cells expressing any SOCS gene such as from SOCS1 to SOCS15. Furthermore, the present invention provides the use of molecules that regulate or potentiate the ability of therapeutic cytokines. For example, molecules which block some SOCS activity, may act to potential therapeutic cytokine activity (eg. G-CSF).

Soluble SOCS polypeptides are also contemplated to be particularly useful in the treatment of disease, injury or abnormality involving cytokine mediated cellular responsiveness such as hyperimmunity, immunosuppression, allergies, hypertension and the like.

A further aspect of the present invention contemplates the use of SOCS or its functional derivatives in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of conditions involving cytokine mediated cellular responsiveness.

The present invention further contemplates transgenic mammalian cells expressing a SOCS gene. Such cells are useful indicator cell lines for assaying for suppression of cytokine function. One example is M1 cells expressing a SOCS gene. Such cell lines may be useful for screening for cytokines or screening molecules such as naturally occurring molecules from plants, coral, microorganisms or bio-organically active soil or water capable of acting as cytokine antagonists or agonists.

The present invention further contemplates hybrids between different SOCS from the same or different animal species. For example, a hybrid may be formed between all or a functional part of mouse SOCS1 and human SOCS1. Alternatively, the hybrid may be between all or part of mouse

0952550-10319

- 62 -

SOCS1 and mouse SOCS2. All such hybrids are contemplated herein and are particularly useful in developing pleiotropic molecules.

The present invention further contemplates a range of genetic based diagnostic assays screening  
 5 for individuals with defective SOCS genes. Such mutations may result in cell types not being responsive to a particular cytokine or resulting in over responsiveness leading to a range of conditions. The SOCS genetic sequence can be readily verified using a range of PCR or other techniques to determine whether a mutation is resident in the gene. Appropriate gene therapy or other interventionist therapy may then be adopted.

10

The present invention is further described by the following non-limiting Examples.

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Examples 1-16 relate to SOCS1, SOCS2 and SOCS3 which were identified on the basis of activity. Examples 17-24 relate to various aspects of SOCS4 to SOCS15 which were cloned initially on the basis of sequence similarity. Examples 25-36 relate to specific aspects of SOCS4 to SOCS15, respectively.

5

### EXAMPLE 1

#### CELL CULTURE AND CYTOKINES

The M1 cell line was derived from a spontaneously arising leukaemia in SL mice [Ichikawa, 1969]. Parental M1 cells used in this study have been in passage at the Walter and Eliza Hall Institute for Medical Research, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, for approximately 10 years. M1 cells were  
 10 maintained by weekly passage in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (DME) containing 10% (v/v) foetal bovine serum (FCS). Recombinant cytokines are generally available from commercial sources or were prepared by published methods. Recombinant murine LIF was produced in *Escherichia coli* and purified, as previously described [Gearing, 1989]. Purified human oncostatin M was purchased from PeproTech Inc (Rocky Hill, NJ, USA), and purified mouse IFN- $\gamma$  was  
 15 obtained from Genzyme Diagnostics (Cambridge, MA, USA). Recombinant murine thrombopoietin was produced as a FLAGTM-tagged fusion protein in CHO cells and then purified.

### EXAMPLE 2

#### AGAR COLONY ASSAYS

20 In order to assay the differentiation of M1 cells in response to cytokines, 300 cells were cultured in 35 mm Petri dishes containing 1 ml of DME supplemented with 20%(v/v) fetal calf serum (FCS), 0.3%(w/v) agar and 0.1 ml of serial dilutions of IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$ , tpo or dexamethasone (Sigma Chemical Company, St Louis, MI). After 7 days culture at 37°C in a fully humidified atmosphere, containing 10% (v/v) CO<sub>2</sub> in air, colonies of M1 cells were counted and classified as  
 25 differentiated if they were composed of dispersed cells or had a corona of dispersed cells around a tightly packed centre.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### GENERATION OF RETROVIRAL LIBRARY

30 A cDNA expression library was constructed from the factor-dependent haemopoietic cell line FDC-P1, essentially as described [Rayner, 1994]. Briefly, cDNA was cloned into the retroviral

08965560-103497

- 64 -

vector pRUFneo and then transfected into an amphotrophic packaging cell line (PA317). Transiently generated virus was harvested from the cell supernatant at 48 hr posttransfection, and used to infect Y2 ecotropic packaging cells, to generate a high titre virus-producing cell line.

5

#### EXAMPLE 4

##### RETROVIRAL INFECTION OF M1 CELLS

Pools of  $10^6$  infected  $\Psi$ 2 cells were irradiated (3000 rad) and cocultivated with  $10^6$  M1 cells in DME supplemented with 10%(v/v) FCS and 4  $\mu$ g/ml Polybrene, for 2 days at 37°C. To select for IL-6-unresponsive clones, retrovirally-infected M1 cells were washed once in DME, and cultured  
10 at approximately  $2 \times 10^4$  cells/ml in 1 ml agar cultures containing 400  $\mu$ g/ml geneticin (GibcoBRL, Grand Island, NY) and 100 ng/ml IL-6. The efficiency of infection of M1 cells was 1-2%, as estimated by agar plating the infected cells in the presence of geneticin only.

#### EXAMPLE 5

15

##### PCR

Genomic DNA from retrovirally-infected M1 cells was digested with Sac I and 1  $\mu$ g of phenol/chloroform extracted DNA was then amplified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR). Primers used for amplification of cDNA inserts from the integrated retrovirus were GAG3 (5' CACGCCGCCCCACGTGAAGGC 3' [SEQ ID NO:1]), which corresponds to the vector gag  
20 sequence approximately 30 bp 5' of the multiple cloning site, and HSVTK (5' TTCGCCAATGACAAGACGCT 3' [SEQ ID NO:2]), which corresponds to the pMC1neo sequence approximately 200 bp 3' of the multiple cloning site. The PCR entailed an initial denaturation at 94°C for 5 min, 35 cycles of denaturation at 94°C for 1 min, annealing at 56°C for 2 min, and extension at 72°C for 3 min, followed by a final 10 min extension. PCR products  
25 were gel purified and then ligated into the pGEM-T plasmid (Promega, Madison, WI), and sequenced using an ABI PRISM Dye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Kit and a Model 373 Automated DNA Sequencer (Applied Biosystems Inc., Foster City, CA).

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## EXAMPLE 6

### CLONING OF cDNAs

Independent cDNA clones encoding mouse SOCS1 were isolated from a murine thymus cDNA library essentially as described (Hilton *et al*, 1994). The nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequences of mouse SOCS1 cDNA were compared to databases using the BLASTN and TFASTA algorithms (Pearson and Lipman, 1988; Pearson, 1990; Altshul *et al*, 1990). Oligonucleotides were designed from the ESTs encoding human SOCS1 and mouse SOC-1 and SOCS3 and used to probe commercially available mouse thymus and spleen cDNA libraries. Sequencing was performed using an ABI automated sequencer according to the manufacturer's instructions.

10

## EXAMPLE 7

### SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN BLOT ANALYSES AND RT-PCR

<sup>32</sup>P-labelled probes were generated using a random decanucleotide labelling kit (Bresatec, Adelaide, South Australia) from a 600 bp Pst I fragment encoding neomycin phosphotransferase from the plasmid pPGKneo, 1070 bp fragment of the SOCS1 gene obtained by digestion of the 1.4 kbp PCR product with Xho I, SOCS2, SOCS3, CIS and a 1.2 kbp fragment of the chicken glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase gene [Dugaiczky, 1983].

Genomic DNA was isolated from cells using a proteinase K-sodium dodecyl sulfate procedure essentially as described. Fifteen micrograms of DNA was digested with either BamH I or Sac I, fractionated on a 0.8%(w/v) agarose gel, transferred to GeneScreenPlus membrane (Du Pont NEN, Boston MA), prehybridised, hybridised with random-primed <sup>32</sup>P-labelled DNA fragments and washed essentially as described [Sambrook, 1989].

Total RNA was isolated from cells and tissues using Trizol Reagent, as recommended by the manufacturer (GibcoBRL, Grand Island, NY). When required polyA<sup>+</sup> mRNA was purified essentially as described [Alexander, 1995]. Northern blots were prehybridised, hybridized with random-primed <sup>32</sup>P-labelled DNA fragments and washed as described [Alexander, 1995].

To assess the induction of SOCS genes by IL-6, mice (C57BL6) were injected intravenously with 5 µg IL-6 followed by harvest of the liver at the indicated timepoints after injection. M1 cells were

08962560-103497



cultured in the presence of 20 ng/ml IL-6 and harvested at the indicated times. For RT-PCR analysis, bone marrow cells were harvested as described (Metcalf *et al*, 1995) and stimulated for 1 hr at 37°C with 100 ng/ml of a range of cytokines. RT-PCR was performed on total RNA as described (Metcalf *et al*, 1995). PCR products were resolved on an agarose gel and Southern blots  
5 were hybridised with probes specific for each SOCS family member. Expression of  $\beta$ -actin was assessed to ensure uniformity of amplification.

### EXAMPLE 8

#### DNA CONSTRUCTS AND TRANSFECTION

- 10 A cDNA encoding epitope-tagged SOCS1 was generated by subcloning the entire SOCS1 coding region into the pEF-BOS expression vector [Mizushima, 1990], engineered to encode an inframe FLAG epitope downstream of an initiation methionine (pF-SOCS1). Using electroporation as described previously [Hilton, 1994], M1 cells expressing the thrombopoietin receptor (M1.mpl) were transfected with the 20  $\mu$ g of Aat II-digested pF-SOCS1 expression plasmid and 2  $\mu$ g of a  
15 Sca I-digested plasmid in which transcription of a cDNA encoding puromycin N-acetyl transferase was driven from the mouse phosphoglycerokinase promoter (pPGKpuropA). After 48 hours in culture, transfected cells were selected with 20  $\mu$ g/ml puromycin (Sigma Chemical Company, St Louis MO), and screened for expression of SOCS1 by Western blotting, using the M2 anti-FLAG monoclonal antibody according to the manufacturer's instructions (Eastman Kodak, Rochester  
20 NY). In other experiments M1 cells were transfected with only the pF-SOCS1 plasmid or a control and selected by their ability to grow in agar in the presence of 100 ng/ml of IL-6.

06962560-103197

## EXAMPLE 9

## IMMUNOPRECIPITATION AND WESTERN BLOTTING

Prior to either immunoprecipitation or Western blotting,  $10^7$  M1 cells or their derivatives were washed twice, resuspended in 1 ml of DME, and incubated at 37°C for 30 min. The cells were then stimulated for 4 min at 37°C with either saline or 100 ng/ml IL-6, after which sodium vanadate (Sigma Chemical Co., St Louis, MI) was added to a concentration of 1 mM. Cells were placed on ice, washed once with saline containing 1 mM sodium vanadate, and then solubilised for 5 min on ice with 300 µl 1% (v/v) Triton X-100, 150 mM NaCl, 2 mM EDTA, 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, containing Complete protease inhibitors (Boehringer Mannheim, Mannheim, Germany) and 1 mM sodium vanadate. Lysates were cleared by centrifugation and quantitated using a Coomassie Protein Assay Reagent (Pierce, Rockford IL).

For immunoprecipitations, equal concentrations of protein extracts (1-2 mg) were incubated for 1 hr or overnight at 4°C with either 4 µg of anti-gp130 antibody (M20; Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc., Santa Cruz, CA) or 4 µg of anti-phosphotyrosine antibody (4G10; Upstate Biotechnology Inc., Lake Placid NY), and 15 µl packed volume of Protein G Sepharose (Pharmacia, Uppsala, Sweden) [Hilton *et al*, 1996]. Immunoprecipitates were washed twice in 1% (v/v) NP40, 150 mM NaCl, 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, containing Complete protease inhibitors (Boehringer Mannheim, Mannheim, Germany) and 1 mM sodium vanadate. The samples were heated for 5 min at 95°C in SDS sample buffer (625 mM Tris-HCl pH 6.8, 0.05% (w/v) SDS, 0.1% (v/v) glycerol, bromophenol blue, 0.125% (v/v) 2-mercaptoethanol), fractionated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted as described above.

For Western blotting, 10 µg of protein from a cellular extract or material from an immunoprecipitation reaction was loaded onto 4-15% Ready gels (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Hercules CA), and resolved by sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE). Proteins were transferred to PVDF membrane (Micron Separations Inc., Westborough MA) for 1 hr at 100 V. The membranes were probed with the following primary antibodies; anti-tyrosine phosphorylated STAT3 (1:1000 dilution; New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA); anti-STAT3 (C-20; 1:100 dilution; Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc., Santa Cruz CA); anti-gp130 (M20, 1:100 dilution; Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc., Santa Cruz CA); anti-phosphotyrosine (horseradish peroxidase-

conjugated RC20, 1:5000 dilution; Transduction Laboratories, Lexington KY); anti-tyrosine phosphorylated MAP kinase and anti-MAP kinase antibodies (1:1000 dilution; New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA). Blots were visualised using peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibodies and Enhanced Chemiluminescence (ECL) reagents according to the manufacturer's instructions 5 (Pierce, Rockford IL).

### EXAMPLE 10

#### ELECTROPHORETIC MOBILITY SHIFT ASSAYS

Assays were performed as described [Novak, 1995], using the high affinity SIF (c-sis- inducible 10 factor) binding site m67 [Wakao, 1994]. Protein extracts were prepared from M1 cells incubated for 4-10 min at 37°C in 10 ml serum-free DME containing either saline, 100 ng/ml IL-6 or 100 ng/ml IFN-γ. The binding reactions contained 4-6 μg protein (constant within a given experiment), 5 ng <sup>32</sup>P-labelled m67 oligonucleotide, and 800 ng sonicated salmon sperm DNA. For certain experiments, protein samples were preincubated with an excess of unlabelled m67 15 oligonucleotide, or antibodies specific for either STAT1 (Transduction Laboratories, Lexington, KY) or STAT3 (Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc., Santa Cruz CA), as described [Novak, 1995].

Western blots were performed using anti-tyrosine phosphorylated STAT3 or anti-STAT3 (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA) or anti-gp130 (Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc.) as described 20 (Nicola *et al*, 1996). EMSA were performed using the m67 oligonucleotide probe, as described (Novak *et al*, 1995).

00962560-10319

### EXAMPLE 11

#### EXPRESSION CLONING OF A NOVEL SUPPRESSOR OF CYTOKINE SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION

In order to identify cDNAs capable of suppressing cytokine signal transduction, an expression  
5 cloning approach was adopted. This strategy centred on M1 cells, a monocytic leukaemia cell line  
that differentiates into mature macrophages and ceases proliferation in response to the cytokines  
IL-6, LIF, OSM and IFN- $\gamma$ , and the steroid dexamethasone. Parental M1 cells were infected with  
the RUFneo retrovirus, into which cDNAs from the factor-dependent haemopoietic cell line FDC-  
P1 had been cloned. In this retrovirus, transcription of both the neomycin resistance gene and the  
10 cloned cDNA was driven off the powerful constitutive promoter present in the retroviral LTR  
(Figure 1). When cultured in semi-solid agar, parental M1 cells form large tightly packed colonies.  
Upon stimulation with IL-6, M1 cells undergo rapid differentiation, resulting in the formation in  
agar of only single macrophages or small dispersed clusters of cells. Retrovirally-infected M1 cells  
that were unresponsive to IL-6 were selected in semi-solid agar culture by their ability to form  
15 large, tightly packed colonies in the presence of IL-6 and geneticin. A single stable IL-6-  
unresponsive clone, 4A2, was obtained after examining  $10^4$  infected cells.

A fragment of the neomycin phosphotransferase (neo) gene was used to probe a Southern blot of  
genomic DNA from clone 4A2 and this revealed that the cell line was infected with a single  
20 retrovirus containing a cDNA approximately 1.4 kbp in length (Figure 2). PCR amplification using  
primers from the retroviral vector which flanked the cDNA cloning site enabled recovery of a 1.4  
kbp cDNA insert, which we have named suppressor of cytokine signalling-1, or SOCS1. This PCR  
product was used to probe a similar Southern blot of 4A2 genomic DNA and hybridised to two  
fragments, one which corresponded to the endogenous SOCS1 gene and the other, which matched  
25 the size of the band seen using the neo probe, corresponded to the SOCS1 cDNA cloned into the  
integrated retrovirus (Figure 2). The latter was not observed in an M1 cell clone infected with a  
retrovirus containing an irrelevant cDNA. Similarly, Northern blot analysis revealed that SOCS1  
mRNA was abundant in the cell line 4A2, but not in the control infected M1 cell clone (Figure 2).

## EXAMPLE 12

### SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3 AND CIS DEFINE A NEW FAMILY OF SH2-CONTAINING PROTEINS

The SOCS1 PCR product was used as a probe to isolate homologous cDNAs from a mouse thymus cDNA library. The sequence of the cDNAs proved to be identical to the PCR product, suggesting that constitutive or over expression, rather than mutation, of the SOCS1 protein was sufficient for generating an IL-6-unresponsive phenotype. Comparison of the sequence of SOCS1 cDNA with nucleotide sequence databases revealed that it was present on mouse and rat genomic DNA clones containing the protamine gene cluster found on mouse chromosome 16. Closer inspection revealed that the 1.4 kb SOCS1 sequence was not homologous to any of the protamine genes, but rather represented a previously unidentified open reading frame located at the extreme 3' end of these clones (Figure 3). There were no regions of discontinuity between the sequences of the SOCS1 cDNA and genomic locus, suggesting that SOCS1 is encoded by a single exon. In addition to the genomic clone containing the protamine genes, a series of murine and human expressed sequenced tags (ESTs) also revealed large blocks of nucleotide sequence identity to mouse SOCS1. The sequence information provided by the human ESTs allowed the rapid cloning of cDNAs encoding human SOCS1.

The mouse and rat SOCS1 gene encodes a 212 amino acid protein whereas the human SOCS1 gene encodes a 211 amino acid protein. Mouse, rat and human SOCS1 proteins share 95-99% amino acid identity (Figure 9). A search of translated nucleic acid databases with the predicted amino acid sequence of SOCS1 showed that it was most related to a recently cloned cytokine-inducible immediate early gene product, CIS, and two classes of ESTs. Full length cDNAs from the two classes of ESTs were isolated and found to encode proteins of similar length and overall structure to SOCS1 and CIS. These clones were given the names SOCS2 and SOCS3. Each of the four proteins contains a central SH2 domain and a C-terminal region termed the SOCS motif. The SOCS1 proteins exhibit an extremely high level of amino acid sequence similarity (95-99% identity) amongst different species. However, the forms of the SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3 and CIS from the same animal, while clearly defining a new family of SH2-containing proteins, exhibited a lower amino acid identity. SOCS2 and CIS exhibit approximately 38% amino acid identity, while the remaining members of the family share approximately 25% amino acid identity (Figure 9). The

- 71 -

coding region of the genes for SOCS1 and SOCS3 appear to contain no introns while the coding region of the genes for SOCS2 and CIS contain one and two introns, respectively.

The Genbank Accession Numbers for the sequences referred to herein are mouse SOCS1 cDNA (U88325), human SOCS1 cDNA (U88326), mouse SOCS2 cDNA (U88327), mouse SOCS3 cDNA (U88328).

### EXAMPLE 13

#### CONSTITUTIVE EXPRESSION OF SOCS1 SUPPRESSES THE ACTION OF A RANGE OF CYTOKINES

10

To formally establish that the phenotype of the 4A2 cell line was directly related to expression of SOCS1, and not to unrelated genetic changes which may have occurred independently in these cells, a cDNA encoding an epitope-tagged version of SOCS1 under the control of the EF1 $\alpha$  promoter was transfected into parental M1 cells, and M1 cells expressing the receptor for thrombopoietin, c-mpl (M1.mpl). Transfection of the SOCS1 expression vector into both cell lines resulted in an increase in the frequency of IL-6 unresponsive M1 cells.

Multiple independent clones of M1 cells expression SOCS1, as detected by Western blot, displayed a cytokine-unresponsive phenotype that was indistinguishable from 4A2. Further, if transfectants were not maintained in puromycin, expression of SOCS1 was lost over time and cells regained their cytokine responsiveness. In the absence of cytokine, colonies derived from 4A2 and other SOCS1 expressing clones characteristically grew to a smaller size than colonies formed by control M1 cells (Figure 10).

The effect of constitutive SOCS1 expression on the response of M1 cells to a range of cytokines was investigated using the 4A2 cell line and a clone of M1.mpl cells expressing SOCS1 (M1.mpl.SOCS1). Unlike parental M1 cells and M1.mpl cells, the two cell lines expressing SOCS1 continued to proliferate and failed to form differentiated colonies in response to either IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$  or, in the case of the M1.mpl.SOCS1 cell line, thrombopoietin (Figure 4). For both cell lines, however, a normal response to dexamethasone was observed, suggesting that SOCS1 specifically affected cytokine signal transduction rather than differentiation *per se*.

- 72 -

Consistent with these data, while parental M1 cells and M1.mpl cells became large and vacuolated in response to IL-6, 4A2 and M1.mpl.SOCS1 cells showed no evidence of morphological differentiation in response to IL-6 or other cytokines (Figure 5).

5

**EXAMPLE 14****SOCS1 INHIBITS A RANGE OF IL-6 SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION  
PROCESSES, INCLUDING STAT3 PHOSPHORYLATION  
AND ACTIVATION**

Phosphorylation of the cell surface receptor component gp130, the cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase  
10 JAK1 and the transcription factor STAT3 is thought to play a central role in IL-6 signal  
transduction. These events were compared in the parental M1 and M1.mpl cell lines and their  
SOCS1-expressing counterparts. As expected, gp130 was phosphorylated rapidly in response to  
IL-6 in both parental lines, however, this was reduced five- to ten-fold in the cell lines expressing  
SOCS1 (Figure 6). Likewise, STAT3 phosphorylation was also reduced by approximately ten-fold  
15 in response to IL-6 in those cell lines expressing SOCS1 (Figure 6). Consistent with a reduction  
in STAT3 phosphorylation, activation of specific STAT DNA binding complexes, as determined  
by electrophoretic mobility shift assay, was also reduced. Notably, there was a reduction in the  
formation of SIF-A (containing STAT3), SIF-B (STAT1/STAT3 heterodimer) and SIF-C  
(containing STAT1), the three STAT complexes induced in M1 cells stimulated with IL-6 (Figure  
20 7). Similarly, constitutive expression of SOCS1 also inhibited IFN- $\gamma$ -stimulated formation of p91  
homodimers (Figure 7). STAT phosphorylation and activation were not the only cytoplasmic  
processes to be effected by SOCS1 expression, as the phosphorylation of other proteins, including  
shc and MAP kinase, was reduced to a similar extent (Figure 7).

25

**EXAMPLE 15****TRANSCRIPTION OF THE SOCS1 GENE IS STIMULATED BY IL-6  
IN VITRO AND IN VIVO**

Although SOCS1 can inhibit cytokine signal transduction when constitutively expressed in M1  
cells, this does not necessarily indicate that SOCS1 normally functions to negatively regulate an  
30 IL-6 response. In order to investigate this possibility the inventors determined whether  
transcription of the SOCS1 gene is regulated in the response of M1 cells to IL-6 and, because of

the critical role IL-6 plays in regulating the acute phase response to injury and infection, the response of the liver to intravenous injection of 5 mg IL-6. In the absence of IL-6, SOCS1 mRNA was undetectable in either M1 cells or in the liver. However, for both cell types, a 1.4 kb SOCS1 transcript was induced within 20 to 40 minutes by IL-6 (Figure 8). For M1 cells, where the IL-6 was present throughout the experiment, the level of SOCS1 mRNA remained elevated (Figure 8). In contrast, IL-6 was administered in vivo by a single intravenous injection and was rapidly cleared from the circulation, resulting in a pulse of IL-6 stimulation to the liver. Consistent with this, transient expression of SOCS1 mRNA was detectable in the liver, peaking approximately 40 minutes after injection and declining to basal levels within 4 hours (Figure 8).

10

#### EXAMPLE 16 REGULATION OF SOCS GENES

Since CIS was cloned as a cytokine-inducible immediate early gene the inventors examined whether SOCS1, SOCS2 and SOCS3 were similarly regulated. The basal pattern of expression of the four SOCS genes was examined by Northern blot analysis of mRNA from a variety of tissues from male and female C57B1/6 mice (Figure 11A). Constitutive expression of SOCS1 was observed in the thymus and to a lesser extent in the spleen and the lung. SOCS2 expression was restricted primarily to the testis and in some animals the liver and lung; for SOCS3 a low level of expression was observed in the lung, spleen and thymus, while CIS expression was more widespread, including the testis, heart, lung, kidney and, in some animals, the liver.

The inventors sought to determine whether expression of the four SOCS genes was regulated by IL-6. Northern blots of mRNA prepared from the livers of untreated and IL-6-injected mice, or from unstimulated and IL-6-stimulated M1 cells, were hybridised with labelled fragments of SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3 and CIS cDNAs (Figure 11B). Expression of all four SOCS genes was increased in the liver following IL-6 injection, however the kinetics of induction appeared to differ. Expression of SOCS1 and SOCS3 was transient in the liver, with mRNA detectable after 20 minutes of IL-6 injection and declining to basal levels within 4 hours for SOCS1 and 8 hours for SOCS3. Induction of SOCS2 and CIS mRNA in the liver followed similar initial kinetics to that of SOCS1, but was maintained at an elevated level for at least 24 hours. A similar induction of

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SOCS gene mRNA was observed in other organs, notably the lung and the spleen. In contrast, in M1 cells, while SOCS1 and CIS mRNA were induced by IL-6, no induction of either SOCS2 or SOCS3 expression was detected. This result highlights cell type-specific differences in the expression of the genes of SOCS family members in response to the same cytokine.

5

In order to examine the spectrum of cytokines that was capable of inducing transcription of the various members of the SOCS gene family, bone marrow cells were stimulated for an hour with a range of cytokines, after which mRNA was extracted and cDNA was synthesised. PCR was then used to assess the expression of SOCS1, SOCS2, SOCS3 and CIS (Figure 11C). In the absence  
10 of stimulation, little or no expression of any of the SOCS genes was detectable in bone marrow by PCR. Stimulation of bone marrow cells with a broad array of cytokines appeared capable of up regulating mRNA for one or more members of the SOCS family. IFN $\gamma$ , for example, induced expression of all four SOCS genes, while erythropoietin, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor, granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor and interleukin-3 induced expression of SOCS2,  
15 SOCS3 and CIS. Interestingly, tumor necrosis factor alpha, macrophage colony-stimulating factor and interleukin-1, which act through receptors that do not fall into the type I cytokine receptor class also appeared capable of inducing expression of SOCS3 and CIS, suggesting that SOCS proteins may play a broader role in regulating signal transduction.

20 As constitutive expression of SOCS1 inhibited the response of M1 cells to a range of cytokines, the inventors examined whether phosphorylation of the cell surface receptor component gp130 and the transcription factor STAT3, which are thought to play a central role in IL-6 signal transduction, were affected. These events were compared in the parental M1 and M1.mpl cell lines and their SOCS1-expressing counterparts. As expected, gp130 was phosphorylated rapidly in response  
25 to IL-6 in both parental lines, however, this was reduced in the cell lines expressing SOCS1 (Figure 12A). Likewise, STAT3 phosphorylation was also reduced in response to IL-6 in those cell lines expressing SOCS1 (Figure 12A). Consistent with a reduction in STAT3 phosphorylation, activation of specific STAT/DNA binding complexes, as determined by electrophoretic mobility shift assay, was also reduced. Notably, there was a failure to form SIF-A (containing STAT3) and  
30 SIF-B(STAT1/STAT3 heterodimer), the major STAT complexes induced in M1 cells stimulated with IL-6 (Figure 12B). Similarly, constitutive expression of SOCS1 also inhibited IFN $\gamma$ -

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stimulating formation of SIF-C (STAT1 homodimer; Figure 12B). These experiments are consistent with the proposal that SOCS1 inhibits signal transduction upstream of receptor and STAT phosphorylation, potentially at the level of the JAK kinases.

5 The ability of SOCS1 to inhibit signal transduction and ultimately the biological response to cytokines suggest that, like the SH2-containing phosphatase SHP-1 [Ihle *et al*, 1994; Yi *et al*, 1993], the SOCS proteins may play a central role in controlling the intensity and/or duration of a cell's response to a diverse range of extracellular stimuli by suppressing the signal transduction process. The evidence provided here indicates that the SOCS family acts in a classical negative  
10 feedback loop for cytokine signal transduction. Like other genes such as OSM, expression of genes encoding the SOCS proteins is induced by cytokines through the activation of STATs. Once expressed, it is proposed that the SOCS proteins inhibit the activity of JAKs and so reduce the phosphorylation of receptors and STATs, thereby suppressing signal transduction and any ensuing biological response. Importantly, inhibition of STAT activation will, over time, lead to a reduction  
15 in SOCS gene expression, allowing cells to regain responsiveness to cytokines.

## EXAMPLE 17

### DATABASE SEARCHES

20 The NCBI genetic sequence database (Genbank), which encompasses the major database of expressed sequence tags (ESTs) and TIGR database of human expressed sequence tags, were searched for sequences with similarity to a consensus SOCS box sequence using the TFASTA and MOTIF/PATTERN algorithms [Pearson, 1990; Cockwell and Giles, 1989]. Using the software package SRS [Etzold *et al*, 1996], ESTs that exhibited similarity to the SOCS box (and their  
25 partners derived from sequencing the other end of cDNAs) were retrieved and assembled into contigs using Autoassembler (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA). Consensus nucleotide sequences derived from overlapping ESTs were then used to search the various databases using BLASTN [Altschul *et al*, 1990]. Again, positive ESTs were retrieved and added to the contig. This process was repeated until no additional ESTs could be recovered. Final consensus  
30 nucleotide sequences were then translated using Sequence Navigator (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA).

The ESTs encoding the new SOCS proteins are as follows: **human SOCS4** (EST81149, EST180909, EST182619, ya99H09, ye70co4, yh53c09, yh77g11, yh87h05, yi45h07, yj04e06, yq12h06, yq56a06, yq60e02, yq92g03, yq97h06, yr90f01, yt69c03, yv30a08, yv55f07, yv57h09, yv87h02, yv98e11, yw68d10, yw82a03, yx08a07, yx72h06, yx76b09, yy37h08, yy66b02, za81f08, 5 zb18f07, zc06e08, zd14g06, zd51h12, zd52b09, ze25g11, ze69f02, zf54f03, zh96e07, zv66h12, zs83a08 and zs83g08). **mouse SOCS-4** (mc65f04, mf42e06, mp10c10, mr81g09, and mt19h12). **human SOCS-5** (EST15B103, EST15B105, EST27530 and zf50f01). **mouse SOCS-5** (mc55a01, mh98f09, my26h12 and ve24e06). **human SOCS-6** (yf61e08, yf93a09, yg05f12, yg41f04, yg45c02, yh11f10, yh13b05, zc35a12, ze02h08, zl09a03, zl69e10, zn39d08 and 10 zo39e06). **mouse SOCS-6** (mc04c05, md48a03, mf31d03, mh26b07, mh78e11, mh88h09, mh94h07, mi27h04 and mj29c05, mp66g04, mw75g03, va53b05, vb34h02, vc55d07, vc59e05, vc67d03, vc68d10, vc97h01, vc99c08, vd07h03, vd08c01, vd09b12, vd19b02, vd29a04 and vd46d06). **human SOCS-7** (STS WI30171, EST00939, EST12913, yc29b05, yp49f10, zt10f03 and zx73g04). **mouse SOCS-7** (mj39a01 and vi52h07). **mouse SOCS-8** (mj6e09 and vj27a029). 15 **human SOCS-9** (CSRL-82f2-u, EST114054, yy06b07, yy06g06, zr40c09, zr72h01, yx92c08, yx93b08 and hfe0662). **mouse SOCS-9** (me65d05). **human SOCS-10** (aa48h10, zp35h01, zp97h12, zq08h01, zr34g05, EST73000 and HSDHEI005). **mouse SOCS-10** (mb14d12, mb40f06, mg89b11, mq89e12, mp03g12 and vh53c11). **human SOCS-11** (zt24h06 and zr43b02). **human SOCS-13** (EST59161). **mouse SOCS-13** (ma39a09, me60c05, mi78g05, 20 mk10e11, mo48g12, mp94a01, vb57c07 and vh07c11). **human SOCS-14** (mi75e03, vd29h11 and vd53g07).

#### EXAMPLE 18

#### cDNA CLONING

25

Based on the consensus sequences derived from overlapping ESTs, oligonucleotides were designed that were specific to various members of the SOCS family. As described above, oligonucleotides were labelled and used to screen commercially available genomic and cDNA libraries cloned with  $\lambda$  bacteriophage. Genomic and/or cDNA clones covering the entire coding 30 region of mouse SOCS4, mouse SOCS5 and mouse SOCS6 were isolated. The entire gene for SOCS15 is on the human 12p13 BAC (Genbank Accession Number HSU47924) and the mouse

chromosome 6 BAC (Genbank Accession Number AC002393). Partial cDNAs for mouse SOCS7, SOCS9, SOCS10, SOCS11, SOCS12, SOCS13 and SOCS14 were also isolated.

## EXAMPLE 19

5

### NORTHERN BLOTS AND RT-PCR

Northern blots were performed as described above. The sources of hybridisation probes were as follows; (i) the entire coding region of the mouse SOCS1 cDNA, (ii) a 1059 bp PCR product derived from coding region of SOCS5 upstream of the SH2 domain, (iii) the entire coding region  
10 of the mouse SOCS6 cDNA, (iv) a 790 bp PCR product derived from the coding region of a partial SOCS7 cDNA and (v) a 1200 bp Pst I fragment of the chicken glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) cDNA.

## EXAMPLE 20

15

### ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF SOCS FAMILY

SOCS1, SOCS2 and SOCS3 are members of the SOCS protein family identified in Examples 1-16. Each contains a central SH2 domain and a conserved motif at the C-terminus, named the SOCS box. In order to isolate further members of this protein family, various DNA databases were  
20 searched with the amino acid sequence corresponding to conserved residues of the SOCS box. This search revealed the presence of human and mouse ESTs encoding twelve further members of the SOCS protein family (Figure 13). Using this sequence information cDNAs encoding SOCS4, SOCS5, SOCS6, SOCS7, SOCS9, SOCS10, SOCS11, SOCS12, SOCS13, SOCS14 and SOCS15 have been isolated. Further analysis of contigs derived from ESTs and cDNAs revealed  
25 that the SOCS proteins could be placed into three groups according to their predicted structure N-terminal of the SOCS box. The three groups are those with (i) SH2 domains, (ii) WD-40 repeats and (iii) ankyrin repeats.

Eight SOCS proteins with SH2 domains have been identified. These include SOCS1, SOCS2 and SOCS3, SOCS5, SOCS9, SOCS11 and SOCS14 (Figure 13). Full length cDNAs were isolated for mouse SOCS5 and SOCS14 and partial clones encoding mouse SOCS9 and SOCS14. Analysis of primary amino acid sequence and genomic structure suggest that pairs of these proteins (SOCS1 and SOCS3, SOCS2 and CIS, SOCS5 and SOCS14 and SOCS9 and SOCS11) are most closely related (Figure 13). Indeed, the SH2 domains of SOCS5 and SOCS14 are almost identical (Figure 13B), and unlike CIS, SOCS1, SOCS2 and SOCS3, SOCS5 and SOCS14 have an extensive, though less well conserved, N-terminal region preceding their SH2 domains (Figure 13A).

## SOCS PROTEINS WITH WD-40 REPEATS

Four SOCS proteins with WD-40 repeats were identified. As with the SOCS proteins with SH2 domains, pairs of these proteins appeared to be closely related. Full length cDNAs of mouse SOCS4 and SOCS6 were isolated and shown to encode proteins containing eight WD-40 repeats N-terminal of the SOCS box (Figure 13) and SOCS4 and SOCS6 share 65% amino acid similarity.

SOCS15 was recognised as an open reading frame upon sequencing BACs from human chromosome 12p13 and the syntenic region of mouse chromosome 6 [Ansari-Lari *et al*, 1997]. In the human, chimp and mouse, SOCS15 is encoded by a gene with two coding exons that lies within a few hundred base pairs of the 3' end of the triose phosphate isomerase (TPI) gene, but which is encoded on the opposite strand to TPI (9). In addition to a C-terminal SOCS box, the SOCS15 protein contains four WD-40 repeats. Interestingly, within the EST databases, there is a sequence of a nematode, an insect and a fish relative of SOCS15. SOCS15 appears most closely related to SOCS13.

- 79 -

### EXAMPLE 23

#### SOCS PROTEINS WITH ANKYRIN REPEATS

Three SOCS proteins with ankyrin repeats were identified. Analysis of partial cDNAs of mouse  
5 SOCS7, SOCS10 and SOCS12 demonstrated the presence of multiple ankyrin repeats.

### EXAMPLE 24

#### EXPRESSION PATTERN OF SOCS PROTEINS

- 10 The expression of mRNA from representative members of each class of SOCS proteins - SOCS1 and SOCS5 from the SH2 domain group, SOCS6 from the WD-40 repeat group and SOCS7 from the ankyrin repeat group was examined. As shown above, SOCS1 mRNA is found in abundance in the thymus and at lower levels in other adult tissues.
- 15 Since transcription of the SOCS1 gene is induced by cytokines, the inventors sought to determine whether levels of SOCS5, SOCS6 and SOCS7 mRNA increased upon cytokine stimulation. In the livers of mice injected with IL-6, SOCS1 mRNA is detectable after 20 min and decreases to background levels within 2 hours. In contrast, the kinetics of SOCS5 mRNA expression are quite different, being only detectable 12 to 24 hours after IL-6 injection. SOCS6 mRNA appears to be  
20 expressed constitutively while SOCS7 mRNA was not detected in the liver either before injection of IL-6 or at any time after injection.

Expression of these genes was also examined after cytokine stimulation of the factor-dependent cell line FDCP-1 engineered to express bcl-w. Again, while SOCS6 mRNA was expressed  
25 constitutively.

### EXAMPLE 25

#### SOCS4

- 30 Mouse and human SOCS4 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS4 cDNAs are tabulated

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below (Tables 4.1 and 4.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse ESTs several oligonucleotides were designed and used to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse thymus cDNA library cloned into  $\lambda$ -bacteriophage. Two cDNAs encoding mouse SOCS4 were isolated and sequenced in their entirety (Figure 15) and shown to overlap the mouse ESTs identified in the database (Table 4.1 and Figure 17). These cDNAs include a region of 5' untranslated region, the entire mouse SOCS4 coding region and a region of 3' untranslated region (Figure 17). Analysis of the sequence confirms that the SOCS4 cDNA encodes a SOCS Box at its C-terminus and a series of 8 WD-40 repeats before the SOCS Box (Figures 17 and 16). The relationship of the two sequence contigs of human SOCS4 (h4.1 and h4.2) to the experimentally determined mouse SOCS4 cDNA sequence is shown in Figure 17. The nucleotide sequence of the two human contigs is listed in Figure 18.

SEQ ID NO:13 and 14 represent the nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS4 and the corresponding amino acid sequence. SEQ ID NOs: 15 and 16 are SOCS4 cDNA human contigs h4.1 and h4.2, respectively.

## EXAMPLE 26

### SOCS5

Mouse and human SOCS5 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS5 cDNAs are tabulated below (Tables 5.1 and 5.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse and human ESTs, several oligonucleotides were designed and used to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse thymus cDNA library, a mouse genomic DNA library and a human thymus cDNA library cloned into  $\lambda$ -bacteriophage. A single genomic DNA clone (57-2) and (5-3-2) cDNA clone encoding mouse SOCS5 were isolated and sequenced in their entirety and shown to overlap with the mouse ESTs identified in the database (Figures 19 and 20A). The entire coding region, in addition to a region of 5' and 3' untranslated regions of mouse SOCS5 appears to be encoded on a single exon (Figure 19). Analysis of the sequence (Figure 20) confirms that SOCS5 genomic and cDNA clones encode a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus in addition to an SH2 domain (Figure 19 and 20B). The relationship of the human SOCS5 contig (h5.1; Figure 21) derived from

- 81 -

analysis of cDNA clone 5-94-2 and the human SOCS5 ESTs (Table 5.2) to the mouse SOCS5 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 19. The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of murine SOCS5 are shown in SEQ ID NOs: 17 and 18, respectively. The human SOCS5 nucleotide sequence is shown in SEQ ID NO:19.

5

**EXAMPLE 27****SOCS6**

Mouse and human SOCS6 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box  
10 consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS6 cDNAs are tabulated  
below (Tables 6.1 and 6.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse ESTs, several  
oligonucleotides were designed and use to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse thymus  
cDNA library. Eight cDNA clones (6-1A, 6-2A, 6-5B, 6-4N, 6-18, 6-29, 6-3N, 6-5N) cDNA  
clone encoding mouse SOCS6 were isolated and sequenced in their entirety and shown to overlap  
15 with the mouse ESTs identified in the database (Figures 22 and 23A). Analysis of the sequence  
(Figure 23) confirms that the mouse SOCS6 cDNA clones encode a protein with a SOCS box at  
its C-terminus in addition to a eight WD-40 repeats (Figures 22 and 23B). The relationship of the  
human SOCS-6 contigs (h6.1 and h6.2 ; Figure 24) derived from analysis of human SOCS6 ESTs  
(Table 6.2) to the mouse SOCS6 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 22. The nucleotide and  
20 corresponding amino acid sequences of murine SOCS6 are shown in SEQ ID NOs: 20 and 21,  
respectively. SOCS6 human contigs h6.1 and h6.2 are shown in SEQ ID NOs: 22 and 23,  
respectively.

**EXAMPLE 28**

25

**SOCS7**

Mouse and human SOCS7 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box  
consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS-7 cDNAs are tabulated  
below (Tables 7.1 and 7.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse ESTs, several  
30 oligonucleotides were designed and use to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse thymus  
cDNA library. One cDNA clone (74-10A-11) cDNA clone encoding mouse SOCS7 was isolated



and sequenced in its entirety and shown to overlap with the mouse ESTs identified in the database (Figures 25 and 26A). Analysis of the sequence (Figure 26) suggests that mouse SOCS7 encodes a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus, in addition to several ankyrin repeats (Figure 25 and 26B). The relationship of the human SOCS7 contigs (h7.1 and h7.2 ; Figure 27) derived from  
5 analysis of human SOCS7 ESTs (Table 7.2) to the mouse SOCS7 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 25. The nucleotide and corresponding amino acid sequences of murine SOCS7 are shown in SEQ ID NOs: 24 and 25, respectively. The nucleotide sequence of SOCS7 human contigs h7.1 and h7.2 are shown in SEQ ID NOs: 26 and 27, respectively.

10

**EXAMPLE 29****SOCS8**

ESTs derived from mouse SOCS8 cDNAs are tabulated below (Table 8.1). As described for other members of the SOCS family, it is possible to isolate cDNAs for mouse SOCS8 using sequence  
15 information derived from mouse ESTs. The relationship of the ESTs to the predicted coding region of SOCS8 is shown in Figure 28. With the nucleotide sequence obtained from the ESTs shown in Figure 29A and the partial amino acid sequence of SOCS8 shown in Figure 29B. The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequences for murine SOCS8 are shown in SEQ ID NOs:28 and 29, respectively.

20

**EXAMPLE 30****SOCS9**

Mouse and human SOCS-9 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS  
25 box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS9 cDNAs are tabulated below (Tables 9.1 and 9.2). The relationship of the mouse SOCS9 contigs (m9.1; Figure 9.2) derived from analysis of the mouse SOCS9 EST (Table 9.1) to the human SOCS-9 DNA contig (h9.1; Figure 32) derived from analysis of human SOCS9 ESTs (Table 9.2) is shown in Figure 31. Analysis of the sequence (Figure 32) indicates that the human SOCS9 cDNA encodes  
30 a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus, in addition to an SH2 domain (Figure 30). The nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS9 cDNA is shown in SEQ ID NO:30. The nucleotide

- 83 -

sequence of human SOCS9 cDNA is shown in SEQ ID NO:31.

### EXAMPLE 31

#### SOCS10

5

Mouse and human SOCS10 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS10 cDNAs are tabulated below (Table 10.1 and 10.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse ESTs, several oligonucleotides were designed and use to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse  
10 thymus cDNA library. Four cDNA clones (10-9, 10-12, 10-23 and 10-24) encoding mouse SOCS10 were isolated, sequenced in their entirety and shown to overlap with the mouse and human ESTs identified in the database (Figures 33 and 34). Analysis of the sequence (Figure 34) indicates that the mouse SOCS10 cDNA clone is not full length but that it does encode a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus, in addition to several ankyrin repeats (Figure 33). The  
15 relationship of the human SOCS10 contigs (h10.1 and h10.2 ; Figure 35) derived from analysis of human SOCS10 ESTs (Table 10.2) to the mouse SOCS10 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 33. Comparison of mouse cDNA clones and ESTs with human ESTs suggests that the 3' untranslated regions of mouse and human SOCS10 differ significantly. The nucleotide sequence of murine SOCS10 is shown in SEQ ID NO:32 and the nucleotide sequence of SOCS10 human contigs h10.1  
20 and h10.2 are shown in SEQ ID NOs:33 and 34, respectively.

### EXAMPLE 32

#### SOCS11

25 Human SOCS11 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from human SOCS11 cDNAs are tabulated below (Table 11.1 and 11.2). The relationship of the human SOCS11 contigs (h11.1; Figure 36A, B), derived from analysis ESTs (Table 11.2) to the predicted encoded protein, is shown in Figure 37. Analysis of the sequence indicates that the human SOCS11 cDNA encodes a protein with a SOCS  
30 box at its C-terminus, in addition to an SH2 domain (Figure 37 and 36B). The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of human SOCS11 are represented in SEQ ID

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NOs:35 and 36, respectively.

### EXAMPLE 33

#### SOCS12

5

Mouse and human SOCS-12 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS12 cDNAs are tabulated below (Tables 12.1 and 12.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse ESTs, several oligonucleotides were designed and use to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse  
10 thymus cDNA library. Four cDNA clones (10-9, 10-12, 10-23 and 10-24) encoding mouse SOCS12 were isolated, sequenced in their entirety and shown to overlap with the mouse and human ESTs identified in the database (Figures 38 and 39). Analysis of the sequence (Figure 39 and 40) indicates that the SOCS12 cDNA clone encodes a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus, in addition to several ankyrin repeats (Figure 38). The relationship of the human  
15 SOCS12 contigs (h12.1 and h12.2 ; Figure 40) derived from analysis of human SOCS12 ESTs (Table 12.2) to the mouse SOCS12 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 38. Comparison of mouse cDNA clones and ESTs with human ESTs suggests that the 3' untranslated regions of mouse and human SOCS12 differ significantly. The nucleotide sequence of SOCS12 is shown in SEQ ID NO:37. The nucleotide sequence of human SOCS12 contigs h12.1 and h12.2 are shown in SEQ  
20 ID NQs:38 and 39, respectively.

### EXAMPLE 34

#### SOCS13

25 Mouse and human SOCS-13 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS13 cDNAs are tabulated below (Tables 13.1 and 13.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse ESTs, several oligonucleotides were designed and use to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse thymus and a mouse embryo cDNA library. Three cDNA clones (62-1, 62-6-7 and 62-14)  
30 encoding mouse SOCS13 were isolated, sequenced in their entirety and shown to overlap with the mouse ESTs identified in the database (Figure 41 and 42A). Analysis of the sequence (Figure 42)

- 85 -

indicates that the mouse SOCS13 cDNA encodes a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus, in addition to a potential WD-40 repeat (Figure 41 and 42B). The relationship of the human SOCS13 contigs (h13.1 and h13.2 ; Figure 43) derived from analysis of human SOCS13 ESTs (Table 13.2) to the mouse SOCS13 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 41. The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of murine SOCS13 and shown in SEQ ID NOs:40 and 41, respectively. The nucleotide sequence of human SOCS13 contig h13.1 is shown in SEQ ID NO:42.

### EXAMPLE 35

#### SOCS14

10

Mouse and human SOCS-14 were recognized through searching EST databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS14 cDNAs are tabulated below (Tables 14.1 and 14.2). Using sequence information derived from mouse and human ESTs, several oligonucleotides were designed and use to screen, in the conventional manner, a mouse thymus cDNA library, a mouse genomic DNA library and a human thymus cDNA library cloned into  $\lambda$ -bacteriophage . A single genomic DNA clone (57-2) and (5-3-2) cDNA clone encoding mouse SOCS14 were isolated and sequenced in their entirety and shown to overlap with the mouse ESTs identified in the database (Figures 44 and 45A). The entire coding region, in addition to a region of 5' and 3' untranslated regions, of mouse SOCS14 appears to be encoded on a single exon (Figure 44). Analysis of the sequence (Figure 45) confirms that SOCS14 genomic and cDNA clones encode a protein with a SOCS box at its C-terminus in addition to an SH2 domain (Figure 44 and 45B). The relationship of the human SOCS14 contig (h14.1; Figure 14.3) derived from analysis of cDNA clone 5-94-2 and the human SOCS14 ESTs (Table 14.2) to the mouse SOCS14 DNA sequence is shown in Figure 44.

The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of murine SOCS14 are shown in SEQ ID NOs: 43 and 44, respectively.

30

- 86 -

**EXAMPLE 36****SOCS15**

Mouse and human SOCS15 were recognized through searching DNA databases using the SOCS box consensus (Figure 13). Those ESTs derived from mouse and human SOCS15 cDNAs are tabulated below (Tables 15.1 and 15.2), as are a mouse and human BAC that contain the entire mouse and human SOCS-15 genes. Using sequence information derived from the ESTs and the BACs it is possible to predict the entire amino acid sequence of SOCS15 and as described for the other SOCS genes it is feasible to design specific oligonucleotide probes to allow cDNAs to be isolated. The relationship of the BACs to the ESTs is shown in Figure 46 and the nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequence of the SOCS-15, derived from the mouse and human BACs is shown in Figures 47 and 48. The nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of murine SOCS15 are shown in SEQ ID NOs:46 and 47, respectively. The nucleotide and corresponding amino acid sequence of human SOCS15 are shown in SEQ ID NO:48 and 49, respectively.

**EXAMPLE 37****SOCS INTERACTION WITH JAK2 KINASE**

20 These Examples show interaction between SOCS and JAK2 kinase. Interaction is mediated via the SH2 domain of SOCS1, 2, 3 and CIS. The interaction resulted in inhibition of JAK2 kinase activity by SOCS1 (Figure 49). General interaction between JAK2 and SOCS1, 2, 3, and CIS is shown in Figure 50.

25 The following methods are employed:

**Immunoprecipitation:** Cos 6 cells were transiently transfected by electroporation and cultured for 48 hours. Cells were then lysed on ice in lysis buffer (50 mM Tris/HCL, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 1% v/v Triton-X-100, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM Naf, 1 mM Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>) with the addition of complete protease inhibitors (Boehringer Mannheim), centrifuged at 4°C (14,000 x g, 10 min) and the supernatant retained for immunoprecipitation. JAK2 proteins were immunoprecipitated using

5  $\mu$ l anti-JAK2 antibody (UBI). Antigen-antibody complexes were recovered using protein A-Sepharose (30  $\mu$ l of a 50% slurry).

**Western blotting:** Immunoprecipitates were analysed by sodium dodecyl sulphate (SDS) -  
5 polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE) under reducing conditions. Protein was then  
electrophoretically transferred to nitrocellulose, blocked overnight in 10% w/v skim-milk and  
washed in PBS/0.1% v/v Tween-20 (Sigma) (wash buffer) prior to incubation with either anti-  
phosphotyrosine antibody (4G10) (1:5000, UBI), anti-FLAG antibody (1.6  $\mu$ g/ml) or anti-JAK2  
antibody (1:2000, UBI) diluted in wash buffer/1% w/v BSA for 2 hr. Nitrocellulose blots were  
10 washed and primary antibody detected with either peroxidase-conjugated sheep anti-rabbit  
immunoglobulin (1:5000, Silenus) or peroxidase-conjugated sheep anti-mouse immunoglobulin  
(1:5000, Silenus) diluted in wash buffer/1% w/v BSA. Blots were washed and antibody binding  
visualised using the enhanced chemiluminescence (ECL) system (Amersham, UK) according to the  
manufacturers' instructions.

15

**In-vitro kinase assay:** An *in vitro* kinase assay was performed to assess intrinsic JAK2 kinase  
catalytic activity. JAK2 protein were immunoprecipitated as described, washed twice in kinase  
assay buffer (50 mM NaCl, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 5 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM NaF, 1 mM Na<sub>2</sub>VQ, 10 mM  
HEPES, pH 7.4) and suspended in an equal volume of kinase buffer containing 0.25  $\mu$ Ci/ml ( $\gamma$ -  
20 <sup>32</sup>P)-ATP (30 min, room temperature). Excess ( $\gamma$ -P)-ATP was removed and the  
immunoprecipitates analysed by SDS/PAGE under reducing conditions. Gels were subjected to  
a mild alkaline hydrolysis by treatment with 1 M KOH (55°C, 2 hours) to remove phosphoserine  
and phosphothreonine. Radioactive bands were visualised with IMAGEQUANT software on a  
PhosphorImage system (Molecular Dynamics, Sunnyvale, CA, USA).

25

## EXAMPLE 38

### MAKING SOCS-1 KNOCKOUT CONSTRUCTS

Diagrams of plasmid constructs and knockout constructs are shown in Figures 51-53. The  
30 genomic SOCS-1 clone 95-11-10 was digested with the restriction enzymes BamH1 and EcoR1  
to obtain a 3.6Kb DNA fragment 3' of the coding region (SOCS-1 exon), which was used as the

08062560-103197

- 88 -

3' arm in the SOCS-1 knockout vectors. The ends of this fragment were then blunted. This fragment was then ligated into the following vectors:

pBgalpAloxNeo

and pBgalpAloxNeoTK

- 5 which had been linearized at the unique Xho1 site and then blunted. This ligation resulted in the formation of the following vectors:

3'SOCS-1 arm in pBgalpAloxNeo

and 3'SOCS-1 arm in pBgalpAloxNeoTK

- 10 The 5' arm of the SOCS-1 knockout vectors was constructed by using PCR to generate a 2.5Kb PCR product from the genomic SOCS-1 clone 95-11-10 just 5' of the SOCS-1 coding region (SOCS-1 exon). The oligo's used to generate this product were:

5' oligo (sense) (2465)

AGCT AGA TCT GGA CCC TAC AAT GGC AGC [SEQ ID NO:49]

15

3' oligo (antisense) (2466)

AGCT AG ATC TGC CAT CCT ACT CGA GGG GCC AGC TGG [SEQ ID NO:50]

- The PCR product was then digested with the restriction enzyme BglII, to generate BglII ends to  
20 the PCR product. This 5' SOCS-1 PCR product, with BglII, ends was then ligated as follows:  
3'SOCS-1 arm in pBgalpAloxNeo and 3'SOCS-1 arm in pBgalpAloxNeoTK, which had been linearized with the unique restriction enzyme BamHI. This resulted in the following vectors being formed:

5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeo

- 25 and 5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeoTK

These were the final SOCS-1 knockout constructs. Both these constructs lacked the entire SOCS-1 coding region (SOCS-1 EXON), being replaced with portions of the Bgal, B globin polyA, PGK promoter, neomycin and PGK polyA sequences. The 5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeoTK  
30 vector also contained the thymidine kinase gene sequence, between the neomycin and PGK poly A sequences.

256550-10149

The vectors: 5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeo  
and 5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeoTK

were linearized with the unique restriction enzyme NotI and then transfected into Embryonic stem  
5 cells by electroporation. Clones which were resistant to neomycin were selected and analysed by  
southern blot to determine if they contained the correctly integrated SOCS-1 targeting sequence.  
In order to determine if correct integration had occurred, genomic DNA from the neomycin  
resistant clones was digested with the restriction enzyme EcoRI. The digested DNA was then  
blotted onto nylon filters and probed with a 1.5Kb EcoRI /Hind III DNA fragment, which was  
10 further 5' of the 5'arm sequence used in the knockout constructs. The band sizes expected for  
correct integration were:

Wild type SOCS-1 allele 5.4Kb

- 15 SOCS-1 knockout allele 8.2Kb in 5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeo  
or 11Kb in 5'&3'SOCS-1 arms in pBgalpAloxNeoTK transformed cells.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the invention described herein is susceptible to  
variations and modifications other than those specifically described. It is to be understood that the  
20 invention includes all such variations and modifications. The invention also includes all of the  
steps, features, compositions and compounds referred to or indicated in this specification,  
individually or collectively, and any and all combinations of any two or more of said steps or  
features.

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### Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-4 cDNAs

**Table 4.2**  
**Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-4 cDNAs**

| 20 | SOCS   | Species | EST name  | End | EST no     | Library source      | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|-----------|-----|------------|---------------------|--------|
|    | SOCS-4 | Human   | 27b5      | 5'  | EST0534081 | retina              | h4.2   |
|    |        |         | 30d2      | 5'  | EST0534315 | retina              | h4.2   |
| 25 |        |         | J0159F    | 5'  | EST0461188 | foetal heart        | h4.2   |
|    |        |         | J3802F    | 5'  | EST0461428 | foetal heart        | h4.2   |
| 30 |        |         | EST19523  | 5'  | EST0958884 | retina              | h4.2   |
|    |        |         | EST81149  | 5'  | EST1011015 | placenta            | h4.2   |
|    |        |         | EST180909 | 5'  | EST0951375 | Jurkat T-lymphocyte | h4.2   |
| 35 |        |         | EST182619 | 5'  | EST0953220 | Jurkat T-lymphocyte | h4.1   |

- 91 -

|    |         |    |            |                     |      |
|----|---------|----|------------|---------------------|------|
| 5  | ya99h09 | 3' | EST0103262 | placenta            | h4.2 |
|    | ye70c04 | 5' | EST0172673 | foetal liver/spleen | h4.2 |
|    | yh53c09 | 5' | EST0197390 | placenta            | h4.2 |
| 10 |         | 3' | EST0197391 |                     | h4.2 |
|    | yh77g11 | 5' | EST0203418 | placenta            | h4.2 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0203419 |                     | h4.1 |
| 15 | yh87h05 | 5' | EST0204888 | placenta            | h4.1 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0204773 |                     | h4.1 |
|    | yi45h07 | 5' | EST0246604 | placenta            | h4.2 |
| 20 | yj04e06 | 5' | EST0258541 | placenta            | h4.1 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0258285 |                     | h4.1 |
|    | yq12h06 | 5' | EST0309968 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
| 25 | yq56a06 | 3' | EST0346924 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
|    | yq60e02 | 5' | EST0347259 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0347209 |                     | h4.2 |
| 30 | yq92g03 | 5' | EST0355932 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0355884 |                     | h4.2 |
|    | yq97h06 | 5' | EST0357618 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
| 35 |         | 3' | EST0357416 |                     | h4.2 |
|    | yr90f01 | 5' | EST0372402 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
|    | yt69c03 | 5' | EST0338395 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0338303 |                     | h4.2 |
|    | yv30a08 | 3' | EST0458506 | foetal liver spleen | h4.2 |

EST0103262

- 92 -

|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
|----|--|---------|----|------------|---------------------------|------|
|    |  | yv55f07 | 5' | EST0465391 | foetal liver spleen       | h4.2 |
|    |  |         | 3' | EST0463331 |                           | h4.2 |
| 5  |  | yv57h09 | 5' | EST0464336 | foetal liver spleen       | h4.2 |
|    |  |         | 3' | EST0458765 |                           | h4.2 |
|    |  | yv87h02 | 5' | EST0388085 | melanocyte                | h4.2 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
| 10 |  | yv98e11 | 5' | EST0400679 | melanocyte                | h4.2 |
|    |  |         | 3' | EST0400680 |                           | h4.2 |
|    |  | yw68d10 | 5' | EST0441370 | placenta (8-9 wk)         | h4.2 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
| 15 |  | yw82a03 | 5' | EST0463005 | placenta (8-9 wk)         | h4.2 |
|    |  |         | 3' | EST0433678 |                           | h4.1 |
|    |  | yx08a07 | 3' | EST0407016 | melanocyte                | h4.1 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
| 20 |  | yx72h06 | 5' | EST0435158 | melanocyte                | h4.2 |
|    |  |         | 3' | EST0422871 | melanocyte                | h4.1 |
|    |  | yx76b09 | 5' | EST0434011 | melanocyte                | h4.2 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
| 25 |  | yy37h08 | 5' | EST0451704 | melanocyte                | h4.2 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
|    |  | yy66b02 | 5' | EST0505446 | multiple sclerosis lesion | h4.2 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
|    |  | za81f08 | 5' | EST0511777 | foetal lung               | h4.2 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
| 30 |  | zb18f07 | 3' | EST0485315 | foetal lung               | h4.1 |
|    |  |         |    |            |                           |      |
|    |  | zc06e08 | 5' | EST0540473 | parathyroid tumor         | h4.1 |
|    |  |         | 3' | EST0540354 |                           | h4.1 |
| 35 |  | zd14g06 | 3' | EST0564666 | foetal heart              | h4.1 |

08962560-103197

- 93 -

|    |         |    |            |                           |      |
|----|---------|----|------------|---------------------------|------|
| 5  | zd51h12 | 3' | EST0578099 | foetal heart              | h4.1 |
|    | zd52b09 | 5' | EST0582012 | foetal heart              | h4.1 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0581958 |                           | h4.1 |
|    | ze25g11 | 3' | EST0679543 | foetal heart              | h4.1 |
|    | ze69f02 | 5' | EST0635563 | retina                    | h4.2 |
| 10 |         | 3' | EST0635472 |                           | h4.1 |
|    | zf54f03 | 5' | EST0680111 | retina                    | h4.2 |
|    | zh96e07 | 5' | EST0616241 | foetal liver<br>spleen    | h4.2 |
| 15 |         | 3' | EST0615745 |                           | h4.2 |
|    | zv66h12 | 5' | EST1043265 | 8-9w foetus               | h4.2 |
|    | zs83a08 | 5' | EST0920072 | germinal centre<br>B cell | h4.1 |
| 20 |         | 3' | EST0920016 |                           | h4.1 |
|    | zs83g08 | 5' | EST0920121 | germinal centre<br>B cell | h4.1 |
|    |         | 3' | EST0920122 |                           | h4.1 |

25 Table 5.1

Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-5 cDNAs

|    | SOCS   | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source             | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|----------|-----|------------|----------------------------|--------|
| 30 | SOCS-5 | Mouse   | mc55a01  | 5'  | EST0541556 | d13.5-14.5<br>mouse embryo | m5.1   |
|    |        |         | mh98f09  | 5'  | EST0638237 | placenta                   | m5.1   |
|    |        |         | my26h12  | 5'  | EST0859939 | mixed organs               | m5.1   |
| 35 |        |         | ve24e06  | 5'  | EST0819106 | heart                      | m5.1   |

03962560-103197

- 94 -

**Table 5.2****Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs**

|    | SOCS   | Species | EST name  | End | EST no     | Library source | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|-----------|-----|------------|----------------|--------|
| 5  | SOCS-5 | Human   | EST15B103 | ?   | EST0258029 | adipose tissue | h5.1   |
|    |        |         | EST15B105 | ?   | EST0258028 | adipose tissue | h5.1   |
| 10 |        |         | EST27530  | 5'  | EST0965892 | cerebellum     | h5.1   |
|    |        |         | zf50f01   | 5'  | EST0679820 | retina         | h5.1   |

**Table 6.1****Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-6 cDNAs**

|    | SOCS   | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source      | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|----------|-----|------------|---------------------|--------|
| 20 | SOCS-6 | Mouse   | mco4c05  | 5'  | EST0525832 | d19.5 embryo        | m6.1   |
|    |        |         | md48a03  | 5'  | EST0566730 | d13.5-14.5 embryo   | m6.1   |
|    |        |         | mf31d03  | 5'  | EST0675970 | d13.5-14.5 embryo   | m6.1   |
| 25 |        |         | mh26b07  | 5'  | EST0628752 | d13.5-14.5 placenta | m6.1   |
|    |        |         | mh78e11  | 5'  | EST0637608 | d13.5-14.5 placenta | m6.1   |
|    |        |         | mh88h09  | 5'  | EST0644383 | d13.5-14.5 placenta | m6.1   |
| 30 |        |         | mh94h07  | 5'  | EST0638078 | d13.5-14.5 placenta | m6.1   |
|    |        |         | mi27h04  | 5'  | EST0644252 | d13.5-14.5 embryo   | m6.1   |
| 35 |        |         | mj29c05  | 5'  | EST0664093 | d13.5-14.5 embryo   | m6.1   |
|    |        |         | mp66g04  | 5'  | EST0757905 | thymus              | m6.1   |
| 40 |        |         | mw75g03  | 5'  | EST0847938 | liver               | m6.1   |

03963560, 103497

- 95 -

|    |         |    |                          |      |
|----|---------|----|--------------------------|------|
|    | va53b05 | 5' | EST0901540 d12.5 embryo  | m6.1 |
|    | vb34b02 | 5' | EST0930132 lymph node    | m6.1 |
| 5  | vc55d07 | 3' | EST1057735 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
|    | vc59e05 | 3' | EST1058201 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
|    | vc67d03 | 3' | EST1057849 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
| 10 | vc68d10 | 3' | EST1058663 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
|    | vc97h01 | 3' | EST1059343 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
| 15 | vc99c08 | 3' | EST1059410 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
|    | vd07h03 | 3' | EST1058173 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
|    | vd08c01 | 3' | EST1058275 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
| 20 | vd09b12 | 3' | EST1058632 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
|    | vd19b02 | 3' | EST1059723 2 cell embryo | m6.1 |
| 25 | vd29a04 | 3' | ? none found             | m6.1 |
|    | vd46d06 | 3' | ? none found             | m6.1 |

00962560-103197

- 96 -

**Table 6.2**  
**Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs**

|    | <b>SOCS</b> | <b>Species</b> | <b>EST name</b> | <b>End</b> | <b>EST no</b> | <b>Library source</b> | <b>Contig</b> |
|----|-------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 5  | SOCS-6      | Human          |                 |            |               |                       |               |
|    |             |                | yf61e08         | 5'         | EST0184387    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
| 10 |             |                | yf93a09         | 5'         | EST0186084    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
|    |             |                | yg05f12         | 5'         | EST0191486    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
|    |             |                | yg41f04         | 5'         | EST0195017    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
| 15 |             |                | yg45c02         | 5'         | EST0185308    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
|    |             |                | yh11f10         | 5'         | EST0236705    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
| 20 |             |                | yh13b05         | 5'         | EST0237191    | d73 infant brain      | h6.1          |
|    |             |                |                 | 3'         | EST0236958    |                       | h6.2          |
|    |             |                | zc35a12         | 5'         | EST0555518    | senescent fibroblast  | h6.1          |
| 25 |             |                | ze02h08         | 5'         | EST0603826    | foetal heart          | h6.1          |
|    |             |                |                 | 3'         | EST0603718    |                       | h6.2          |
|    |             |                | z109a03         | 5'         | EST0773936    | pregnant uterus       | h6.1          |
|    |             |                |                 | 3'         | EST0773892    |                       | h6.1          |
| 30 |             |                | z169e10         | 5'         | EST0683363    | colon                 | h6.1          |
|    |             |                | zn39d08         | 5'         | EST0718885    | endothelial cell      | h6.1          |
| 35 |             |                | zo39e06         | 5'         | EST0785947    | endothelial cell      | h6.1          |

**Table 7.1**  
**Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-7 cDNAs**

|    | <b>SOCS</b> | <b>Species</b> | <b>EST name</b> | <b>End</b> | <b>EST no</b> | <b>Library source</b> | <b>Contig</b> |
|----|-------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 40 | SOCS-7      | Mouse          | mj39a01         | 5'         | EST0665627    | d13.5/14.5 embryo     | m7.1          |

- 97 -

vi52h07 5' EST1267404 d7.5 embryo m7.1

5

**Table 7.2****Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs**

|    | SOCS   | Species | EST name     | End | EST no     | Library source         | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|--------------|-----|------------|------------------------|--------|
| 10 | SOCS-7 | HUMAN   | STS WI-30171 |     | (G21563)   | Chromosome 2           | h7.2   |
|    |        |         | EST00939     | 5'  | EST0000906 | hippocampus            | h7.1   |
| 15 |        |         | EST12913     | 3'  | EST0944382 | uterus                 | h7.2   |
|    |        |         | yc29b05      | 3'  | EST0128727 | liver                  | h7.2   |
|    |        |         | yp49f10      | 3'  | EST0301914 | retina                 | h7.2   |
| 20 |        |         | zt10f03      | 5'  | EST0922932 | germinal centre B cell | h7.2   |
|    |        |         |              | 3'  | EST0921231 |                        | h7.1   |
|    |        |         | zx73g04      | 3'  | EST1102975 | ovarian tumour         | h7.1   |

25

**Table 8.1****Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-8 cDNAs**

|    | SOCS   | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source    | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|----------|-----|------------|-------------------|--------|
| 30 | SOCS-8 | Mouse   | mjl6e09  | r1  | EST0666240 | d13.5/14.5 embryo | m8.1   |
|    |        |         | vj27a029 | r1  | EST1155973 | heart             | m8.1   |

35

**Table 9.1****Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-9 cDNAs**

|    | SOCS | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source     | Contig |
|----|------|---------|----------|-----|------------|--------------------|--------|
| 40 |      | Mouse   | me65d05  | 5'  | EST0585211 | d 13.5/14.5 embryo | m9.1   |

08965560.103197



**Table 9.2**  
**Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs**

| 5  | SOCS   | Species | EST name    | End | EST no     | Library source         | Contig |
|----|--------|---------|-------------|-----|------------|------------------------|--------|
|    | SOCS-9 | Human   | CSRL-83f2-u |     | (B06659)   | chromosome 11          | h9.1   |
| 10 |        |         | EST114054   | 5'  | EST0939759 | placenta               | h9.1   |
|    |        |         | yy06b07     | 3'  | EST0434504 | melanocyte             | h9.1   |
|    |        |         | yy06g06     | 5'  | EST0443783 | melanocyte             | h9.1   |
| 15 |        |         | zr40c09     | 5'  | EST0832461 | melanocyte, heart, hfe | h9.1   |
|    |        |         | zr72h01     | 5'  | EST0892025 | melanocyte, heart, hfe | h9.1   |
|    |        |         |             | 3'  | EST0892026 |                        | h9.1   |
| 20 |        |         | yx92c08     | 5'  | EST0441160 | melanocyte             | h9.1   |
|    |        |         | yx93b08     | 5'  | EST0441260 | melanocyte             | h9.1   |
| 25 | —      |         | hfe0662     | 5'  | EST0889611 | foetal heart           | h9.1   |

**Table 10.1**  
**Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-10 cDNAs**

| 30 | SOCS | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source    | Contig |
|----|------|---------|----------|-----|------------|-------------------|--------|
|    |      | Mouse   | mb14d12  | 5'  | EST0549887 | d19.5 embryo      | m10.1  |
|    |      |         | mb40f06  | 5'  | EST0515064 | d19.5 embryo      | m10.1  |
| 35 |      |         | mg89b11  | 5'  | EST0630631 | d13.5-14.5 embryo | m10.1  |
|    |      |         | mq89e12  | 5'  | EST0776015 | heart             | m10.1  |

EST 092968

- 99 -

mp03g12 5' EST0741991 heart m10.1

vh53c11 5' EST1154634 mammary gland m10.1

5

**Table 10.2**  
Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs

|    | SOCS    | Species | EST name  | End | EST no     | Library source            | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|-----------|-----|------------|---------------------------|--------|
| 10 | SOCS-10 | Human   | aa48h10   | 3'  | EST1135220 | germinal centre B cell    | h10.2  |
|    |         |         | zp35h01   | 3'  | EST0819137 | muscle                    | h10.2  |
| 15 |         |         | zp97h12   | 5'  | EST0835442 | muscle                    | h10.2  |
|    |         |         |           | 3'  | EST0831211 |                           | h10.2  |
|    |         |         | zq08h01   | 5'  | EST0835907 | muscle                    | h10.1  |
| 20 |         |         | zr34g05   | 5'  | EST0834251 | melanocyte, heart, uterus | h10.2  |
|    |         |         |           | 3'  | EST0834440 |                           | h10.2  |
|    |         |         | EST73000  | 5   | EST1004491 | ovary                     | h10.2  |
| 25 |         |         | HSDHEI005 | ?   | EST0013906 | heart                     | h10.2  |

**Table 11.1**  
Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs

|    | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source            | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|---------------------------|--------|
| 30 | SOCS-11 | Human   | zt24h06  | r1  | EST0925023 | ovarian tumor             | 11.1   |
|    |         |         | zt43b02  | r1  | EST0873006 | melanocyte, heart, uterus | 11.1   |
|    |         |         |          | s1  | EST0872954 |                           | 11.1   |

**Table 12.1**  
Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-12 cDNAs

|    | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source                 | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| 40 | SOCS-12 | Mouse   | EST03803 | 5'  | EST1054173 | day 7.5 emb ectoplacental cone | m12.1  |
|    |         |         | mt18f02  | 5'  | EST0817652 | 3NbMS spleen                   | m12.1  |

EST: 09929680

- 100 -

|         |    |            |            |       |
|---------|----|------------|------------|-------|
| mz60g10 | 5' | EST0890872 | lymph node | m12.1 |
| va05c11 | 5' | EST0909449 | lymph node | m12.1 |

5

**Table 12.2**  
**Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-5 cDNAs**

| 10 | SOCS    | Species | EST name       | End | EST no       | Library source      | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------------|-----|--------------|---------------------|--------|
|    | SOCS-12 | Human   | STS-SHGC-13867 |     |              | Chromosome 2        | h12.2  |
| 15 |         |         | EST177695      | 5'  | EST0948071   | Jurkat cells        | h12.1  |
|    |         |         | EST64550       | 5'  | EST0997367   | Jurkat cells        | h12.1  |
| 20 |         |         | EST76868       | 5'  | EST1007291   | pineal body         | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | PMY2369        | 5'  | EST1115998   | KG-1                | h12.1  |
|    |         |         | yb38f04        | 5'  | EST0108807   | foetal spleen       | h12.1  |
| 25 |         |         |                | 3'  |              |                     | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | yq74e12        | 5'  | EST0224407   | d73 brain           | h12.1  |
|    |         |         | yh13g04        | 5'  | EST0237226   | d73 brain           | h12.1  |
| 30 |         |         |                | 3'  | EST0236992   |                     | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | yh48b06        | 5'  | yh48b06      | placenta            | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | yh53a05        | 5'  | EST0197282   | placenta            | h12.2  |
| 35 |         |         |                | 3'  | EST0197486   |                     | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | yn48h09        | 5'  | EST0278258   | brain               | h12.2  |
|    |         |         |                | 3'  | EST0278259   |                     | h12.2  |
| 40 |         |         | yn90a09        | 3'  | EST0302557   | brain               | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | yo08f03        | 5'  | EST0301790   | brain               | h12.2  |
|    |         |         |                | 3'  | EST0302059   |                     | h12.2  |
| 45 |         |         | yol1e01        | 3'  | ? none found |                     | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | yo63b12        | 5'  | EST0303606   | breast              | h12.2  |
|    |         |         |                | 3'  | EST0304085   |                     | h12.2  |
| 50 |         |         | yq56g02        | 3'  | EST0346935   | foetal liver spleen | h12.1  |
|    |         |         | zh57c04        | 3'  | EST0594201   | foetal liver spleen | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | zh79h01        | 3'  | EST0598945   | foetal liver spleen | h12.2  |
| 55 |         |         | zh99a11        | 3'  | EST0618570   | foetal liver spleen | h12.2  |
|    |         |         | zo92h12        | 5'  | EST0803392   | ovarian cancer      | h12.1  |

08962560-103497

- 101 -

|   |         |    |            |                        |  |       |
|---|---------|----|------------|------------------------|--|-------|
|   |         | 3' | EST0803393 |                        |  | h12.2 |
|   | zs48c01 | 5' | EST0925714 | germinal centre B cell |  | h12.1 |
|   |         | 3' | EST0925530 |                        |  | h12.2 |
| 5 | zs45h02 | 3' | EST0932296 | germinal centre B cell |  | h12.2 |

**Table 13.1**

Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-13 cDNAs

| 10 | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source       | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|----------------------|--------|
|    | SOCS-13 | Mouse   | ma39c09  | 5'  | EST0517875 | day 19.5 embryo      | m13.1  |
| 15 |         |         | me60c05  | 5'  | EST0584950 | day 13.5/14.5 embryo | m13.1  |
|    |         |         | mi78g05  | 5'  | EST0653834 | day 19.5 embryo      | m13.1  |
|    |         |         | mk10c11  | 5'  | EST0735158 | day 19.5 embryo      | m13.1  |
| 20 |         |         | mo48g12  | 5'  | EST0745111 | day 10.5 embryo      | m13.1  |
|    |         |         | mp94a01  | 5'  | EST0762827 | thymus               | m13.1  |
| 25 |         |         | vb57c07  | 5'  | EST1028976 | day 11.5 embryo      | m13.1  |
|    |         |         | vh07c11  | 5'  | EST1117269 | mammary gland        | m13.1  |

30

**Table 13.2**

Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-13 cDNAs

| 35 | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|----------------|--------|
|    | SOCS-13 | Human   | EST59161 | 5'  | EST0992726 | infant brain   | h13.1  |

**Table 14.1**

Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-14 cDNAs

| 45 | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|----------------|--------|
|    | SOCS-14 | mouse   | mi75e03  | 5'  | EST0651892 | d19.5 embryo   | m14.1  |
|    |         |         | vd29h11  | 5'  | EST1067080 | 2 cell embryo  | m14.1  |

"09523500" OF "09523500"

- 102 -

vd53g07 5' EST1119627 2 cell embryo m14.1

5 Table 15.1  
Summary of ESTs derived from mouse SOCS-15 cDNAs

|    | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source   | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|------------------|--------|
| 10 | SOCS-15 | Mouse   | mh29b05  | 5'  | EST0628834 | placenta         | m15.1  |
|    |         |         | mh98h09  | 5'  | EST0638243 | placenta         | m15.1  |
| 15 |         |         | ml45a02  | 5'  | EST0687171 | testis           | m15.1  |
|    |         |         | mu43a10  | 5'  | EST851588  | thymus           | m15.1  |
|    |         |         | my38c09  | 5'  | EST878461  | pooled organs    | m15.1  |
| 20 |         |         | vj37h07  | 5'  | EST1174791 | diaphragm        | m15.1  |
|    |         |         | AC002393 |     |            | Chromosome 6 BAC | m15.1  |
| 25 |         |         |          |     |            |                  |        |

Table 15.2  
Summary of ESTs derived from human SOCS-15 cDNAs

|    | SOCS    | Species | EST name | End | EST no     | Library source    | Contig |
|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|------------|-------------------|--------|
| 30 | SOCS-15 | Human   | EST98889 | 5'  | EST1026568 | thyroid           | h15.1  |
|    |         |         | ne48bo5  | 3'  | EST1138057 | colon tumour      | h15.1  |
| 35 |         |         | ybl2h12  | 5'  | EST0098885 | placenta          | h15.1  |
|    |         |         |          | 3'  | EST0098886 |                   | h15.1  |
|    |         |         | HSU47924 |     |            | Chromosome 12 BAC | h15.1  |
| 40 |         |         |          |     |            |                   |        |

08963560-103197

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT: (Other than US) AMRAD OPERATIONS PTY LTD  
(US Only)

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 49

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(C) CITY: MELBOURNE

(D) STATE: VICTORIA

(E) COUNTRY: AUSTRALIA

(F) ZIP: 3000

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT INTERNATIONAL

(B) FILING DATE: 31-OCT-1997

(vi) ~~PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:~~

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PO5117

(B) FILING DATE: 14-FEB-1997

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PO 3384

(B) FILING DATE: 01-NOV-1996

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(A) TELEPHONE: +61 3 9254 2777

(B) TELEFAX: +61 3 9254 2770

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

CACGCCGCCC ACGTGAAGGC

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

TTCGCCAATG ACAAGACGCT

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 1236 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
(B) LOCATION: 1..636

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

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GGCGTGTGCC ACCCGGACGC CCGGCTCACT GCCTCTGTCT CCCCCATCAG CGCAGCCCCG -41

GACGCTATGG CCCACCCCTC CAGCTGGCCC CTCGAGTAGG -1

ATG GTA GCA CGC AAC CAG GTG GCA GCC GAC AAT GCG ATC TCC CCG GCA 48  
Met Val Ala Arg Asn Gln Val Ala Ala Asp Asn Ala Ile Ser Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15

GCA GAG CCC CGA CGG CGG TCA GAG CCC TCC TCG TCC TCG TCT TCG TCC 96  
Ala Glu Pro Arg Arg Arg Ser Glu Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser  
20 25 30

TCG CCA GCG GCC CCC GTG CGT CCC CGG CCC TGC CCG GCG GTC CCA GCC 144

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- 109 -

|             |            |             |            |            |             |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|--|
| Ser         | Pro        | Ala         | Ala        | Pro        | Val         | Arg        | Pro        | Arg        | Pro | Cys | Pro | Ala | Val | Pro | Ala |      |  |
|             |            | 35          |            |            |             |            | 40         |            |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |      |  |
| CCA         | GCC        | CCT         | GGC        | GAC        | ACT         | CAC        | TTC        | CGC        | ACC | TTC | CGC | TCC | CAC | TCC | GAT | 192  |  |
| Pro         | Ala        | Pro         | Gly        | Asp        | Thr         | His        | Phe        | Arg        | Thr | Phe | Arg | Ser | His | Ser | Asp |      |  |
|             |            | 50          |            |            |             | 55         |            |            |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| TAC         | CGG        | CGC         | ATC        | ACG        | CGG         | ACC        | AGC        | GCG        | CTC | CTG | GAC | GCC | TGC | GGC | TTC | 240  |  |
| Tyr         | Arg        | Arg         | Ile        | Thr        | Arg         | Thr        | Ser        | Ala        | Leu | Leu | Asp | Ala | Cys | Gly | Phe |      |  |
|             |            | 65          |            |            | 70          |            |            |            |     | 75  |     |     |     | 80  |     |      |  |
| TAT         | TGG        | GGA         | CCC        | CTG        | AGC         | GTG        | CAC        | GGG        | GCG | CAC | GAG | CGG | CTG | CGT | GCC | 288  |  |
| Tyr         | Trp        | Gly         | Pro        | Leu        | Ser         | Val        | His        | Gly        | Ala | His | Glu | Arg | Leu | Arg | Ala |      |  |
|             |            |             |            | 85         |             |            |            | 90         |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |      |  |
| GAG         | CCC        | GTG         | GGC        | ACC        | TTC         | TTG        | GTG        | CGC        | GAC | AGT | CGT | CAA | CGG | AAC | TGC | 336  |  |
| Glu         | Pro        | Val         | Gly        | Thr        | Phe         | Leu        | Val        | Arg        | Asp | Ser | Arg | Gln | Arg | Asn | Cys |      |  |
|             |            |             | 100        |            |             |            |            | 105        |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |      |  |
| TTC         | TTC        | GCG         | CTC        | AGC        | GTG         | AAG        | ATG        | GCT        | TCG | GGC | CCC | ACG | AGC | ATC | CGC | 384  |  |
| Phe         | Phe        | Ala         | Leu        | Ser        | Val         | Lys        | Met        | Ala        | Ser | Gly | Pro | Thr | Ser | Ile | Arg |      |  |
|             |            | 115         |            |            |             | 120        |            |            |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |      |  |
| GTG         | CAC        | TTC         | CAG        | GCC        | GGC         | CGC        | TTC        | CAC        | TTG | GAC | GGC | AGC | CGC | GAG | ACC | 432  |  |
| Val         | His        | Phe         | Gln        | Ala        | Gly         | Arg        | Phe        | His        | Leu | Asp | Gly | Ser | Arg | Glu | Thr |      |  |
|             |            | 130         |            |            |             | 135        |            |            |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| TTC         | GAC        | TGC         | CTT        | TTC        | GAG         | CTG        | CTG        | GAG        | CAC | TAC | GTG | GCG | GCG | CCG | CGC | 480  |  |
| Phe         | Asp        | Cys         | Leu        | Phe        | Glu         | Leu        | Leu        | Glu        | His | Tyr | Val | Ala | Ala | Pro | Arg |      |  |
|             |            | 145         |            |            | 150         |            |            |            |     | 155 |     |     |     | 160 |     |      |  |
| CGC         | ATG        | TTG         | GGG        | GCC        | CCG         | CTG        | CGC        | CAG        | CGC | CGC | GTG | CGG | CCG | CTG | CAG | 528  |  |
| Arg         | Met        | Leu         | Gly        | Ala        | Pro         | Leu        | Arg        | Gln        | Arg | Arg | Val | Arg | Pro | Leu | Gln |      |  |
|             |            |             |            | 165        |             |            |            | 170        |     |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |      |  |
| GAG         | CTG        | TGT         | CGC        | CAG        | CGC         | ATC        | GTG        | GCC        | GCC | GTG | GGT | CGC | GAG | AAC | CTG | 576  |  |
| Glu         | Leu        | Cys         | Arg        | Gln        | Arg         | Ile        | Val        | Ala        | Ala | Val | Gly | Arg | Glu | Asn | Leu |      |  |
|             |            |             | 180        |            |             |            | 185        |            |     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |      |  |
| GCG         | CGC        | ATC         | CCT        | CTT        | AAC         | CCG        | GTA        | CTC        | CGT | GAC | TAC | CTG | AGT | TCC | TTC | 624  |  |
| Ala         | Arg        | Ile         | Pro        | Leu        | Asn         | Pro        | Val        | Leu        | Arg | Asp | Tyr | Leu | Ser | Ser | Phe |      |  |
|             |            | 195         |            |            |             | 200        |            |            |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |      |  |
| CCC         | TTC        | CAG         | ATC        | TGA        | CCGGCTG     | CCGCTGTGCC | GCAGCATTAA | GTGGGGGGCG |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 676  |  |
| Pro         | Phe        | Gln         | Ile        | *          |             |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
|             |            | 210         |            |            |             |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| CTTATTATTT  | CTTATTATTA | ATTATTATTA  | TTTTTCTGGA | ACCACGTGGG | AGCCCTCCCC  |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 736  |  |
| GCCTGGGTGCG | GAGGGAGTGG | TTGTGGAGGG  | TGAGATGCCT | CCCACTTCTG | GCTGGAGACC  |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 796  |  |
| TCATCCCACC  | TCTCAGGGGT | GGGGGTGCTC  | CCCTCCTGGT | GCTCCCTCCG | GGTCCCCCCT  |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 856  |  |
| GGTTGTAGCA  | GCTTGTGTCT | GGGGCCAGGA  | CCTGAATTCC | ACTCCTACCT | CTCCATGTTT  |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 916  |  |
| ACATATTCCC  | AGTATCTTTG | CACAAACCAG  | GGGTCGGGGA | GGGTCTCTGG | CTTCATTTTTT |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 976  |  |
| CTGCTGTGCA  | GAATATCCTA | TTTATATTTT  | TTACAGCCAG | TTTAGGTAAT | AAACTTTATT  |            |            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 1036 |  |
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 212 amino acids

- 110 -

(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

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 20           25           30
Ser Pro Ala Ala Pro Val Arg Pro Arg Pro Cys Pro Ala Val Pro Ala
 35           40           45
Pro Ala Pro Gly Asp Thr His Phe Arg Thr Phe Arg Ser His Ser Asp
 50           55           60
Tyr Arg Arg Ile Thr Arg Thr Ser Ala Leu Leu Asp Ala Cys Gly Phe
 65           70           75           80
Tyr Trp Gly Pro Leu Ser Val His Gly Ala His Glu Arg Leu Arg Ala
 85           90           95
Glu Pro Val Gly Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asp Ser Arg Gln Arg Asn Cys
100           105           110
Phe Phe Ala Leu Ser Val Lys Met Ala Ser Gly Pro Thr Ser Ile Arg
115           120           125
Val His Phe Gln Ala Gly Arg Phe His Leu Asp Gly Ser Arg Glu Thr
130           135           140
Phe Asp Cys Leu Phe Glu Leu Leu Glu His Tyr Val Ala Ala Pro Arg
145           150           155           160
Arg Met Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Arg Gln Arg Arg Val Arg Pro Leu Gln
165           170           175
Glu Leu Cys Arg Gln Arg Ile Val Ala Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Asn Leu
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Pro Phe Gln Ile
210

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 1121 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
(B) LOCATION: 223..819

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- 111 -

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

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| ACACTCTCGT TTTGGGGTAC CCTGTGACTT CCAGGCAGCA CGCGAGGTCC ACTGGCCCCA | 180 |
| GCTCGGGCGA CCAGCTGTCT GGGACGTGTT GACTCATCTC CC ATG ACC CTG CGG    | 234 |
| Met Thr Leu Arg   |     |
| 1   |     |
| TGC CTG GAG CCC TCC GGG AAT GGA GCG GAC AGG ACG CGG AGC CAG TGG   | 282 |
| Cys Leu Glu Pro Ser Gly Asn Gly Ala Asp Arg Thr Arg Ser Gln Trp   |     |
| 5 10 15 20  |     |
| GGG ACC GCG GGG TTG CCG GAG GAA CAG TCC CCC GAG GCG GCG CGT CTG   | 330 |
| Gly Thr Ala Gly Leu Pro Glu Glu Gln Ser Pro Glu Ala Ala Arg Leu   |     |
| 25 30 35  |     |
| GCG AAA GCC CTG CGC GAG CTC AGT CAA ACA GGA TGG TAC TGG GGA AGT   | 378 |
| Ala Lys Ala Leu Arg Glu Leu Ser Gln Thr Gly Trp Tyr Trp Gly Ser   |     |
| 40 45 50  |     |
| ATG ACT GTT AAT GAA GCC AAA GAG AAA TTA AAA GAG GCT CCA GAA GGA   | 426 |
| Met Thr Val Asn Glu Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Pro Glu Gly   |     |
| 55 60 65  |     |
| ACT TTC TTG ATT AGA GAT AGT TCG CAT TCA GAC TAC CTA CTA ACT ATA   | 474 |
| Thr Phe Leu Ile Arg Asp Ser Ser His Ser Asp Tyr Leu Leu Thr Ile   |     |
| 70 75 80  |     |
| TCC GTT AAG ACG TCA GCT GGA CCG ACT AAC CTG CGG ATT GAG TAC CAA   | 522 |
| Ser Val Lys Thr Ser Ala Gly Pro Thr Asn Leu Arg Ile Glu Tyr Gln   |     |
| 85 90 95 100  |     |
| GAT GGG AAA TTC AGA TTG GAT TCT ATC ATA TGT GTC AAG TCC AAG CTT   | 570 |
| Asp Gly Lys Phe Arg Leu Asp Ser Ile Ile Cys Val Lys Ser Lys Leu   |     |
| 105 110 115   |     |
| AAA CAG TTT GAC AGT GTG GTT CAT CTG ATT GAC TAC TAT GTC CAG ATG   | 618 |
| Lys Gln Phe Asp Ser Val Val His Leu Ile Asp Tyr Tyr Val Gln Met   |     |
| 120 125 130   |     |
| TGC AAG GAT AAA CGG ACA GGC CCA GAA GCC CCA CGG AAT GGG ACT GTT   | 666 |
| Cys Lys Asp Lys Arg Thr Gly Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asn Gly Thr Val   |     |
| 135 140 145   |     |
| CAC CTG TAC CTG ACC AAA CCT CTG TAT ACA TCA GCA CCC ACT CTG CAG   | 714 |
| His Leu Tyr Leu Thr Lys Pro Leu Tyr Thr Ser Ala Pro Thr Leu Gln   |     |
| 150 155 160   |     |
| CAT TTC TGT CGA CTC GCC ATT AAC AAA TGT ACC GGT ACG ATC TGG GGA   | 762 |
| His Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Ile Asn Lys Cys Thr Gly Thr Ile Trp Gly   |     |
| 165 170 175 180   |     |
| CTG CCT TTA CCA ACA AGA CTA AAA GAT TAC TTG GAA GAA TAT AAA TTC   | 810 |
| Leu Pro Leu Pro Thr Arg Leu Lys Asp Tyr Leu Glu Glu Tyr Lys Phe   |     |
| 185 190 195   |     |
| CAG GTA TAAGTATTC TCTCTCTTTT TCGTTT TTTT TTA AAAAAA AAAACACAT     | 866 |
| Gln Val   |     |
| GCCTCATATA GACTATCTCC GAATGCAGCT ATGTGAAAGA GAACCCAGAG GCCCTCCTCT | 926 |
| GGATAACTGC GCAGAATTCT CTCTTAAGGA CAGTTGGGCT CAGTCTAACT TAAAGGTGTG | 986 |

08955560 103197

- 112 -

AAGATGTAGC TAGGTATTTT AAAGTTCCCC TTAGGTAGTT TTAGCTGAAT GATGCTTTCT 1046  
 TTCCTATGGC TGCTCAAGAT CAAATGGCCC TTTTAAATGA AACAAAACAA AACAAAACAA 1106  
 AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA 1121

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 198 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Thr Leu Arg Cys Leu Glu Pro Ser Gly Asn Gly Ala Asp Arg Thr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Arg Ser Gln Trp Gly Thr Ala Gly Leu Pro Glu Glu Gln Ser Pro Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Ala Ala Arg Leu Ala Lys Ala Leu Arg Glu Leu Ser Gln Thr Gly Trp  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Trp Gly Ser Met Thr Val Asn Glu Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Ala Pro Glu Gly Thr Phe Leu Ile Arg Asp Ser Ser His Ser Asp Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Leu Thr Ile Ser Val Lys Thr Ser Ala Gly Pro Thr Asn Leu Arg  
 85 90 95  
 Ile Glu Tyr Gln Asp Gly Lys Phe Arg Leu Asp Ser Ile Ile Cys Val  
 100 105 110  
 Lys Ser Lys Leu Lys Gln Phe Asp Ser Val Val His Leu Ile Asp Tyr  
 115 120 125  
 Tyr Val Gln Met Cys Lys Asp Lys Arg Thr Gly Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg  
 130 135 140  
 Asn Gly Thr Val His Leu Tyr Leu Thr Lys Pro Leu Tyr Thr Ser Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Pro Thr Leu Gln His Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Ile Asn Lys Cys Thr Gly  
 165 170 175  
 Thr Ile Trp Gly Leu Pro Leu Pro Thr Arg Leu Lys Asp Tyr Leu Glu  
 180 185 190  
 Glu Tyr Lys Phe Gln Val  
 195

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 2187 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

0095560-10319

- 113 -

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 18..695

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

|   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| CGCTGGCTCC GTGCGCC  | ATG GTC ACC CAC AGC AAG TTT CCC GCC GCC GGG | 50 |
|   | Met Val Thr His Ser Lys Phe Pro Ala Ala Gly |    |
|   | 1 5 10                                      |    |
| ATG AGC CGC CCC CTG GAC ACC AGC CTG CGC CTC AAG ACC TTC AGC TCC | 98  |    |
| Met Ser Arg Pro Leu Asp Thr Ser Leu Arg Leu Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser |   |    |
|   | 15 20 25                                    |    |
| AAA AGC GAG TAC CAG CTG GTG GTG AAC GCC GTG CGC AAG CTG CAG GAG | 146   |    |
| Lys Ser Glu Tyr Gln Leu Val Val Asn Ala Val Arg Lys Leu Gln Glu |   |    |
|   | 30 35 40                                    |    |
| AGC GGA TTC TAC TGG AGC GCC GTG ACC GGC GGC GAG GCG AAC CTG CTG | 194   |    |
| Ser Gly Phe Tyr Trp Ser Ala Val Thr Gly Gly Glu Ala Asn Leu Leu |   |    |
|   | 45 50 55                                    |    |
| CTC AGC GCC GAG CCC GCG GGC ACC TTT CTT ATC CGC GAC AGC TCG GAC | 242   |    |
| Leu Ser Ala Glu Pro Ala Gly Thr Phe Leu Ile Arg Asp Ser Ser Asp |   |    |
|   | 60 65 70 75                                 |    |
| CAG CGC CAC TTC TTC ACG TTG AGC GTC AAG ACC CAG TCG GGG ACC AAG | 290   |    |
| Gln Arg His Phe Phe Thr Leu Ser Val Lys Thr Gln Ser Gly Thr Lys |   |    |
|   | 80 85 90                                    |    |
| AAC CTA CGC ATC CAG TGT GAG GGG GGC AGC TTT TCG CTG CAG AGT GAC | 338   |    |
| Asn Leu Arg Ile Gln Cys Glu Gly Lys Ser Phe Ser Leu Gln Ser Asp |   |    |
|   | 95 100 105                                  |    |
| CCC CGA AGC ACG CAG CCA GTT CCC CGC TTC GAC TGT GTA CTC AAG CTG | 386   |    |
| Pro Arg Ser Thr Gln Pro Val Pro Arg Phe Asp Cys Val Leu Lys Leu |   |    |
|   | 110 115 120                                 |    |
| GTG CAC CAC TAC ATG CCG CCT CCA GGG ACC CCC TCC TTT TCT TTG CCA | 434   |    |
| Val His His Tyr Met Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Ser Leu Pro |   |    |
|   | 125 130 135                                 |    |
| CCC ACG GAA CCC TCG TCC GAA GTT CCG GAG CAG CCA CCT GCC CAG GCA | 482   |    |
| Pro Thr Glu Pro Ser Ser Glu Val Pro Glu Gln Pro Pro Ala Gln Ala |   |    |
|   | 140 145 150 155                             |    |
| CTC CCC GGG AGT ACC CCC AAG AGA GCT TAC TAC ATC TAT TCT GGG GGC | 530   |    |
| Leu Pro Gly Ser Thr Pro Lys Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Ile Tyr Ser Gly Gly |   |    |
|   | 160 165 170                                 |    |
| GAG AAG ATT CCG CTG GTA CTG AGC CGA CCT CTC TCC TCC AAC GTG GCC | 578   |    |
| Glu Lys Ile Pro Leu Val Leu Ser Arg Pro Leu Ser Ser Asn Val Ala |   |    |
|   | 175 180 185                                 |    |
| ACC CTC CAG CAT CTT TGT CGG AAG ACT GTC AAC GGC CAC CTG GAC TCC | 626   |    |
| Thr Leu Gln His Leu Cys Arg Lys Thr Val Asn Gly His Leu Asp Ser |   |    |
|   | 190 195 200                                 |    |
| TAT GAG AAA GTG ACC CAG CTG CCT GGA CCC ATT CGG GAG TTC CTG GAT | 674   |    |
| Tyr Glu Lys Val Thr Gln Leu Pro Gly Pro Ile Arg Glu Phe Leu Asp |   |    |
|   | 205 210 215                                 |    |
| CAG TAT GAT GCT CCA CTT TAAGGAGCAA AAGGGTCAGA GGGGGGCCTG        | 722   |    |
| Gln Tyr Asp Ala Pro Leu   |   |    |
|   | 220 225                                     |    |

00962550.103197



- 114 -

GGTCGGTCGG TCGCCTCTCC TCCGAGGCAC ATGGCACAAG CACAAAAATC CAGCCCCAAC 782  
GGTCGGTAGC TCCCACTGAG CCAGGGGCAG ATTGGCTTCT TCCTCAGGCC CTCCACTCCC 842  
GCAGAGTAGA GCTGGCAGGA CCTGGAATTC GTCTGAGGGG AGGGGGAGCT GCCACCTGCT 902  
TTCCCCCTCC CCCCAGCTCC AGCTTCTTTC AAGTGGAGCC AGCCGGCCTG GCCTGGTGGG 962  
ACAATACCTT TGACAAGCGG ACTCTCCCTT CCCCTTCCTC CACACCCCTT CTGCTTCCCA 1022  
AGGGAGGTGG GGACACCTCC AAGTGTGAA CTAGAACTG CAAGGGGAAT CTTCAACTT 1082  
TCCCGCTGGA ACTTGTGTTG GCTTTGATTT GGTGTGATCA AGAGCAGGCA CCTGGGGGAA 1142  
GGATGGAAGA GAAAAGGGTG TGTGAAGGGT TTTTATGCTG GCCAAAGAAA TAACCACTCC 1202  
CACTGCCCAA CCTAGGTGAG GAGTGGTGGC TCCTGGCTCT GGGGAGAGTG GCAAGGGGTG 1262  
ACCTGAAGAG AGCTATACTG GTGCCAGGCT CCTCTCCATG GGGCAGCTAA TGAAACCTCG 1322  
CAGATCCCTT GCACCCCGA ACCCTCCCGG TTGTGAAGAG GCAGTAGCAT TTAGAAGGGA 1382  
GACAGATGAG GCTGGTGAGC TGGCCGCCTT TTCCAACACC GAAGGGAGGC AGATCAACAG 1442  
ATGAGCCATC TTGGAGCCCA GGTTCCTTCC GGAGCAGATG GAGGGTTCTG CTTTGTCTCT 1502  
CCTATGTGGG GCTAGGAGAC TCGCCTTAAA TGCCCTCTGT CCCAGGGATG GGGATTGGCA 1562  
CACAAAGGAGC CAAACACAGC CAATAGGCAG AGAGTTGAGG GATTCAACCA GGTGGCTACA 1622  
GGCCAGGGGA AGTGGCTGCA GGGGAGAGAC CCAGTCACTC CAGGAGACTC CTGAGTTAAC 1682  
ACTGGGAAGA CATTGGCCAG TCCTAGTCAT CTCTCGGTCA GTAGGTCCGA GAGCTTCCAG 1742  
GCCCTGCACA GCCCTCCTTT CTCACCTGGG GGGAGGCAGG AGGTGATGGA GAAGCCTTCC 1802  
CATGCCGCTC ACAGGGGCCT CACGGGAATG CAGCAGCCAT GCAATTACCT GGAAGCTGGT 1862  
CTGTGTTGGG GAGAAACAAG TTTTCTGAAG TCAGGTATGG GGCTGGGTGG GGCAGCTGTG 1922  
TGTGGGGTG GCTTTTTTCT CTCTGTTTTG AATAATGTTT ACAATTTGCC TCAATCACTT 1982  
TTATAAAAT CCACCTCCAG CCCGCCCTC TCCCCACTCA GGCCTTCGAG GCTGTCTGAA 2042  
GATGCTTGAA AAACCAACC AAATCCCAGT TCAACTCAGA CTTTGCACAT ATATTTATAT 2102  
TTATACTCAG AAAAGAAACA TTTCAGTAAT TTATAATAAA AGAGCACTAT TTTTAAATGA 2162  
AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA 2187

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 225 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Met Val Thr His Ser Lys Phe Pro Ala Ala Gly Met Ser Arg Pro Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Thr Ser Leu Arg Leu Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Lys Ser Glu Tyr Gln  
20 25 30

0062550.10197

- 115 -

Leu Val Val Asn Ala Val Arg Lys Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Phe Tyr Trp  
35 40 45

Ser Ala Val Thr Gly Gly Glu Ala Asn Leu Leu Leu Ser Ala Glu Pro  
50 55 60

Ala Gly Thr Phe Leu Ile Arg Asp Ser Ser Asp Gln Arg His Phe Phe  
65 70 75 80

Thr Leu Ser Val Lys Thr Gln Ser Gly Thr Lys Asn Leu Arg Ile Gln  
85 90 95

Cys Glu Gly Gly Ser Phe Ser Leu Gln Ser Asp Pro Arg Ser Thr Gln  
100 105 110

Pro Val Pro Arg Phe Asp Cys Val Leu Lys Leu Val His His Tyr Met  
115 120 125

Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Ser Leu Pro Pro Thr Glu Pro Ser  
130 135 140

Ser Glu Val Pro Glu Gln Pro Pro Ala Gln Ala Leu Pro Gly Ser Thr  
145 150 155 160

Pro Lys Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Ile Tyr Ser Gly Gly Glu Lys Ile Pro Leu  
165 170 175

Val Leu Ser Arg Pro Leu Ser Ser Asn Val Ala Thr Leu Gln His Leu  
180 185 190

Cys Arg Lys Thr Val Asn Gly His Leu Asp Ser Tyr Glu Lys Val Thr  
195 200 205

Gln Leu Pro Gly Pro Ile Arg Glu Phe Leu Asp Gln Tyr Asp Ala Pro  
210 215 220

Leu  
225

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1094 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CTCCGGCTGG CCCCTTCTGT AGGATGGTAG CACACAACCA GGTGGCAGCC GACAATGCAG | 60  |
| TCTCCACAGC AGCAGAGCCC CGACGGCGGC CAGAACCTTC CTCCTCTTCC TCCTCCTCGC | 120 |
| CCGCGGCCCC CGCGCGCCCC CGGCCGTGCC CCGCGGTCCC GGCCCCGGCC CCCGGCGACA | 180 |
| CGCACTTCCG CACATTCCGT TCGCACGCCG ATTACCGGCG CATCACGCGC GCCAGCGCGC | 240 |
| TCCTGGACGC CTGCGGATTC TACTGGGGGC CCTGAGCGT GCACGGGGCG CACGAGCGGC  | 300 |
| TGCGCGCCGA GCGCGTGGGC ACCTTCCTGG TGCGCGACAG CCGCCAGCGG AACTGCTTTT | 360 |
| TCGCCCTTAG CGTGAAGATG GCCTCGGGAC CCACGAGCAT CCGCGTGCAC TTTCAGGCCG | 420 |
| GCGCCTTCA CCTGGATGSC AGCCGCGAGA GCTTCGACTG CCTCTTCGAG CTGCTGGAGC  | 480 |

- 116 -

|            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| ACTACGTGGC | GGCGCCGCGC | CGCATGCTGG | GGGCCCCGCT | GCGCCAGCGC | CGCGTGCGGC | 540  |
| CGCTGCAGGA | GCTGTGCCGC | CAGCGCATCG | TGGCCACCGT | GGGCCGCGAG | AACCTGGCTC | 600  |
| GCATCCCCCT | CAACCCCGTC | CTCCGCGACT | ACCTGAGCTC | CTTCCCCTTC | CAGATTTGAC | 660  |
| CGGCAGCGCC | CGCCGTGCAC | GCAGCATTAA | CTGGGATGCC | GTGTTATTTT | GTTATTACTT | 720  |
| GCCTGGAACC | ATGTGGGTAC | CCTCCCCGGC | CTGGGTTGGA | GGGAGCGGAT | GGGTGTAGGG | 780  |
| GCGAGGCGCC | TCCCGCCCTC | GGCTGGAGAC | GAGGCCGCAG | ACCCCTTCTC | ACCTCTTGAG | 840  |
| GGGGTCCCTC | CCCTCCTGGT | GCTCCCTCTG | GGTCCCCCTG | GTTGTTGTAG | CAGCTTAACT | 900  |
| GTATCTGGAG | CCAGGACCTG | AACTCGCACC | TCCTACCTCT | TCATGTTTAC | ATATACCCAG | 960  |
| TATCTTTGCA | CAAACCAGGG | GTTGGGGGAG | GGTCTCTGGC | TTTATTTTTC | TGCTGTGCAG | 1020 |
| AATCCTATTT | TATATTTTTT | AAAGTCAGTT | TAGGTAATAA | ACTTTATTAT | GAAAGTTTTT | 1080 |
| TTTTTTAAAA | AAAA       |            |            |            |            | 1094 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 211 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| Met | Val | Ala | His | Asn | Gln | Val | Ala | Ala | Asp | Asn | Ala | Val | Ser | Thr | Ala | 1  | 5  | 10 | 15 |
| Ala | Glu | Pro | Arg | Arg | Arg | Pro | Glu | Pro | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ser | 20 | 25 | 30 |    |
| Pro | Ala | Ala | Pro | Ala | Arg | Pro | Arg | Pro | Cys | Pro | Ala | Val | Pro | Ala | Pro | 35 | 40 | 45 |    |
| Ala | Pro | Gly | Asp | Thr | His | Phe | Arg | Thr | Phe | Arg | Ser | His | Ala | Asp | Tyr | 50 | 55 | 60 |    |
| Arg | Arg | Ile | Thr | Arg | Ala | Ser | Ala | Leu | Leu | Asp | Ala | Cys | Gly | Phe | Tyr | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 |
| Trp | Gly | Pro | Leu | Ser | Val | His | Gly | Ala | His | Glu | Arg | Leu | Arg | Ala | Glu | 85 | 90 | 95 |    |

03952560-103197

- 117 -

Pro Val Gly Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asp Ser Arg Gln Arg Asn Cys Phe  
100 105 110

Phe Ala Leu Ser Val Lys Met Ala Ser Gly Pro Thr Ser Ile Arg Val  
115 120 125

His Phe Gln Ala Gly Arg Phe His Leu Asp Gly Ser Arg Glu Ser Phe  
130 135 140

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Asp | Cys | Leu | Phe | Glu | Leu | Leu | Glu | His | Tyr | Val | Ala | Ala | Pro | Arg | Arg |
| 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |

Met Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Arg Gln Arg Arg Val Arg Pro Leu Gln Glu  
165 170 175

Leu Cys Arg Gln Arg Ile Val Ala Thr Val Gly Arg Glu Asn Leu Ala  
180 185 190

Arg Ile Pro Leu Asn Pro Val Leu Arg Asp Tyr Leu Ser Ser Phe Pro  
195 200 205

Phe Gln Ile  
210

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2807 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

|             |            |            |             |            |            |     |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----|
| GGAAACCGAG  | GCGGGGAGAC | CAGGAGGCCT | TGGCCTCAGA  | GCTTCAGAGT | CGCGTGGCAG | 60  |
| CAAAACAGAGA | AACCTGTAGA | GGGCAGTGTG | CGTCACTTAG  | CTCAGGGAAG | CTGCACGCGA | 120 |
| AACTCACCCG  | CCTTCATTCA | TAAACATCGT | CAGCTAGGCA  | CCTACTCCTG | GGCTTTCAGG | 180 |
| ACAAACTGAA  | TCACGAAACC | ACAGTGTCCT | TAAAATAGGT  | CTGACCGCCT | GAATCCCTGG | 240 |
| CCAAGGTGTG  | TACGGGGCAT | GGGAGCCCTT | GTGCAGAGAT  | GCTTGCAGGA | GCCTTGAGGG | 300 |
| GCTCTGTAAG  | ACAGAGGCTA | GGAAGACAAA | GTTGGGGGGCT | ACAGCTTCTT | GTCTTGCCCC | 360 |
| GGGCCTCAGT  | TTCTTCGGTT | GCCCACGTAG | GAGTGCAGAG  | AGTCCAGCCC | CTGGGGACCC | 420 |
| AACCCAAACCC | CGCCCAGTTT | CCGAGGAACT | CGTCCGGGAG  | CGGGGGCGCC | CCTCCCGCAC | 480 |
| CGCCTTAGGC  | TTCTTTTGAA | GCCTCTGCGG | TCAGGCCACC  | GCTTCCTGGG | AAGCCCAAGC | 540 |

|            |             |            |             |             |            |      |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------|
| CAAGGCCAGG | CCGAGTGGCC  | AACGGGAGGG | GCCCCGCGCG  | GATTCTGGAG  | GAGGGCGGCG | 600  |
| GCCCCACAGG | TCTCCAGGGC  | TGGCTAGCCG | GGCTCCTAGA  | GCGGAGACTG  | CCAAGGCCTT | 660  |
| CGGGTCCTGG | GCAGGAAGGA  | TCCTGGCAGG | GAGGAGTTGC  | TTGGGGGGTG  | GGGGGGAAAG | 720  |
| GCTCCAGGCG | CGGTGGAGCT  | CTGACCAGGA | GAATGCACAC  | ACTCGGAGGG  | GAGGAGGCGT | 780  |
| GTCAGCCCCA | AGCTAGCATC  | CCACCCGGGG | AGCAGCGATG  | TGGGGCGAAG  | GTAGCCAGAG | 840  |
| CAAAAGAGCA | GGCACCAGGT  | GACACGAAAC | AGAAGATTCC  | GGGTAGAGCC  | AGAACCCAG  | 900  |
| AAGTCCCAT  | CAGGGAAGGT  | GCGAGGCGAG | AACGAGTTAG  | GTGGACCCCTC | TCCAGGGGCA | 960  |
| GCCAAAGAAA | TCTAAAGAGA  | ACCCGAAGGA | CTTGCCGGAA  | AGAGAAACCG  | AAAGCGGCGG | 1020 |
| TGGGCGGGAT | CGGTGGGCGG  | GGCCTCCCTG | GTTTAAAGAGC | TTGATGCAGG  | GCGGGGCAGC | 1080 |
| AGCAGAGAGA | ACTGCGGCCG  | TGGCAGCGGC | ACGGCTCCCG  | GCCCCGGAGC  | ATGCGCGACA | 1140 |
| GCAGCCCCCG | AACCCCCAGC  | CGCGGCGCCC | CGCGTCCCGC  | CGCCAGGTGA  | GCCGAGGCAG | 1200 |
| CTGCGAAGGA | GCAGGCGGGA  | GGGGATGGGA | GGAAGGGGAG  | CAGAGCCTGG  | CAGGACTATC | 1260 |
| CTCGCAGACT | GCATGGCGGG  | GTCGTGGATG | CTATGCCTCT  | GGCGCCCGCC  | CCACCGGCTG | 1320 |
| GCCCAGGCGG | CCCTCGCGC   | GCGCGGGGCG | CCGTGAGCCC  | CTCCTCTCCG  | GCCCTGAGCC | 1380 |
| CGGATCGTCC | GCCCGGGTTC  | CAGTTCCCGG | CGTGGCCAGT  | AGGCGGCAAC  | CGCGAGGCGG | 1440 |
| CAAGCCACCC | AGCGGGGACG  | GCCTGGAGTC | GGGCCCTCT   | CCACGCCCCC  | TTCTCCACGC | 1500 |
| GCGCGGGGAG | GCAGGGCTCC  | ACCGCCAGTC | TGGAAGGGTT  | CCACATACAG  | GAACGGCCTA | 1560 |
| CTTCGCAGAT | GAGCCCACCG  | AGGCTCAGGC | TCCGGGCGGA  | TTCTGCGTGT  | CACCCTCGCT | 1620 |
| CCTTGGGGTC | CGCTGGCCCG  | CCTGTGCCAC | CCGGACGCCC  | GGTTCACTGC  | CTCTGTCTCC | 1680 |
| CCCATCAGCG | CAGCCCCGGA  | CGCTATGGCC | CACCCCTCCA  | GCTGGCCCTT  | CGAGTAGGAT | 1740 |
| GGTAGCACGT | AACCAGGTGG  | AAGCCGACAA | TGCGATCTCC  | CCGGCATCAG  | AGCCCCGACG | 1800 |
| GCGGCCAGAG | CCATCCTCGT  | CCTCGTCTTC | GTCTCTGCGG  | GCGGCCCGCG  | CGCGTCCCGG | 1860 |
| GCCCTGCCCG | GTGGTCCCGG  | CCCCGGCTCC | GGGCGACACT  | CACCTCCGCA  | CCTTCCGCTC | 1920 |
| CCACTCTGAT | TACCGGCGCA  | TCACGCGGAC | CAGCGCTCTC  | CTGGACGCCT  | GCGGCTTCTA | 1980 |
| CTGGGGACCC | CTGAGCGTGC  | ATGGGGCGCA | CGAACGGCTG  | CGTTCCGAAC  | CCGTGGGCAC | 2040 |
| CTTCTTGGTG | CGCGACAGTC  | GCCAGCGGAA | CTGCTTCTTC  | GCGCTCAGCG  | TGAAGATGGC | 2100 |
| TTCGGGCCCC | ACGAGCATTC  | GTGTGCACTT | CCAGGCCGGC  | CGCTTCCACC  | TGGACGGCAA | 2160 |
| CCGCGAGACC | TTGACTTGCC  | TCTTCGAGCT | GCTGCAGCAC  | TACGTGGCGG  | CGCCGCGCCG | 2220 |
| CATGTTGGGG | GCCCCACTGC  | GCCAGCGCCG | CGTGCGGCCG  | CTGCAGGAGC  | TGTCTCGCCA | 2280 |
| GCGCATCGTG | GCCGCCGTGG  | GTCGCGAGAA | CCTGGCACGC  | ATCCCTCTTA  | ACCCGGTACT | 2340 |
| CCGTGACTAC | CTGAGTTTCT  | TCCCCTTCCA | GATCTGACCG  | GCTGCCGCGG  | TGCCCCGAGA | 2400 |
| ATTAAAGTGG | AGCGCCTTAT  | TATTTCTTAT | TATTAATTAT  | TATTATTTTT  | CTGGAACCAC | 2460 |
| GTGGGAGCCC | TCCCCGCCCTA | GGTCGGAGGG | AGTGGGTGTG  | GAGGGTGAGA  | TCCCTCCAC  | 2520 |
| TTCTGGCTGG | AGACCTTATC  | CCGCCTCTCG | GGGGGCCTCC  | CCTCCTGGTG  | CTCCCTCCCG | 2580 |
| GTCCCCCTGG | TTGTAGCAGC  | TTGTGTCTGG | GGCCAGGACC  | TGAATCCAC   | GCCTACCTCT | 2640 |
| CCATGTTTAC | ATGTTCCCAG  | TATCTTTGCA | CAAACCAGGG  | GTGGGGGAGG  | GTCTCTGGCT | 2700 |
| TCATTTTCT  | GCTGTGCAGA  | ATATTCTATT | TTATATTTTT  | ACATCCAGTT  | TAGATAATAA | 2760 |
| ACTTTATTAT | GAAAGTTTTT  | TTTTTTAAAG | AAACAAAGAT  | TTCTAGA     |            | 2807 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 212 amino acids

- 119 -

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

```

Met Val Ala Arg Asn Gln Val Glu Ala Asp Asn Ala Ile Ser Pro Ala
1           5           10           15

Ser Glu Pro Arg Arg Arg Pro Glu Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser
          20           25           30

Ser Pro Ala Ala Pro Ala Arg Pro Arg Pro Cys Pro Val Val Pro Ala
          35           40           45

Pro Ala Pro Gly Asp Thr His Phe Arg Thr Phe Arg Ser His Ser Asp
          50           55           60

Tyr Arg Arg Ile Thr Arg Thr Ser Ala Leu Leu Asp Ala Cys Gly Phe
65           70           75           80

Tyr Trp Gly Pro Leu Ser Val His Gly Ala His Glu Arg Leu Arg Ser
          85           90           95

Glu Pro Val Gly Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asp Ser Arg Gln Arg Asn Cys
          100          105          110

Phe Phe Ala Leu Ser Val Lys Met Ala Ser Gly Pro Thr Ser Ile Arg
          115          120          125

Val His Phe Gln Ala Gly Arg Phe His Leu Asp Gly Asn Arg Glu Thr
          130          135          140

Phe Asp Cys Leu Phe Glu Leu Leu Glu His Tyr Val Ala Ala Pro Arg
145          150          155          160

Arg Met Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Arg Gln Arg Arg Val Arg Pro Leu Gln
          165          170          175

Glu Leu Cys Arg Gln Arg Ile Val Ala Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Asn Leu
          180          185          190

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03952560 103197

- 120 -

Ala Arg Ile Pro Leu Asn Pro Val Leu Arg Asp Tyr Leu Ser Ser Phe  
195 200 205

Pro Phe Gln Ile  
210

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1611 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 263..1529

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CGAATTCGGG GCGGGCTGTG TGAGTCTGTG AGTGAAGGC GCGCCGGCTC TTTTGTCTGA  | 60  |
| GTGTGACCCG GTGGCTTTGT TCCAGGCATT CCGGTGATTT CCTCCGGGCA GTCCGCAGAA | 120 |
| GCCGCAGCGG CCGCCCGCGC TCTCTCTGCA GTCTCCACAC CCGGGAGAGC CTGAGCCCGC | 180 |
| GTCACGCCCC TCAGCCCCCG CTGAGTCCCT TCTCTGTTGT CGCGTCCGAA TCGAGTTCCC | 240 |
| GGAATCAGAC GGTGCCCCAT AG ATG GCC AGC TTT CCC CCG AGG GTT AAC GAG  | 292 |
| Met Ala Ser Phe Pro Pro Arg Val Asn Glu                           |     |
| 1 5 10  |     |
| AAA GAG ATC GTG AGA TCA CGT ACT ATA GGG GAA CTC TTG GCT CCA GCA   | 340 |
| Lys Glu Ile Val Arg Ser Arg Thr Ile Gly Glu Leu Leu Ala Pro Ala   |     |
| 15 20 25  |     |
| GCT CCT TTT GAC AAG AAA TGT GGT GGT GAG AAC TGG ACG GTT GCT TTT   | 388 |
| Ala Pro Phe Asp Lys Lys Cys Gly Gly Glu Asn Trp Thr Val Ala Phe   |     |
| 30 35 40  |     |

00902560-10349

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| GCT CCT GAT GGT TCC TAC TTT GCG TGG TCA CAA GGA TAT CGC ATA GTG | 436 |
| Ala Pro Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Ala Trp Ser Gln Gly Tyr Arg Ile Val |     |
| 45 50 55  |     |
| AAG CTT GTC CCG TGG TCC CAG TGC CGT AAG AAC TTT CTT TTG CAT GGT | 484 |
| Lys Leu Val Pro Trp Ser Gln Cys Arg Lys Asn Phe Leu Leu His Gly |     |
| 60 65 70  |     |
| TCC AAA AAT GTT ACC AAT TCA AGC TGT CTA AAA TTG GCA AGA CAA AAC | 532 |
| Ser Lys Asn Val Thr Asn Ser Ser Cys Leu Lys Leu Ala Arg Gln Asn |     |
| 75 80 85 90   |     |
| AGT AAT GGT GGT CAG AAA AAC AAG CCT CCT GAG CAC GTT ATA GAC TGT | 580 |
| Ser Asn Gly Gly Gln Lys Asn Lys Pro Pro Glu His Val Ile Asp Cys |     |
| 95 100 105  |     |
| GGA GAC ATA GTC TGG AGT CTT GCT TTT GGG TCT TCA GTT CCA GAA AAA | 628 |
| Gly Asp Ile Val Trp Ser Leu Ala Phe Gly Ser Ser Val Pro Glu Lys |     |
| 110 115 120   |     |
| CAG AGT CGT TGC GTT AAT ATA GAA TGG CAT CGG TTC CGA TTT GGA CAG | 676 |
| Gln Ser Arg Cys Val Asn Ile Glu Trp His Arg Phe Arg Phe Gly Gln |     |
| 125 130 135   |     |
| GAT CAG CTA CTC CTT GCC ACA GGA TTA AAC AAT GGT CGC ATC AAA ATC | 724 |
| Asp Gln Leu Leu Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Asn Asn Gly Arg Ile Lys Ile |     |
| 140 145 150   |     |
| TGG GAT GTA TAT ACA GGA AAA CTC CTC CTT AAT TTG GTA GAC CAC ATT | 772 |
| Trp Asp Val Tyr Thr Gly Lys Leu Leu Leu Asn Leu Val Asp His Ile |     |
| 155 160 165 170   |     |
| GAA ATG GTT AGA GAT TTA ACT TTT GCT CCA GAT GGG AGC TTA CTC CTT | 820 |
| Glu Met Val Arg Asp Leu Thr Phe Ala Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu Leu Leu |     |
| 175 180 185   |     |
| GTA TCA GCT TCA AGA GAC AAA ACT CTA AGA GTG TGG GAC CTG AAA GAT | 868 |
| Val Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Leu Arg Val Trp Asp Leu Lys Asp |     |
| 190 195 200   |     |
| GAT GGA AAC ATG GTG AAA GTA TTG CGG GCA CAT CAG AAT TGG GTG TAC | 916 |
| Asp Gly Asn Met Val Lys Val Leu Arg Ala His Gln Asn Trp Val Tyr |     |
| 205 210 215   |     |
| AGT TGT GCA TTC TCT CCC GAC TGT TCT ATG CTG TGT TCA GTG GGC GCC | 964 |



PROPER/MSOCSLPRV-31/10/97

- 122 -

|   |      |
|---|------|
| Ser Cys Ala Phe Ser Pro Asp Cys Ser Met Leu Cys Ser Val Gly Ala |      |
| 220 225 230   |      |
| AGT AAA GCA GTT TTC CTT TGG AAT ATG GAT AAA TAC ACC ATG ATT AGG | 1012 |
| Ser Lys Ala Val Phe Leu Trp Asn Met Asp Lys Tyr Thr Met Ile Arg |      |
| 235 240 245 250   |      |
| AAG CTG GAA GGT CAT CAC CAT GAT GTT GTA GCT TGT GAC TTT TCT CCT | 1060 |
| Lys Leu Glu Gly His His His Asp Val Val Ala Cys Asp Phe Ser Pro |      |
| 255 260 265   |      |
| GAT GGA GCA TTG CTA GCT ACT GCA TCC TAT GAC ACT CGT GTG TAT GTC | 1108 |
| Asp Gly Ala Leu Leu Ala Thr Ala Ser Tyr Asp Thr Arg Val Tyr Val |      |
| 270 275 280   |      |
| TGG GAT CCA CAC AAT GGA GAC CTT CTG ATG GAG TTT GGG CAC CTG TTT | 1156 |
| Trp Asp Pro His Asn Gly Asp Leu Leu Met Glu Phe Gly His Leu Phe |      |
| 285 290 295   |      |
| CCC TCG CCC ACT CCA ATA TTT GCT GGA GGA GCA AAT GAC CGA TGG GTG | 1204 |
| Pro Ser Pro Thr Pro Ile Phe Ala Gly Gly Ala Asn Asp Arg Trp Val |      |
| 300 305 310   |      |
| AGA GCT GTG TCT TTC AGT CAT GAT GGA CTG CAT GTT GCC AGC CTT GCT | 1252 |
| Arg Ala Val Ser Phe Ser His Asp Gly Leu His Val Ala Ser Leu Ala |      |
| 315 320 325 330   |      |
| GAT GAT AAA ATG GTG AGG TTC TGG AGA ATC GAT GAG GAT TGT CCG GTA | 1300 |
| Asp Asp Lys Met Val Arg Phe Trp Arg Ile Asp Glu Asp Cys Pro Val |      |
| 335 340 345   |      |
| CAA GTT GCA CCT TTG AGC AAT GGT CTT TGC TGT GCC TTT TCT ACT GAT | 1348 |
| Gln Val Ala Pro Leu Ser Asn Gly Leu Cys Cys Ala Phe Ser Thr Asp |      |
| 350 355 360   |      |
| GGC AGT GTT TTA GCT GCT GGG ACA CAT GAT GGA AGT GTG TAT TTT TGG | 1396 |
| Gly Ser Val Leu Ala Ala Gly Thr His Asp Gly Ser Val Tyr Phe Trp |      |
| 365 370 375   |      |
| GCC ACT CCA AGG CAA GTC CCT AGC CTT CAA CAT ATA TGT CGC ATG TCA | 1444 |
| Ala Thr Pro Arg Gln Val Pro Ser Leu Gln His Ile Cys Arg Met Ser |      |
| 380 385 390   |      |
| ATC CGA AGA GTG ATG TCC ACC CAA GAA GTC CAA AAA CTG CCT GTT CCT | 1492 |
| Ile Arg Arg Val Met Ser Thr Gln Glu Val Gln Lys Leu Pro Val Pro |      |

00952560-1034

| 395   | 400 | 405 | 410 |      |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| TCC AAA ATA TTG GCG TTT CTC TCC TAC CGC GGT TAG A CTGAAGACTG      |     |     |     | 1539 |
| Ser Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe Leu Ser Tyr Arg Gly *                     |     |     |     |      |
|   | 415 | 420 |     |      |
| CCTTTCCTGG TAGGCCTGCC AGACAGAGCG CCCTTTACAA GACACACCTC AAGCTTTACC |     |     |     | 1599 |
| TCGTGCCGAA TT   |     |     |     | 1611 |

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 422 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

```

Met Ala Ser Phe Pro Pro Arg Val Asn Glu Lys Glu Ile Val Arg Ser
1           5           10           15

Arg Thr Ile Gly Glu Leu Leu Ala Pro Ala Ala Pro Phe Asp Lys Lys
           20           25           30

Cys Gly Gly Glu Asn Trp Thr Val Ala Phe Ala Pro Asp Gly Ser Tyr
           35           40           45

Phe Ala Trp Ser Gln Gly Tyr Arg Ile Val Lys Leu Val Pro Trp Ser
           50           55           60

Gln Cys Arg Lys Asn Phe Leu Leu His Gly Ser Lys Asn Val Thr Asn
65           70           75           80

Ser Ser Cys Leu Lys Leu Ala Arg Gln Asn Ser Asn Gly Gly Gln Lys
           85           90           95

Asn Lys Pro Pro Glu His Val Ile Asp Cys Gly Asp Ile Val Trp Ser
           100          105          110

Leu Ala Phe Gly Ser Ser Val Pro Glu Lys Gln Ser Arg Cys Val Asn
115           120           125

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PROPER/HSOCSI.PRV-31/1097

- 124 -

Ile Glu Trp His Arg Phe Arg Phe Gly Gln Asp Gln Leu Leu Leu Ala  
 130 135 140

Thr Gly Leu Asn Asn Gly Arg Ile Lys Ile Trp Asp Val Tyr Thr Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Lys Leu Leu Leu Asn Leu Val Asp His Ile Glu Met Val Arg Asp Leu  
 165 170 175

Thr Phe Ala Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp  
 180 185 190

Lys Thr Leu Arg Val Trp Asp Leu Lys Asp Asp Gly Asn Met Val Lys  
 195 200 205

Val Leu Arg Ala His Gln Asn Trp Val Tyr Ser Cys Ala Phe Ser Pro  
 210 215 220

Asp Cys Ser Met Leu Cys Ser Val Gly Ala Ser Lys Ala Val Phe Leu  
 225 230 235 240

Trp Asn Met Asp Lys Tyr Thr Met Ile Arg Lys Leu Glu Gly His His  
 245 250 255

His Asp Val Val Ala Cys Asp Phe Ser Pro Asp Gly Ala Leu Leu Ala  
 260 265 270

Thr Ala Ser Tyr Asp Thr Arg Val Tyr Val Trp Asp Pro His Asn Gly  
 — 275 280 285

Asp Leu Leu Met Glu Phe Gly His Leu Phe Pro Ser Pro Thr Pro Ile  
 290 295 300

Phe Ala Gly Gly Ala Asn Asp Arg Trp Val Arg Ala Val Ser Phe Ser  
 305 310 315 320

His Asp Gly Leu His Val Ala Ser Leu Ala Asp Asp Lys Met Val Arg  
 325 330 335

Phe Trp Arg Ile Asp Glu Asp Cys Pro Val Gln Val Ala Pro Leu Ser  
 340 345 350

Asn Gly Leu Cys Cys Ala Phe Ser Thr Asp Gly Ser Val Leu Ala Ala  
 355 360 365

08962560.103197

- 125 -

Gly Thr His Asp Gly Ser Val Tyr Phe Trp Ala Thr Pro Arg Gln Val  
 370 375 380

Pro Ser Leu Gln His Ile Cys Arg Met Ser Ile Arg Arg Val Met Ser  
 385 390 395 400

Thr Gln Glu Val Gln Lys Leu Pro Val Pro Ser Lys Ile Leu Ala Phe  
 405 410 415

Leu Ser Tyr Arg Gly \*  
 420

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 783 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CTGTCTTCCT CCGCAGCGCG AGGCTGGGTA CAGGGTCTAT TGTCTGTGGT TGA          | 60  |
| CTTTGGTCTG AGGCCTTCGG GAGCTTTCCC GAGGCAGTTA GCAGAAGCCG CAGCGACCGC   | 120 |
| CCCCGCCCCGT CTCCTCTGTC CCTGGGCCCCG GGAGACAAAC TTGGCGTCAC GCCCTCAGCG | 180 |
| GTCGCCACTC TCTTCTCTGT TGTGGGTGCC GCATCGTATT CCCGGAATCA GACGGTGCCC   | 240 |
| CATAGATGGC CAGCTTTCCC CCGAGGGTCA ACGAGAAAGA GATCGTGAGA TCACGTACTA   | 300 |
| TAGGTGAAC TTTAGCTCCT GCAGCTCCTT TTGACAAGAA ATGTGGTCGT GAAAATTGGA    | 360 |
| CTGTTGCTTT TGCTCCAGAT GGTTCATACT TTGCTTGGTC ACAAGGACAT CGCACAGTAA   | 420 |
| AGCTTGTTCC GTGGTCCCAG TGCCTCAGA ACTTTCTCTT GCATGGCACC AAGAATGTTA    | 480 |
| CCAATTCAAG CAGTTTAAGA TTGCCAAGAC AAAATAGTGA TGGTGGTCAG AAAAATAAGC   | 540 |
| CTCGTGACAT ATTATAGACT GTGGAGATAT AGTCTGGAGT CTTGCTTTTG GGTCA        | 600 |

0055550-10349

- 126 -

TCCAGAAAAA CAGAGTCGCT GTGTAAATAT AGAATGGCAT CGCTTCAGAT TTGGACAAGA 660  
 TCAGCTACTT CTTGCTACAG GGTGAACAA TGGGCGTATC AAAATATGGG ATGTATATCA 720  
 GGAAACTCCT CCTTAACTTG GTAGATCATA CTGAAGTGGT CAGAGATTTA ACTTTTGCTC 780  
 CAG 783

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1122 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

CTCTGTATGT CTGAATGAAG CTATAACATT TGCCTTTTTA TTGCAGGTTT TCCTTTGGAA 60  
 TATGGATAAA TACACCATGA TACGGAAACT AGAAGGACAT CACCATGATG TGGTAGCTTG 120  
 TGACTTTTCT CCTGATGGAG CATTACTGGC TACTGCATCT TATGATACTC GAGTATATAT 180  
 CTGGGATCCA CATAATGGAG ACATTCTGAT GGAATTTGGG CACCTGTTTC CCCCACCTAC 240  
 TCCAATATTT GCTGGAGGAG CAAATGACCG GTGGGTACGA TCTGTATCTT TTAGCCATGA 300  
 TGGACTGCAT GTTGCAAGCC TTGCTGATGA TAAAATGGTG AGGTCTCGGA GAATTGATGA 360  
 GGATTATCCA GTGCAAGTTG CACCTTTGAG CAATGGTCTT TGCTGTGCCT TCTCTACTGA 420  
 TGGCAGTGTT TTAGCTGCTG GGACACATGA CGGAAGTGTG TATTTTGGG CCACTCCACG 480  
 GCAGGTCCCT AGCCTGCAAC ATTTATGTCG CATGTCAATC CGAAGAGTGA TGCCCACCCA 540  
 AGAAGTTCAG GAGCTGCCGA TTCCTTCCAA GCTTTTGGAG TTTCTCTCGT ATCGTATTTA 600  
 GAAGATTCTG CCTTCCCTAG TAGTAGGGAC TGACAGAATA CACTTAACAC AAACCTCAAG 660  
 CTTTACTGAC TTCAATTATC TGTTTTTAAA GACGTAGAAG ATTTATTTAA TTTGATATGT 720

00962560-103197

- 127 -

|            |             |            |            |            |            |      |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| TCTTGTACTG | CATTTTGCATC | AGTTGAGCTT | TTAAAATATT | ATTTATAGAC | AATAGAAGTA | 780  |
| TTTCTGAACA | TATCAAATAT  | AAATTTTTTT | AAAGATCTAA | CTGTGAAAAC | ATACATACCT | 840  |
| GTACATATTT | AGATATAAGC  | TGCTATATGT | TGAATGGACC | CTTTTGCTTT | TCTGATTTTT | 900  |
| AGTTCTGACA | TGTATATATT  | GCTTCAGTAG | AGCCACAATA | TGTATCTTTG | CTGTAAAGTG | 960  |
| CAAGGAAATT | TTAAATTCTG  | GGACACTGAG | TTAGATGGTA | AATACTGACT | TACGAAAGTT | 1020 |
| GAATTGGGTG | AGGCGGGCAA  | ATCACCTGAG | GTCAGCAGTT | TGAGACTAGC | CTGGCAAACA | 1080 |
| TGATGAAACC | CTGTCTCTAC  | TAAAAATACA | AAAAAAAAAA | AA         |            | 1122 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2537 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
(B) LOCATION: 422..2029

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

|            |             |            |            |            |             |     |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| CGGCACGAGC | CGGGCTCCGT  | CCGGAGGAAG | CGAGGCTGCG | CCGCCGGCCC | GGCAGGAGCG  | 60  |
| GAGGACGGGA | GCGCGGGCGG  | TCGCGCTCGC | CCTGTCGCTG | ACTGCGCTGC | CCCGGCCCAT  | 120 |
| CCTTGCTTGG | CCGCAGGTGC  | CCTGGATGAG | GCCGCCGCGC | GTGTCCCGGC | CGCTGAGTGT  | 180 |
| CCCCCGCGGT | CGCCCGGCGC  | CTGCCCTCAA | GCGGCCGCCT | CTCCTTGCCC | GGGTCCCCGT  | 240 |
| TTTCCCCCGG | CGCAGTCCTC  | CTCCGGTGGG | CGCCTCCGCA | CCTCGGCGCA | GGCGGCACGG  | 300 |
| CCCTCGGGCC | GGGATGCGATC | CGCCGGGAAG | AGGAAGACAA | GCCGGGGCGT | TGAGCCCCCTG | 360 |

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CGCACGGTGC CGCCGCGCGT AGTGGGAGCT TACTCGCAGT AGGCTCTCGC TCTTCTAATC | 420 |
| A ATG GAT AAA GTG GGG AAA ATG TGG AAC AAC TTA AAA TAC AGA TGC     | 466 |
| Met Asp Lys Val Gly Lys Met Trp Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Arg Cys       |     |
| 1 5 10 15   |     |
| CAG AAT CTC TTC AGC CAC GAG GGA GGA AGC CGT AAT GAG AAC GTG GAG   | 514 |
| Gln Asn Leu Phe Ser His Glu Gly Gly Ser Arg Asn Glu Asn Val Glu   |     |
| 20 25 30  |     |
| ATG AAC CCC AAC AGA TGT CCG TCT GTC AAA GAG AAA AGC ATC AGT CTG   | 562 |
| Met Asn Pro Asn Arg Cys Pro Ser Val Lys Glu Lys Ser Ile Ser Leu   |     |
| 35 40 45  |     |
| GGA GAG GCA GCT CCC CAG CAA GAG AGC AGT CCC TTA AGA GAA AAT GTT   | 610 |
| Gly Glu Ala Ala Pro Gln Gln Glu Ser Ser Pro Leu Arg Glu Asn Val   |     |
| 50 55 60  |     |
| GCC TTA CAG CTG GGA CTG AGC CCT TCC AAG ACC TTT TCC AGG CGG AAC   | 658 |
| Ala Leu Gln Leu Gly Leu Ser Pro Ser Lys Thr Phe Ser Arg Arg Asn   |     |
| 65 70 75  |     |
| CAA AAC TGT GCC GCA GAG ATC CCT CAA GTG GTT GAA ATC AGC ATC GAG   | 706 |
| Gln Asn Cys Ala Ala Glu Ile Pro Gln Val Val Glu Ile Ser Ile Glu   |     |
| 80 85 90 95   |     |
| AAA GAC AGT GAC TCG GGT GCC ACC CCA GGA ACG AGG CTT GCA CGG AGA   | 754 |
| Lys Asp Ser Asp Ser Gly Ala Thr Pro Gly Thr Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg   |     |
| 100 105 110   |     |
| GAC TCC TAC TCG CGG CAC GCC CCG TGG GGA GGA AAG AAG AAA CAT TCC   | 802 |
| Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg His Ala Pro Trp Gly Gly Lys Lys Lys His Ser   |     |
| 115 120 125   |     |
| TGT TCC ACA AAG ACC CAG AGT TCA TTG GAT ACC GAG AAA AAG TTT GGT   | 850 |
| Cys Ser Thr Lys Thr Gln Ser Ser Leu Asp Thr Glu Lys Lys Phe Gly   |     |
| 130 135 140   |     |
| AGA ACT CGA AGC GGC CTT CAG AGG CGA GAG CGG CGC TAT GGA GTC AGC   | 898 |
| Arg Thr Arg Ser Gly Leu Gln Arg Arg Glu Arg Arg Tyr Gly Val Ser   |     |
| 145 150 155   |     |
| TCC ATG CAG GAC ATG GAC AGC GTT TCT AGC CGC GCG GTC GGG AGC CGC   | 946 |
| Ser Met Gln Asp Met Asp Ser Val Ser Ser Arg Ala Val Gly Ser Arg   |     |
| 160 165 170 175   |     |

**THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO**

PIOPERIE/MSOCS1.PRV-3/1097

- 129 -

TCC CTG AGG CAG AGG CTC CAG GAC ACG GTG GGT TTG TGT TTT CCC ATG 994  
 Ser Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Gln Asp Thr Val Gly Leu Cys Phe Pro Met  
 180 185 190

AGA ACT TAC AGC AAG CAG TCA AAG CCA CTC TTT TCC AAT AAA AGA AAA 1042  
 Arg Thr Tyr Ser Lys Gln Ser Lys Pro Leu Phe Ser Asn Lys Arg Lys  
 195 200 205

ATA CAT CTT TCT GAA TTA ATG CTG GAG AAA TGC CCT TTT CCT GCT GGC 1090  
 Ile His Leu Ser Glu Leu Met Leu Glu Lys Cys Pro Phe Pro Ala Gly  
 210 215 220

TCG GAT TTA GCA CAA AAG TGG CAT TTG ATT AAA CAG CAT ACC GCC CCT 1138  
 Ser Asp Leu Ala Gln Lys Trp His Leu Ile Lys Gln His Thr Ala Pro  
 225 230 235

GTG AGC CCA CAC TCA ACA TTT TTT GAT ACA TTT GAT CCA TCA CTG GTG 1186  
 Val Ser Pro His Ser Thr Phe Phe Asp Thr Phe Asp Pro Ser Leu Val  
 240 245 250 255

TCT ACA GAA GAT GAA GAA GAT AGG CTT CGC GAG AGA AGA CGG CTT AGT 1234  
 Ser Thr Glu Asp Glu Glu Asp Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Leu Ser  
 260 265 270

ATC GAA GAA GGG GTG GAT CCC CCT CCC AAC GCA CAA ATA CAC ACC TTT 1282  
 Ile Glu Glu Gly Val Asp Pro Pro Pro Asn Ala Gln Ile His Thr Phe  
 275 280 285

GAA GGT ACT GCA CAG GTC AAC CCA TTG TAT AAG CTG GGA CCA AAG TTA 1330  
 Glu Ala Thr Ala Gln Val Asn Pro Leu Tyr Lys Leu Gly Pro Lys Leu  
 290 295 300

GCT CCT GGG ATG ACA GAG ATA AGT GGA GAT GGT TCT GCA ATT CCA CAA 1378  
 Ala Pro Gly Met Thr Glu Ile Ser Gly Asp Gly Ser Ala Ile Pro Gln  
 305 310 315

GCA ATT GTG ACT CAG AAG AGG ATT CAA CCA CCC TAT GTC TGC AGT CAC 1426  
 Ala Ile Val Thr Gln Lys Arg Ile Gln Pro Pro Tyr Val Cys Ser His  
 320 325 330 335

GGA GGC AGA AGC AGC GCC AGG TGT CCG GGG ACA GCC ACG CGC ACG TTA 1474  
 Gly Gly Arg Ser Ser Ala Arg Cys Pro Gly Thr Ala Thr Arg Thr Leu  
 340 345 350

GCA GAC AGG GAG CTT GGA AAG TTC ATA CGC AGA TCG ATT ACA TAC ACT 1522

REF ID: A5523580



- 130 -

|   |      |
|---|------|
| Ala Asp Arg Glu Leu Gly Lys Phe Ile Arg Arg Ser Ile Thr Tyr Thr |      |
| 355 360 365   |      |
| GCC TCG TGC CAG ATT TGC TTC AGA TCA CAG GGA ATC CCT GTT ACT GGG | 1570 |
| Ala Ser Cys Gln Ile Cys Phe Arg Ser Gln Gly Ile Pro Val Thr Gly |      |
| 370 375 380   |      |
| GCG TGA TGG ACC GAT ACG AGG CCG AAG CCC TTC TAG AAG GGA AAC CCG | 1618 |
| Ala * Trp Thr Asp Thr Arg Pro Lys Pro Phe * Lys Gly Asn Arg     |      |
| 385 390 395   |      |
| AAG GCA CGT TCT TGC TCA GGG ACT CTG CAC AGG AGG ACT ACC TCT TCT | 1666 |
| Lys Ala Arg Ser Cys Ser Gly Thr Leu His Arg Arg Thr Thr Ser Ser |      |
| 400 405 410 415   |      |
| CTG TGA GCT TCC GCC GCT ACA ACA GGT CTC TGC ACG CCC GGA TCG AGC | 1714 |
| Leu * Ala Ser Ala Ala Thr Thr Gly Leu Cys Thr Pro Gly Ser Ser   |      |
| 420 425 430   |      |
| AGT GGA ACC ACA ACT TCA GCT TCG ATG CCC ATG ACC CCT GCG TGT TTC | 1762 |
| Ser Gly Thr Thr Thr Ser Ala Ser Met Pro Met Thr Pro Ala Cys Phe |      |
| 435 440 445   |      |
| ACT CCT CCA CGT CAC GGG GCT TCT CGA ACA CTA TAA AGA CCC CAG CTC | 1810 |
| Thr Pro Pro Arg His Gly Ala Ser Arg Thr Leu * Arg Pro Gln Leu   |      |
| 450 455 460   |      |
| TTG CAT GTT TTT TGA ACC GTT GCT AAC GAT ATC ACT GAA TAG AAC TTT | 1858 |
| Leu His_Val Phe * Thr Val Ala Asn Asp Ile Thr Glu * Asn Phe     |      |
| 465 470 475   |      |
| CCC TTT CAG CCT GCA GTA TAT CTG CCG CGC AGT GAT CTG CAG ATG CAC | 1906 |
| Pro Phe Gln Pro Ala Val Tyr Leu Pro Arg Ser Asp Leu Gln Met His |      |
| 480 485 490 495   |      |
| TAC GTA TGA TGG GAT TGA CGG GCT CCC GCT ACC GTC GAT GTT ACA GGA | 1954 |
| Tyr Val * Trp Asp * Arg Ala Pro Ala Thr Val Asp Val Thr Gly     |      |
| 500 505 510   |      |
| TTT TTT AAA AGA GTA TCA TTA TAA ACA AAA AGT TAG GGT TCG CTG GTT | 2002 |
| Phe Phe Lys Arg Val Ser Leu * Thr Lys Ser * Gly Ser Leu Val     |      |
| 515 520 525   |      |
| AGA ACG AGA CCA GTC AAA GCA AAG TAACTCCTGT CCCCAGGG CACTAACTAA  | 2056 |
| Arg Thr Arg Pro Val Lys Ala Lys                                 |      |

08965560-103197

- 131 -

530

535

GTCTGCTCCT CCCGTGCATC GAACTGCACC CATAGGAGGC AGTCAGCTGC TAGGATTTCC 2116  
 CACCCAGAAT GGGAGCTTAG TCATTAGCCT CTGCCCTATG GGGTCCGCTG TTCCTCAGAC 2176  
 AAAGGTGCCT AGGGACAGCA AGATGGCTTG CAGGTGTTTG GTGGGCTGTG ACAACTGAGG 2236  
 GAGGCAACTC TGGGGCATTG GCTATGAAGA ATTCTATTTT TTACCGAAGA ACAAAATTATT 2296  
 AATATTGGAT GGGTATTTCA ATAGTGTGAC TAATGTTTGA AATTATTTTT TCTAAGAATT 2356  
 TTTCTATAAC CTTCAGAAAA AGTAGTGATG TTTGTAGTTA CTATAAATCA AGCTTTGAAA 2416  
 GTTCAAAACA AACAAAGTTAA ATAAAAGACT ACCTTCCTTT TAGAGAAAAC AAATGCAAGT 2476  
 TTTCCAGGCC ACAGGCATTG TGCACGTGTA ATGTTGCTTG TTATCAGCTC CTTTCTCCTC 2536  
 C 2537

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 535 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Met Asp Lys Val Gly Lys Met Trp Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Arg Cys Gln  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asn Leu Phe Ser His Glu Gly Gly Ser Arg Asn Glu Asn Val Glu Met  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Pro Asn Arg Cys Pro Ser Val Lys Glu Lys Ser Ile Ser Leu Gly  
 35 40 45  
 Glu Ala Ala Pro Gln Gln Glu Ser Ser Pro Leu Arg Glu Asn Val Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Gln Leu Gly Leu Ser Pro Ser Lys Thr Phe Ser Arg Arg Asn Gln

00952560-10319

- 132 -

|   |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|---|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 65  |     | 70 |     | 75 |     | 80  |
| Asn Cys Ala Ala Glu Ile Pro Gln Val Val Glu Ile Ser Ile Glu Lys |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 85  |    | 90  |    | 95  |     |
| Asp Ser Asp Ser Gly Ala Thr Pro Gly Thr Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg Asp |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 100 |    | 105 |    | 110 |     |
| Ser Tyr Ser Arg His Ala Pro Trp Gly Gly Lys Lys Lys His Ser Cys |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 115 |    | 120 |    | 125 |     |
| Ser Thr Lys Thr Gln Ser Ser Leu Asp Thr Glu Lys Lys Phe Gly Arg |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 130 |    | 135 |    | 140 |     |
| Thr Arg Ser Gly Leu Gln Arg Arg Glu Arg Arg Tyr Gly Val Ser Ser |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 145 |    | 150 |    | 155 | 160 |
| Met Gln Asp Met Asp Ser Val Ser Ser Arg Ala Val Gly Ser Arg Ser |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 165 |    | 170 |    | 175 |     |
| Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Gln Asp Thr Val Gly Leu Cys Phe Pro Met Arg |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 180 |    | 185 |    | 190 |     |
| Thr Tyr Ser Lys Gln Ser Lys Pro Leu Phe Ser Asn Lys Arg Lys Ile |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 195 |    | 200 |    | 205 |     |
| His Leu Ser Glu Leu Met Leu Glu Lys Cys Pro Phe Pro Ala Gly Ser |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 210 |    | 215 |    | 220 |     |
| Asp Leu Ala Gln Lys Trp His Leu Ile Lys Gln His Thr Ala Pro Val |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 225 |    | 230 |    | 235 | 240 |
| Ser Pro His Ser Thr Phe Phe Asp Thr Phe Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 245 |    | 250 |    | 255 |     |
| Thr Glu Asp Glu Glu Asp Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Leu Ser Ile |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 260 |    | 265 |    | 270 |     |
| Glu Glu Gly Val Asp Pro Pro Pro Asn Ala Gln Ile His Thr Phe Glu |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 275 |    | 280 |    | 285 |     |
| Ala Thr Ala Gln Val Asn Pro Leu Tyr Lys Leu Gly Pro Lys Leu Ala |     |    |     |    |     |     |
|   | 290 |    | 295 |    | 300 |     |
| Pro Gly Met Thr Glu Ile Ser Gly Asp Gly Ser Ala Ile Pro Gln Ala |     |    |     |    |     |     |

00962560-10349

- 133 -

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305              310              315              320

Ile Val Thr Gln Lys Arg Ile Gln Pro Pro Tyr Val Cys Ser His Gly
              325              330              335

Gly Arg Ser Ser Ala Arg Cys Pro Gly Thr Ala Thr Arg Thr Leu Ala
              340              345              350

Asp Arg Glu Leu Gly Lys Phe Ile Arg Arg Ser Ile Thr Tyr Thr Ala
              355              360              365

Ser Cys Gln Ile Cys Phe Arg Ser Gln Gly Ile Pro Val Thr Gly Ala
              370              375              380

* Trp Thr Asp Thr Arg Pro Lys Pro Phe * Lys Gly Asn Arg Lys
385              390              395              400

Ala Arg Ser Cys Ser Gly Thr Leu His Arg Arg Thr Thr Ser Ser Leu
              405              410              415

* Ala Ser Ala Ala Thr Thr Gly Leu Cys Thr Pro Gly Ser Ser Ser
              420              425              430

Gly Thr Thr Thr Ser Ala Ser Met Pro Met Thr Pro Ala Cys Phe Thr
              435              440              445

Pro Pro Arg His Gly Ala Ser Arg Thr Leu * Arg Pro Gln Leu Leu
              450              455              460

His Val Phe * Thr Val Ala Asn Asp Ile Thr Glu * Asn Phe Pro
465              470              475              480

Phe Gln Pro Ala Val Tyr Leu Pro Arg Ser Asp Leu Gln Met His Tyr
              485              490              495

Val * Trp Asp * Arg Ala Pro Ala Thr Val Asp Val Thr Gly Phe
              500              505              510

Phe Lys Arg Val Ser Leu * Thr Lys Ser * Gly Ser Leu Val Arg
              515              520              525

Thr Arg Pro Val Lys Ala Lys
              530              535

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00963550-10349

- 134 -

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1221 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| GATTAAACAG CATAACAGCTC CTGTGAGCCC ACATTCAACA TTTTGTGATA CTTTGATCCA | 60  |
| TCTTTGGTTT CTACAGAAGA TGAAGAAGAT AGGCTTAGAG AGAGAAGGCG GCTTAGTATT  | 120 |
| GAAGAAGGGG TTGATCCCCC TCCCAATGCA CAAATACATA CATTTGAAGC TACTGCACAG  | 180 |
| GTTAATCCAT TATTAACTG GGACCAAAAT TAGCTCCTGG AATGACTGAA ATAAGTGGGG   | 240 |
| ACAGTTCTGC AATTCCACAA GCTAATTGTG ACTCGGAAGA GGATACAACC ACCCTGTGTT  | 300 |
| GCAGTCACGG AGGCAGAAGC AGCGTCAGAT ATCTGGAGAC AGCCATACCC ATGTTAGCAG  | 360 |
| ACAGGGAGCT TGGAAAGTCC ACACACAGAT TGATTACATA CACTGCTTCG TGCCTGATT   | 420 |
| GCTTCAATT ACAGGGAATC CCTGTACTG GGGACTGATG GACCGTTATG AAGCAGAAGC    | 480 |
| CCTTCTCGAA GGGAAACCTG AAGGCACGTT TTTGCTCAGG GACTCTGCGC AAGAGGACTA  | 540 |
| CTTCTTCTCT GTGAGCTTCC GCCGATACAA CAGATCCCTG CATGCCCGAA TTGAGCAGTG  | 600 |
| GAATCACAAC TTTAGTTTCG ACGCCCATGA CCCGTGTGTA TTCACTCCT CCACTGTAAC   | 660 |
| GGGACTTTTA GAACATTATA AAGATCCCAG TTCGTGCATG TTTTGTGAAC CATTGCTTAC  | 720 |
| TATATCACTA AATAGGACTT TCCCTTTTAG CCTGCAGTAT ATCTGTGCGG CGGTAATCTG  | 780 |
| CAGGTGCACT ACGTATGATG GAATTGATGG GCTCCCTCTA CCCTCAATGT TACAGGATTT  | 840 |
| TTTAAAGAG TATCATTATA AACAAAAAGT TAGAGTTCGC TGGTTGGAAC GAGAACCACT   | 900 |
| CAAGGCAAAG TAACTCTCC GGTCCCCAAA GGGTGTTAAC TAGGTCCGCT TTCATGTGCA   | 960 |

08962560-10319

PROPER/ETHASOCS1.PRV-31/10/97

- 135 -

TCAGACAGTA CACCTATAGC AAGCACACGT AGCAGTGTTA GGCTTTTTC TACAGTATGT 1020  
 AAGCTTAGTG TTAGTATCTG TCAGATGCTA CCTGCTGTTA CTTATTCAGA TAAACATGGT 1080  
 GCCTATTGGA ACAATAGCGG ATAGAGCTAC AGGTGTTTCA TAAGACTACA AAAACATTTT 1140  
 GCCTATTTTCG CTAACAGTTT GGTTTTAAAT GGCTGTGGTA TTTGAGTGAG GCAACTCTGG 1200  
 GGCATTGTGT ATGAAGAAAT G 1221

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2369 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 116..1330

## (ix) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

GGCACGAGGC GGTGGTGGCG GCGGCGGGCG CGGCCGCGGC GGGGCGGGCG CGGAATGAAG 60  
 GCCCACGGCC CTGGGGGCTG AGGCGCCCGC CGCCTGGGGC GGGCCGCGCG TCCTC ATG 118  
 Met  
 1  
 GAG GCC GGA GAG GAG CCG CTG CTG CTG GCT GAA CTC AAG CCT GGG CGC 166  
 Glu Ala Gly Glu Glu Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Glu Leu Lys Pro Gly Arg  
 5 10 15  
 CCC CAC CAG TTC GAC TGG AAG TCA AGC TGC GAG ACC TGG AGC GTG GCC 214  
 Pro His Gln Phe Asp Trp Lys Ser Ser Cys Glu Thr Trp Ser Val Ala  
 20 25 30  
 TTC TCG CCA GAC GGT TCC TGG TTC GCC TGG TCT CAA GGA CAC TGC GTG 262

03563560-103197

- 136 -

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Phe | Ser | Pro | Asp | Gly | Ser | Trp | Phe | Ala | Trp | Ser | Gln | Gly | His | Cys | Val |     |
| 35  |     |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |     |     |
| GTC | AAG | CTG | GTC | CCC | TGG | CCC | TTA | GAG | GAA | CAG | TTC | ATC | CCT | AAA | GGA | 310 |
| Val | Lys | Leu | Val | Pro | Trp | Pro | Leu | Glu | Glu | Gln | Phe | Ile | Pro | Lys | Gly |     |
| 50  |     |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     | 65  |     |     |
| TTC | GAA | GCC | AAG | AGC | CGA | AGC | AGC | AAG | AAT | GAC | CCA | AAA | GGA | CGG | GGC | 358 |
| Phe | Glu | Ala | Lys | Ser | Arg | Ser | Ser | Lys | Asn | Asp | Pro | Lys | Gly | Arg | Gly |     |
|     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |     |     |
| AGT | CTG | AAG | GAG | AAG | ACG | CTG | GAC | TGT | GGC | CAG | ATT | GTG | TGG | GGG | CTG | 406 |
| Ser | Leu | Lys | Glu | Lys | Thr | Leu | Asp | Cys | Gly | Gln | Ile | Val | Trp | Gly | Leu |     |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |     |     |
| GCC | TTC | AGC | CCG | TGG | CCC | TCT | CCA | CCC | AGC | AGG | AAA | CTC | TGG | GCA | CGT | 454 |
| Ala | Phe | Ser | Pro | Trp | Pro | Ser | Pro | Pro | Ser | Arg | Lys | Leu | Trp | Ala | Arg |     |
|     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |     |     |
| CAC | CAT | CCC | CAG | GCG | CCT | GAT | GTT | TCT | TGC | CTG | ATC | CTG | GCC | ACA | GGT | 502 |
| His | His | Pro | Gln | Ala | Pro | Asp | Val | Ser | Cys | Leu | Ile | Leu | Ala | Thr | Gly |     |
|     | 115 |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| CTC | AAC | GAT | GGG | CAG | ATC | AAG | ATT | TGG | GAG | GTA | CAG | ACA | GGC | CTC | CTG | 550 |
| Leu | Asn | Asp | Gly | Gln | Ile | Lys | Ile | Trp | Glu | Val | Gln | Thr | Gly | Leu | Leu |     |
| 130 |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     | 145 |     |     |     |
| CTT | CTG | AAT | CTT | TCT | GGC | CAC | CAA | GAC | GTC | GTG | AGA | GAT | CTG | AGC | TTC | 598 |
| Leu | Leu | Asn | Leu | Ser | Gly | His | Gln | Asp | Val | Val | Arg | Asp | Leu | Ser | Phe |     |
|     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |     |     |     |
| ACG | CCC | AGC | GGC | AGT | TTG | ATT | TTG | GTC | TCT | GCA | TCC | CGG | GAT | AAG | ACA | 646 |
| Thr | Pro | Ser | Gly | Ser | Leu | Ile | Leu | Val | Ser | Ala | Ser | Arg | Asp | Lys | Thr |     |
|     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |     |
| CTT | CGA | ATT | TGG | GAC | CTG | AAT | AAA | CAC | GGT | AAG | CAG | ATC | CAG | GTG | TTA | 694 |
| Leu | Arg | Ile | Trp | Asp | Leu | Asn | Lys | His | Gly | Lys | Gln | Ile | Gln | Val | Leu |     |
|     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |     |     |     |
| TCC | GGC | CAT | CTG | CAG | TGG | GTT | TAC | TGC | TGC | TCC | ATC | TCC | CCT | GAC | TGT | 742 |
| Ser | Gly | His | Leu | Gln | Trp | Val | Tyr | Cys | Cys | Ser | Ile | Ser | Pro | Asp | Cys |     |
|     | 195 |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| AGC | ATG | CTG | TGC | TCT | GCA | GCT | GGG | GAG | AAG | TCG | GTC | TTT | CTG | TGG | AGC | 790 |
| Ser | Met | Leu | Cys | Ser | Ala | Ala | Gly | Glu | Lys | Ser | Val | Phe | Leu | Trp | Ser |     |

00902560-103497

- 137 -

| 210   | 215 | 220 | 225 |      |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| ATG CGG TCC TAC ACA CTA ATC CGG AAA CTA GAA GGC CAC CAA AGC AGT |     |     |     | 838  |
| Met Arg Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ile Arg Lys Leu Glu Gly His Gln Ser Ser |     |     |     |      |
|   | 230 | 235 | 240 |      |
| GTT GTC TCC TGT GAT TTC TCT CCT GAT TCA GCC TTG CTT GTC ACA GCT |     |     |     | 886  |
| Val Val Ser Cys Asp Phe Ser Pro Asp Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Thr Ala |     |     |     |      |
|   | 245 | 250 | 255 |      |
| TCG TAT GAC ACC AGT GTG ATT ATG TGG GAC CCC TAC ACC GGC GCG AGG |     |     |     | 934  |
| Ser Tyr Asp Thr Ser Val Ile Met Trp Asp Pro Tyr Thr Gly Ala Arg |     |     |     |      |
|   | 260 | 265 | 270 |      |
| CTG AGG TCA CTT CAT CAC ACA CAA CTT GAA CCC ACC ATG GAT GAC AGT |     |     |     | 982  |
| Leu Arg Ser Leu His His Thr Gln Leu Glu Pro Thr Met Asp Asp Ser |     |     |     |      |
|   | 275 | 280 | 285 |      |
| GAC GTC CAC ATG AGC TCC CTG AGG TCC GTG TGC TTC TCA CCT GAA GGC |     |     |     | 1030 |
| Asp Val His Met Ser Ser Leu Arg Ser Val Cys Phe Ser Pro Glu Gly |     |     |     |      |
|   | 290 | 295 | 300 | 305  |
| TTG TAT CTC GCT ACG GTG GCA GAT GAC AGG CTG CTC AGG ATC TGG GCT |     |     |     | 1078 |
| Leu Tyr Leu Ala Thr Val Ala Asp Asp Arg Leu Leu Arg Ile Trp Ala |     |     |     |      |
|   | 310 | 315 | 320 |      |
| CTG GAA CTG AAG GCT CCG GTT GCC TTT GCT CCG ATG ACC AAT GGT CTT |     |     |     | 1126 |
| Leu Glu Leu Lys Ala Pro Val Ala Phe Ala Pro Met Thr Asn Gly Leu |     |     |     |      |
| —   | 325 | 330 | 335 |      |
| TGC TGC ACG TTC TTC CCA CAC GGT GGA ATT ATT GCC ACA GGG ACG AGA |     |     |     | 1174 |
| Cys Cys Thr Phe Phe Pro His Gly Gly Ile Ile Ala Thr Gly Thr Arg |     |     |     |      |
|   | 340 | 345 | 350 |      |
| GAT GGC CAT GTC CAG TTC TGG ACA GCT CCC CGG GTC CTG TCC TCA CTG |     |     |     | 1222 |
| Asp Gly His Val Gln Phe Trp Thr Ala Pro Arg Val Leu Ser Ser Leu |     |     |     |      |
|   | 355 | 360 | 365 |      |
| AAG CAC TTA TGC AGG AAA GCC CTC CGA AGT TTC CTG ACA ACG TAT CAA |     |     |     | 1270 |
| Lys His Leu Cys Arg Lys Ala Leu Arg Ser Phe Leu Thr Thr Tyr Gln |     |     |     |      |
|   | 370 | 375 | 380 | 385  |
| GTC CTA GCA CTG CCA ATC CCC AAG AAG ATG AAA GAG TTC CTC ACA TAC |     |     |     | 1318 |
| Val Leu Ala Leu Pro Ile Pro Lys Lys Met Lys Glu Phe Leu Thr Tyr |     |     |     |      |
|   | 390 | 395 | 400 |      |

08062560 103162



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- 138 -

AGG ACT TTC TAGCAGTGCC GGCTCCCCCA CCTCCTGCAG CAGCAGCAGT 1367  
 Arg Thr Phe  
 405

ACAAGGGACT GGCTAGGATG GAGTCAGGCA GCTCACACTG GACCAGTGTG GACCTTCCTT 1427  
 CCTCCCATGG CATGTGCAAG TAGGTCTGCG TGACCCCACT TCTGTGGTGC CGGCCTTACC 1487  
 TCGTCTTCAT CCGTGGTGAG CAGCCTTCGT CAGTCTAGTT GTGTTGAAGC CAAGTGCAGT 1547  
 TGTGGATGTT GCTGGGGTAA TAAAGGCAAG CGGGCTCCAG AGCCTCTCTG GTGGCGGCCA 1607  
 AGCCACACTC CCTTAACTGG GAAGTACCTG CCACGTAGGG CATTTCTGCT GCCTATTTCC 1667  
 AGCCAGCGGC TGCATGGTTT GAAGTTCCTC CGTTGTGGTC AGAAGAACTC TGGTGTGTTGG 1727  
 TTCCCTGCTC AGCTGCGCGT GGAAGTGGCT GAGCTCCTCA CCATACACTA GTGCCGGCTT 1787  
 TTGTTTCCTG TAAACAGTGG TTGCATGTGT AGAGAAGTAA CAAGCCAGTA TTCAGATCAT 1847  
 ACGAGGAGGC GTTCCTCGGT GCATGACGGT CAGATGGCCA TTTATCAGCA TATTTATTTG 1907  
 TATTTTCTCA GCACATAGTA AGGTACAACCT GTGTTTTCTC AATTGTCTCG AAAAAACAGA 1967  
 GTTCTTAAGT GGCCCACTG TCGAGCCAAG TCTAAGTCGT GTGGAGTCAG TGCTGACATC 2027  
 ACTGGCTTGT GCTGTCTGTC ACATGTGTTT GTCTCTGCTG CTTGACCTCA TGGGATGTAC 2087  
 CCTCCAGTTC AACTGCCCCA AACAGACAGC CCCTTCCAAG CACCGTTCTT TGACAGCGGT 2147  
 AGCAGCTACC TATTCAAGAC GCCTCACACA AAATCTGCCT TAGAAAGTTA ATATATTTTA 2207  
 AATTATTTTA AAAGAACTC AACATCTTAT TCTTTGGCCT TTCTTAATTG ATGCTTTATG 2267  
 GAGGCAGTGT TAACATTGTA CAGTGTATGC ATAGAGGAGT CTCCTCTATT TGAAGAACAA 2327  
 TGCAAAATGA GGCTTTCATT GAAGGGAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AA 2369

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

## (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 404 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

3926

Tyr Arg Thr Phe

- (A) LENGTH: 1246 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

[illegible]

- 141 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

|   |      |
|---|------|
| GACACTGCAT CGTCAAACCTG ATCCCCCTGGC CGTTGGAGGA GCAGTTCATC CCTAAAGGGT | 60   |
| TTGAAGCCAA AAGCCGAAGT AGCAAAAATG AGACGAAAGG GCGGGGCAGC CCAAAAGAGA   | 120  |
| AGACGCTGGA CTGTGGTCAG ATTGTCTGGG GGCTGGCCTT CAGCCTGTGC TTTCCCCACC   | 180  |
| CAGCAGGAAG CTCTGGGCAC GCCACCACCC CCAAGTGCCC GATGTCTCTT GCCTGGTTCT   | 240  |
| TGCTACGGGA CTCAACGATG GGCAGATCAA GATCTGGGAG GTGCAGACAG GGCTCCTGCT   | 300  |
| TTTGAATCTT TCCGGCCACC AAGATGTCGT GAGAGATCTG AGCTTCACAC CCAGTGGCAG   | 360  |
| TTTGATTTTG GTCTCCGCGT CACGGGATAA GACTCTTCGC ATCTGGGACC TGAATAAACA   | 420  |
| CGGTAAACAG ATTCAAGTGT TATCGGGCCA CCTGCAGTGG GTTTACTGCT GTTCCATCTC   | 480  |
| CCCAGACTGC AGCATGCTGT GCTCTGCAGC TGGAGAGAAG TCGGTCTTTC TATGGAGCAT   | 540  |
| GAGGTCTTAC ACGTTAATTC GGAAGCTAGA GGGCCATCAA AGCAGTGTG TCTCTGTGA     | 600  |
| CTTCTCCCCC GACTCTGCCC TGCTTGTCAC GGCTTCTTAC GATACCAATG TGATTATGTG   | 660  |
| GGACCTCTAC ACCGGCGAAA GGCTGAGGTC ACTCCACCAC ACCCAGGTTG ACCCCGCCAT   | 720  |
| GGATGACAGT GACGTCCACA TTAGCTCACT GAGATCTGTG TGCTTCTCTC CAGAAGGCTT   | 780  |
| GTACCTTGCC ACGGTGGCAG ATGACAGACT CCTCAGGATC TGGGCCCTGG AACTGAAAAC   | 840  |
| TCCCATTTGCA TTTGCTCCTA TGACCAATGG GCTTTGCTGG CACATTTTTT CCACATGGTG  | 900  |
| GAGTCATTGC CACAGGGACA AGAGATGGCC ACGTCCAGTT CTGGACAGCT CCTAGGGTCC   | 960  |
| TGTCCTCACT GAAGCACTTA TGCCGGAAG CCCTTCGAAG TTTCTAACA ACTTACCAAG     | 1020 |
| TCCTAGCACT GCCAATCCCC AAGAAAATGA AAGAGTTCCT CACATACAGG ACTTTTTAAG   | 1080 |
| CAACACCACA TCTGTGCTT CTTTGTAGCA GGGTAAATCG TCCTGTCAAA GGGAGTTGCT    | 1140 |
| GGATAAATGG GCCAAACATC TGGTCTTGCA TTGAAATAGC ATTTCTTTGG GATTGTGAAT   | 1200 |

08962560 10919

- 142 -

AGAATGTAGC AAAACCAGAT TCCAGTGTAC TAGTCATGGA TTTTTC

1246

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 422 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| ACCATGGTTC CAAGTCCTCT CCCCTGTGGT CAAGTTGCCC GAATGTTGGG CCCAAGTGCC | 60  |
| TTTTCCTCCT TGGGCCTCCC CTTCGTACCT GCAGGACAGT TTTCCGGAGC CCATTGGTA  | 120 |
| TGAGGTATTA ATTAGCCTTA ACTAAATTAC AGGGGACTCA GAGGCCCTGC TCCTGACCGA | 180 |
| TCCAGACACT ATTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTT ACAAATGGTGT GCATGTGCAG GAAATGACAA  | 240 |
| ATTTGTATGT CAGATTATAC AAGGATGTAT TCTTAAACCG CATGACTATT CAGATGGCTA | 300 |
| CTGAGTTATC AGTGGCCATT TATTAGCATC ATATTTATTT GTATTTTCTC AACAGATGTT | 360 |
| AAGGTACAAC TGTGTTTTTC TCGATTATCT AAAAACCATA GTACTTAAAT TGAACAAAAA | 420 |
| AA  | 422 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2019 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

009556 1034

- 143 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

|  |      |
|--|------|
| GGCACGAGGC GGGGTCAGGG CGGAGGCTGA GGACCAAGTA GGCATGGCGG AGGGCGGGAC    | 60   |
| CGGCCCCGAT GGACGGGCGG GCCCGGGACC CGCAGGTCCT AATCTGAAGG AGTGGCTGAG    | 120  |
| GGAGCAGTTC TGTGACCATC CACTGGAGCA CTGTGACGAT ACAAGACTCC ATGATGCAGC    | 180  |
| CTATGTAGGG GACCTCCAGA CCCTCAGGAA CCTACTGCAA GAGGAGAGCT ACCGGAGCCG    | 240  |
| CATCAATGAG AAGTCTGTCT GGTGCTGCGG CTGGCTTCCC TGCACACCAC TGAGGATCGC    | 300  |
| AGCCACTGCA GGCCATGGGA ACTGTGTGGA CTTCCTCATA CGCAAAGGGG CCGAGGTGGA    | 360  |
| CCTGGTGGAT GTCAAGGGGC AGACTGCCCT GTATGTGGCT GTAGTGAACG GGCACCTGGA    | 420  |
| GAGCACTGAG ATCCTTTTGG AAGCTGGTGC TGATCCCAAC GGCAGCCGGC ACCACCGCAG    | 480  |
| CACTCCTGTG TACCATGCCT YTCGTGTGGG TAGGGACGAC ATCCTGAAGG CTCTTATCAG    | 540  |
| GTATGGGGCA GATGTTGATG TCAACCATCA TCTGAATTCT GACACCCGGC CCCCTTTTTC    | 600  |
| ACGGCGGCTA ACCTCCTTGG TGGTCTGTCC TCTATACATC AGTGCTGCCT ACCATAACCT    | 660  |
| TCAGTGCTTC AGGCTGCTCT TGCAGGCTGG GGCAAATCCT GACTTCAATT GCAATGGCCC    | 720  |
| TGTCACACACC CAGGAGTTCT ACAGGGGATC CCCTGGGTGT GTCATGGATG CTGTCCTGCG   | 780  |
| CCATGGCTGT GAAGCAGCCT TCGTGAGTCT GTTGGTAGAG TTTGGAGCCA ACCTGAACCT    | 840  |
| GGTGAAGTGG GAATCCCTGG GCCCAGAGGC AAGAGGCAGA AGAAAGATGG ATCCTGAGGC    | 900  |
| CTTGCAAGTC TTAAAGAGG CCAGAAGTAT TCCCAGGACC TTGCTGAGTT TGTGCCGGGT     | 960  |
| GGCTGTGAGA AGAGCTCTTG GCAAATACCG ACTGCATCTG GTTCCCTCGC TGCCGCTGCC    | 1020 |
| AGACCCCATATA AAGAAGTTTT TGCTTTATGA GTAGCATTCAT CATGCAGTGC TGACTGCAAT | 1080 |
| GTGGAAGCCG ATCACCTGCA GTGAAACTG ACACAGACTC TGGCATCCTG GGAACCATGG     | 1140 |
| CCTGTGCTGC CAGCTTGATC CTTGGCTGTC AGTGAAGAAA AACGGCTGT GTTCTCTTGG     | 1200 |
| ACTGTGATTC TATCTCAGGT GCTTGGGCCA TCGAACGCTC CTTGAGTCAT TGTCAACTGA    | 1260 |

0096560-103197

- 144 -

|  |      |
|--|------|
| GAGGCACATA CAAACTTAAT TTTGTTCCCTC TTCAGTCTCT CTGTTTTGGA TTCTTCCTGG | 1320 |
| CAATGTGTGC AGCATGGGCT GAGCCTGGTG ATTGCCCTAG TGGGGAAGGC TTTTCTCTCC  | 1380 |
| AGGCTATGCA TCTATTTATG TTCCTACTTT GCAATTTATT GTTCTTTTAA GGCTTGATAT  | 1440 |
| CAAAACAGAA AGAGGTTTGT TAAGAAAAGA TATAGGGAGA AAGGAATTCC GGTTCCTGTC  | 1500 |
| ACTTGCTAGC CTGCTTTCCT TGCCTGGGTT TGTCTGTCTA TGCTGCCTGG TGCACATCCC  | 1560 |
| TTCTCTTTGC TGCCACTGTT CTATTTTGGG AGTTGTCTTC CGTCTAAGAT GGCTTCTGGG  | 1620 |
| GTTCTATCTT ATTGCACAGA GGTCCTCAGAA CAGTGTTTAT AGGGCACCAT CTGCTCTGCC | 1680 |
| AAGGGTTTTC TGATGTCTTA CCCTGGGGAT CTTGAGACAG TGGTTACCTT TAGGAGACCC  | 1740 |
| ACCTGGAACCT AACCATTAAG TGACTGCCCA CATTGAGATC AGGGACCATC TTAATAGTAC | 1800 |
| TCACTGCCAG TCCTCACAAG AGAAGATGAC ACGGGTGCTC TCTTCAGACA CTCCCATACA  | 1860 |
| GGAAAGTTGGA AAATGTCTTG GTCACCTGGG TTGTTCCCAG GCTACAACCT CTTGGTGTTC | 1920 |
| CACTAARACC AGRATATCCT AGTTTTTTGG GTTGAAGTGT CCCTCCCCAC TTTCCTTGAA  | 1980 |
| NCCCAATGCC CNTTTGKTN GGTGCTTCC CTAAAKTT                            | 2019 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 350 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ala | Arg | Gly | Gly | Val | Arg | Ala | Glu | Ala | Glu | Asp | Gln | Val | Gly | Met | Ala |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |     |

- 145 -

Glu Gly Gly Thr Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Ala Gly Pro Gly Pro Ala Gly  
20 25 30

Pro Asn Leu Lys Glu Trp Leu Arg Glu Gln Phe Cys Asp His Pro Leu  
35 40 45

Glu His Cys Asp Asp Thr Arg Leu His Asp Ala Ala Tyr Val Gly Asp  
50 55 60

Leu Gln Thr Leu Arg Asn Leu Leu Gln Glu Glu Ser Tyr Arg Ser Arg  
65 70 75 80

Ile Asn Glu Lys Ser Val Trp Cys Cys Gly Trp Leu Pro Cys Thr Pro  
85 90 95

Leu Arg Ile Ala Ala Thr Ala Gly His Gly Asn Cys Val Asp Phe Leu  
100 105 110

Ile Arg Lys Gly Ala Glu Val Asp Leu Val Asp Val Lys Gly Gln Thr  
115 120 125

Ala Leu Tyr Val Ala Val Val Asn Gly His Leu Glu Ser Thr Glu Ile  
130 135 140

Leu Leu Glu Ala Gly Ala Asp Pro Asn Gly Ser Arg His His Arg Ser  
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Val Tyr His Ala Xaa Arg Val Gly Arg Asp Asp Ile Leu Lys  
165 170 175

Ala Leu Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ala Asp Val Asp Val Asn His His Leu Asn  
180 185 190

Ser Asp Thr Arg Pro Pro Phe Ser Arg Arg Leu Thr Ser Leu Val Val  
195 200 205

Cys Pro Leu Tyr Ile Ser Ala Ala Tyr His Asn Leu Gln Cys Phe Arg  
210 215 220

Leu Leu Leu Gln Ala Gly Ala Asn Pro Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Gly Pro  
225 230 235 240

Val Asn Thr Gln Glu Phe Tyr Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Cys Val Met Asp  
245 250 255

08962560 103197



- 146 -

Ala Val Leu Arg His Gly Cys Glu Ala Ala Phe Val Ser Leu Leu Val  
260 265 270

Glu Phe Gly Ala Asn Leu Asn Leu Val Lys Trp Glu Ser Leu Gly Pro  
275 280 285

Glu Ala Arg Gly Arg Arg Lys Met Asp Pro Glu Ala Leu Gln Val Phe  
290 295 300

Lys Glu Ala Arg Ser Ile Pro Arg Thr Leu Leu Ser Leu Cys Arg Val  
305 310 315 320

Ala Val Arg Arg Ala Leu Gly Lys Tyr Arg Leu His Leu Val Pro Ser  
325 330 335

Leu Pro Leu Pro Asp Pro Ile Lys Lys Phe Leu Leu Tyr Glu  
340 345 350

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 419 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

|            |            |            |            |            |             |     |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| GCATCCATGG | CGGAGGGCGG | CAGCACGACG | GGCGGGCAGG | GCCGGGCTCC | GCAGGTCGTA  | 60  |
| ATCTGAAGGA | GTGGCTGAGG | GAGCAATTTT | GTGATCATCC | GCTGGAGCAC | TGTGAGGACA  | 120 |
| CGAGGCTCCA | TGATGCAGCT | TACGTCGGGG | ACCTCCAGAC | CCTCAGGAGC | CTATTGCAAG  | 180 |
| AGGAGAGCTA | CCGGAGCCGC | ATCAACGAGA | AGTCTGTCTG | GTGCTGTGGC | TGGCTCCCCCT | 240 |
| GCACACCGTT | GCGAATCGCG | GCCACTGCAG | GCCATGGGAG | CTGTGTGGAC | TTCCTCATCC  | 300 |
| GGAAGGGGGC | CGAGGTGGAT | CTGGTGGACG | TAAAAGGACA | GACGGCCCTG | TATGTGGCTG  | 360 |

[illegible]

TGGTGAACGG GCACCTAGAG AGTACCCAGA TCCTTCTCGA AGCTGGCGCG GACCCCAAC 419

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 595 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| GAGGAAGAAG AAAAGTGGAC CCTGAGGCGCT TGCAGGTCTT TAAAGAGGCC AGAAGTGTTT | 60  |
| CCAGAACCTT GCTGTGTCTG TGCCGTGTGG CTGTGAGAAG AGCTCTTGGC AAAACCGGCT  | 120 |
| TCATCTGATT CCTTCGCTGC CTCTGCCAGA CCCCATAAAG AAGTTTCTAC TCCATGAGTA  | 180 |
| GACTCCAAGT GCTGCGGTTG ATTCCAGTGA GGGAGAAAGT GATCTGCAGG GAGGTGGACA  | 240 |
| CCGAGCCCTG AGTGCTGTGC TGCTGCTGGT CTCCTGATGG CTGTTGCTGC AGAAGATGTC  | 300 |
| CTCGTAGACT GTCATTGCTC CTCAGSTGCC TGGGCCGCTG AACAGTCCTT GGGTCATTGT  | 360 |
| CAGCTGAGAG GCTTATACTA AAGTTATTAT TGTTTTTCCC AAGTTCTCTG TTCTGGATTT  | 420 |
| TCAGTTGCAT ATTAATGTAA CGGGCCATGG GGTATGTACA TGTAGGGGCT GAGGTTGGAG  | 480 |
| GCCTACTAAT TTCCTGTAGG GAAGACTCCC AGCACTTCTG GAACTGTGCT TCTCTTTATT  | 540 |
| TTTCTACTTC TCAATTTGAT GSTTCGATTA AAGCCTTCTA GTATCTCAAT GAAAA       | 595 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 896 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- 148 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 4..396

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CTG ATG TCC GCA ATT CTG AAG GTT GGA CAC CAC TGC TGG CTG CCT GTG | 48  |
| Met Ser Ala Ile Leu Lys Val Gly His His Cys Trp Leu Pro Val     |     |
| 1 5 10 15   |     |
| ACA TCC GCT GTC AAT CCC CAA AGG ATG CTG AGG CCA CCA CCA ACC GCT | 96  |
| Thr Ser Ala Val Asn Pro Gln Arg Met Leu Arg Pro Pro Pro Thr Ala |     |
| 20 25 30  |     |
| GTT TTC AAC TGT GCC GCT TGC TGC TGT CTG TGG GGG CAG ATG CTG ATG | 144 |
| Val Phe Asn Cys Ala Ala Cys Cys Cys Leu Trp Gly Gln Met Leu Met |     |
| 35 40 45  |     |
| AAT ACA TAC CGT GTA GTT CAG CTT CCT GAG GAG GCC AAG GGC TTG GTG | 192 |
| Asn Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Gln Leu Pro Glu Glu Ala Lys Gly Leu Val |     |
| 50 55 60  |     |
| CCA CCA GAG ATT CTA CAG AAG TAC CAT GGA TTC TAC TCT TCC CTC TTT | 240 |
| Pro Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln Lys Tyr His Gly Phe Tyr Ser Ser Leu Phe |     |
| -65 70 75   |     |
| GCC TTG GTG AGG CAG CCC AGG TCG CTG CAG CAT CTC TGC CGT TGT GCG | 288 |
| Ala Leu Val Arg Gln Pro Arg Ser Leu Gln His Leu Cys Arg Cys Ala |     |
| 80 85 90 95   |     |
| CTC CGC AGT CAC CTG GAG GGC TGT CTG CCC CAT GCA CTA CCG CGC CTT | 336 |
| Leu Arg Ser His Leu Glu Gly Cys Leu Pro His Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu |     |
| 100 105 110   |     |
| CCC CTG CCA CCG CGC ATG CTC CGC TTT CTG CAG CTG GAC TTT GAG GAT | 384 |
| Pro Leu Pro Pro Arg Met Leu Arg Phe Leu Gln Leu Asp Phe Glu Asp |     |
| 115 120 125   |     |
| CTG CTC TAC TAGGCTTGCT GCCCTGTGAA CAAAGCAGAC CCCACCCCCA         | 433 |
| Leu Leu Tyr   |     |
| 130   |     |

08952560-103197

[illegible]

Leu Val Arg Gln Pro Arg Ser Leu Gln His Leu Cys Arg Cys Ala Leu  
85 90 95

- 150 -

Arg Ser His Leu Glu Gly Cys Leu Pro His Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu Pro  
 100 105 110

Leu Pro Pro Arg Met Leu Arg Phe Leu Gln Leu Asp Phe Glu Asp Leu  
 115 120 125

Leu Tyr  
 130

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 436 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

GTGGGGGCGT CATCATGACC TCCTCTAGGG CTCTGCAACA TGACTCCTGT GGTGCAAATC 60

AACAAATTGT TCACTGATGA ATCCACAAGG ATCTCTGGGC CTACAACCAG GTCCTGGTCC 120

ACATGACTGT CGTCTTCGGA GAAGGCACCA CTCGCCCCCG GCAGGTACGG CTGACACCTC 180

CATGGGAGAA GACGTATCCA GGCAGCAGCT GCGCGGCCCT TCAAGAGGGC ACATCCCGTC 240

ATCTAAAGGC ACGGTGTACT GAAGGTAGTC CTGAGACATG AGTCCGATTA CTACAGGCAC 300

GTGTTCTCTCC AGGTGGAGGC TCAGGTCCCC GGGTGAGCTG GGGCTGCAGC GGGACTCAGG 360

GCGCGGCTCT GGCTGCAGGT CTCGCAGCTC CCTGGGCTGT AGCTCCCGCA GATCCTTGCG 420

CACACCGTTG ACTGGT 436

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 151 -

- (A) LENGTH: 2180 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

|   |      |
|---|------|
| TTAATAGTAC CTACATAGTA GAAAATTATA ACTCCACTTT AAAACAATGT TTTCTTTCTA | 60   |
| TTCAAATCAA TTTAAAACTT TTTATAAACA TTAATGTTGC AAGAGAATCC AGTCCATTTA | 120  |
| TGAAAATTAG TTGACAATCA AGTTCACCCA AGAAAATGTT GACTAAGCTA AAGAAATCAC | 180  |
| AGATAAAACA TTTTACCAA AGGATAGGTA ACACACAAAA AAATGCTATC ACAGGAAGCT  | 240  |
| ATGATCATCT AATATTTCTT TAATAATAAT TCTAGTTCCA TAGGTTTTCA TGTATGCCA  | 300  |
| ATTTGTACCC GAGTTTAATT ACAGAAAAGG CAACAATTC TAAATTGGTG GTATACATTT  | 360  |
| CTTTACAATT TTTTAATGTA AGGCCATTTA TTAAAATAGA CAAACTAGAA GATGAAAACG | 420  |
| AAGGCAACAG AAAAATTCAA CTTTTCACAA CCAAAGAAT TAGCACAACC TTAGAAATAA  | 480  |
| TTTAGAAAAA AGTGTTGTTA AAAGATATGT TGCAGATCTC CGTTCCATTA CCCAAGATTA | 540  |
| TGTCAATTCA CGATTCTAAA TAAATCTTTT TAAAGTAAGA GATTAAAAAC TCATCTTCAG | 600  |
| TGTATATGTA AATTCCGTGG TTTATCACA CAGGTATGTT TATTCAACAC TGCTTTGGAA  | 660  |
| ATGGACCAT TAAAAGGACA TGGCAATTC CATTCTGTTA AGTTTCATTC AACCTTTACT   | 720  |
| TAGGGGTTGA TTACCACATG AAATGTGCTT TTAATGCATA AAAATCACAG TGGATTAGCC | 780  |
| AGCAAAAGGG ACTGGGCGGG GGGGCGATTG AGGAGAATTT GATAATTCAC ATTGTGATTA | 840  |
| TTCTGCACAT TGATGAAACA TAATTCACAC CTCTAAAACC TCAAGACTTC CCTTTTTTAA | 900  |
| AGAACCACAAA TAAACCCAAG ACACCTTGCT GACACTTCCC CACCCCTAAA CAACTGATG | 960  |
| ACTCTTTTAC ACATAAAACT GAAATAGTTA TGGCAGCAAA AGATTTTGAT GGCAATGAAA | 1020 |

05962560-10319

- 152 -

GTTGTAAAC TGTATTTCAA TCTCTTGTC TTATTCCCAA AGTGCAAGAT GCAGGGTTCT 1080  
 CAATCTTTCA GTAGTGCTTC TCCTGTAAAT AATCCTTCAT TTTGTTTGGC AAAGGCAGTT 1140  
 TCTGAATTAA GTCTATTCTG GTATACTGAC GTATAACAAA ACGACACAGG TACTGCAACG 1200  
 AGCGCACCTA TGAACCCCGG AACACTGGTT GGCAAGTTCT GACGGAAGTG CAGATTCCAG 1260  
 GCAGCGAGAC CTTGAATAAC AAAAAGCTCC CATTTTCAGA GTCCCTGATT GAATGCTCCA 1320  
 ATTAGATCAA CTATGGACGT ATGTCCTTCC ACATCGGCTG TTCATAAAG CTAAACCTAC 1380  
 CATTTGAGTG CTCAATTCTA GTGTGAAGTG TTTTACCATG GGAGCGAAAG TCACAGCTTA 1440  
 AAAGGTAACG GTCGTCAGAA CTGTCCCGAA CAAGAAAAGA ACCATCTGGC ACGTTTGCTA 1500  
 GCTTCCCTTC TGCCTCCCAA CGTGTGATTG GTCCCCAGTA CCATCCTTGC TTTGCAAGTT 1560  
 TTTTCAGCTC CTCTGTAAGG CTTGTCACAA CCATGGGACC ACTACTTTGC ACTGAGTCAT 1620  
 AACTCTTGC AACCCAGGA GCAGAGTTCG GATCAAAATT CAAATGACAG CGCATAACTT 1680  
 TCAGCCACGT GGGGCTTTCT GTCCAGTGAG TCCACTGAAA GTTCCCCTTT GGGATTTGGA 1740  
 TTATTCCTGC ATTGGAGTAA CCAATGGTGA AGATTGGAGG GACATCCATC GTGAACCCGC 1800  
 TCTCCGGGGT TCTGCAACAT GACTCCCGTG GTGCCAATCA ACAAGCCATT CACCGGACTG 1860  
 ATCCAAGAAG ATCTCTGGGG CGACAAC TAGTCTGGTCT ACCTGACTCT CATCCTCGGG 1920  
 GAAAGCGCGC CCTCCCACTT GAGGAGGAAC CGCAGAGACT TCCATGGGAG AAGAGCTGTC 1980  
 CAGACAATAG CTCCGTGATC CTTCCAAAGG ATACATCCCC TCATCTAAAG GCACAGTATA 2040  
 CTGAATGTAG TCCTGAGGCA TAAGTCCAAT AACGACAGGC ACATGTTTAT CCAGGTGAAG 2100  
 ATGCAGGTCT CCATTATGAG AAGCCGAGCT CTTCAAGTGA TTGGCTTGCT CCTGGCACGT 2160  
 GGTCTCAGAC TGGAGGTCGT 2180

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 153 -

- (A) LENGTH: 2649 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

|  |      |
|--|------|
| GGCACGAGGC TGTGTCCAGC ACACAGAGAG GGCCCGGCCA TCTGCTTTGG TTCAGAGCCC  | 60   |
| TGTGTCTGTC TGTCACCTAG ACTCTTCCTC CCGGCTCGCA GCTCACCCCTC CATCCTCCTT | 120  |
| ACTGGCTCCA GCATGACTCG CTTCTCTTAT GCAGAGTACT TTGCTCTGTT TCACTCTGGC  | 180  |
| TCTGCACCTT CCAGGTCCCC TTCGTCTCCC GAGAACCAC CGGCCCGCGC ACCCCTGGGT   | 240  |
| CTGTTCCAAG GGGTCATGCA GAAGTATAGC AGCAACCTGT TCAAGACCTC CCAGATGGCG  | 300  |
| GCTATGGACC CCGTGCTGAA GGCCATCAAG GAAGGGGATG AAGAGGCCTT GAAGATCATG  | 360  |
| ATCCAGGATG GGAAGAATCT TGCAGAGCCC AACAAAGGAGG GCTGGCTGCC GCTCCACGAG | 420  |
| GCTGCCTACT ATGGCCAGCT GGGCTGCCTG AAAGTCCTGC AGCAAGCCTA CCCAGGGACC  | 480  |
| ATTGACCAAC GCACACTGCA GGAAGAGACA GCATTATACC TGGCCACATG CAGAGAACAC  | 540  |
| CTGGATTGCC TCCTGTCGCT GCTCCAGGCG GGGGCAGAGC CTGACATCTC TAACAAATCC  | 600  |
| AGGGAGACTC CACTTTACAA AGCCTGTGAG CGCAAGAACG CGGAGGCGGT GAGGATATTG  | 660  |
| GTGCGATACA ACGCAGACGC CAACCACCGC TGTAACAGGG GCTGGACCGC ACTGCACGAG  | 720  |
| TCTGTCTCCC GCAATGACCT GGAGGTCATG GAGATCCTAG TGAGTGGCGG GGCCAAGGTG  | 780  |
| GAGGCCAAGA ATGTCTACAG CATCACCCCT TTGTTTGTGG CTGCCCAGAG TGGGCAGCTG  | 840  |
| GAGGCCCTGA GGTTCCTGGC CAAGCATGGT GCAGACATCA ACACGCAGGC CAGTGACAGT  | 900  |
| GCATCAGCCC TCTACGAGGC CAGCAAGAAT GAGCATGAAG ACGTGGTAGA GTTTCTTCTC  | 960  |
| TCTCAGGGCG CCGATGCTAA CAAAGCCAAC AAGGACGGCC TGCTCCCCCT GCATGTTGCC  | 1020 |

0092550-1019



- 154 -

TCCAAGAAGG GCAACTATAG AATAGTGCAG ATGCTGCTGC CTGTGACCAG CCGCACGCGC 1080  
 GTGCGCCGTA GCGGCATCAG CCCGCTGCAC CTAGCGGCCG AGCGCAACCA CGACGCGGTG 1140  
 CTGGAGGCGC TGCTGGCCGC GCGCTTCGAC GTGAACGCAC CTCTGGCTCC CGAGCGCGCC 1200  
 CGCTCTACG AGGACCGCCG CAGTTCTGCG CTCTACTTCG CTGTGGTCAA CAACAATGTG 1260  
 TACGCCACCG AGCTGTTGCT GCTGGCGGGC GCGGACCCCA ACCGCGATGT CATCAGCCCT 1320  
 CTGCTCGTGG CCATCCGCCA CGGCTGCCTG CGCACCATGC AGCTGCTGTT GGACCATGGC 1380  
 GCCAACATCG ACGCCTACAT CGCCACTCAC CCCACCGCCT TTCCAGCCAC CATCATGTTT 1440  
 GCCATGAAGT GCCTGTGCTT ACTCAAGTTC CTTATGGACC TCGGCTGCGA TGGCGAGCCC 1500  
 TGCTTCTCCT GCCTGTACGG CAACGGGCCG CACCACCCGC CCCGCGACCT GGCCGCTTCC 1560  
 ACGACGCACC CGTGGACGAC AAGGCACCTA GCGTGGTGCA GTTCTGTGAG TTCCTGTGCG 1620  
 CCCCGBAAGT GAGCCGCTGG GCGGGACCCA TCATCGATGT CCTCCTGGAC TATGTGGGCA 1680  
 ACGTGCAGCT GTGCTCCCGG CTGAAGGAGC ACATCGACAG CTTTGAGGAC TGGGCTGTCA 1740  
 TCAAGGAGAA GGCAGAACCT CCGAGACCTC TGGCTCACCT CTGCCGGCTG CGGGTTCGGA 1800  
 AGGCCATAGG AAAATACCGG ATAAACTCC TGGACACACT GCCGCTTCCC GGCAGGCTAA 1860  
 TCAGAACTT GAAATATGAG AATACACAGT AACCAGCCTG GAGAGGAGAT GTGGCCTTCA 1920  
 GACTGTTTCC GGGACGCCCC AGGTGGCCTG CATCCAGGAC CCCCTGGGGT CAGAACAGGT 1980  
 GTGACCTTGC TGTTCTTTG CTGGAGCTTC ACCCAAAGTG AGAACCTGAT GTGGGGAGTG 2040  
 GACGTGGAAC CTCTGCTTTC AACTGTGAC CGGATCGCAG ACCCGCTCTG CTTCTGGCCA 2100  
 TAGCCAGAGA CCTTCAACCT GGGGCCAGGG GAGAGCTGGT CTGGGCAAGG TGGCCCAGGC 2160  
 AGGAATCCTG GCCTTAAGCT GGAGAACTTG TAGGAATCCC TCACTGGACC CTCAGCTTTC 2220  
 AGGCTGCGAG GGAGACGCCC AGCCCAAGTA TTTTATTTCC GTGACACAAT AACGTTGTAT 2280  
 CAGAAAAAAA AAAAAACATG GCGCGAGCTT ATTCCTTAGT AGGGTATTTA CTTGCATGCG 2340  
 CGCTTAAAGC TACTGGAAAC ATGCGTTCCA CTATGCTTGA GAATCCCCCTT GCACTGGTAA 2400

089550-103497

- 155 -

|            |            |             |            |            |            |      |
|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| ACGAGAGCCG | ACGTGCTTCA | AGGTTGGATT  | TTTGGTTGCC | CCTTTGGCGT | TCCGCGGGTT | 2460 |
| TGTCCGACGT | AATTGACCCC | GTGTTTGTGTC | ACTTTCGAGT | GTTCCGACTA | TTGGGGGGCT | 2520 |
| TTTGGTTGTC | CCCAAAATTG | TGGGTGGTGT  | GCGGACGCCA | CGAGAAGTGG | TTCATGGGCG | 2580 |
| ATAATCATTA | CTGGAGAATG | TAGAGCGGCG  | GTTTACGAA  | TAAATATTTT | TTAAGCCGCC | 2640 |
| TTCCCAAAA  |            |             |            |            |            | 2649 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 495 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| CCTCCTGAGA GTTCGCCGGC CCGGGCCCAA TGGGTTGTTC CAAGGGGTCA TGCAGAAATA  | 60  |
| CAGCAGCAGC TTGTTCAAGA CCTCCCAGCT GGCGCCTGCG GACCCCTTGA TAAAGGCCAT  | 120 |
| CAAGGATGCG ATGAAGAGGC CTTGAAGACC ATGATCAAGG AAGGGAAGAA TCTCGCAGAG  | 180 |
| CCCAACAAGG AGGGCTGGCT GCCGCTGCAC GAGGCCGCAT ACTATGGCCA GGTGGGCTGC  | 240 |
| CTGAAAGTCC TGCAGCGAGC GTACCCAGGG ACCATCGACC AGCGCACCCCT GCAGGAGGAA | 300 |
| ACAGCCGTTT ACTTGGCAAC GTGCAGGGGC CACCTGGACT GTCTCCTGTC ACTGCTCCAA  | 360 |
| GCAGGGGCAG AGCGGGACAT CTCCAACAAA TCCCGAGAGA ACCGCTCTAC AAAGCCTGTG  | 420 |
| AGCGCAAGAA CGCGGAAGCC GTGAAGATTC TTGGTGCAGC ACAACGCAGA CACCAACAAC  | 480 |
| GCTGCAACCG GGCTG   | 495 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 156 -

- (A) LENGTH: 709 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| GTGCAGCTCT GCTCGCGGCT GAAGGAACAC ATCGACAGCT TTGAGGACTG GGCCGTCATC | 60  |
| AAGGAGAAGG CAGAACCTCC AAGACCTCTG GCTCACCTTT GCCGACTGCG GGTTCGAAAG | 120 |
| GCCATTGGGA AATACCGTAT AAAACTCCTA GACACCTTGC CGCTCCCAGG CAGGCTGATT | 180 |
| AGATACCTGA AATACGAGAA CACCCAGTAA CTGGGGCCAC GGGGAGAGAG GAGTAGCCCC | 240 |
| TCAGACTCTT CTTACTAAGT CTCAGGACGT CGGTGTTCCC AACTCCAAGG GGACCTGGTG | 300 |
| ACAGACGAGG CTGCAGGCTG CCTCCCTCTC AGCCTGGACA GCTACCAGGA TCTCACTGGG | 360 |
| TCTCAGGGCC CAGAGCTTTG GCCAGAGCAG AGAACAGAAT GTGTCAAGGA GAAGAATCAT | 420 |
| TTGTTTACAA ACTGATGAGC AGATCCCAGA CCTTCTCTAC CTTCAGGAAT GGCAGAAACC | 480 |
| TCTATTCCTG GGGCCAGGGC AGAGCTTGAG GTGTTCTGGG GAAGGTGGTG CTCAGAGCCT | 540 |
| TCCCTGTGCC CCTCCACTTG TTCTGGAAAA CTCACCACTT GACTTCAGAG CTTTCTCTCC | 600 |
| AAAGACTAAG ATGAAGACGT GGCCCAAGGT AGGGGGTAGG GGGAGCCTGG GTCTTGAGG  | 660 |
| GCTTTGTTAA GTATTAATAT AATAAATGTT ACACATGTGA AAAAAAAAAA            | 709 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 848 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

009656-1049

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 1..624

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| TTG GAG AAG TGT GGT TGG TAT TGG GGG CCA ATG AAT TGG GAA GAT GCA | 48  |
| Leu Glu Lys Cys Gly Trp Tyr Trp Gly Pro Met Asn Trp Glu Asp Ala |     |
| 1 5 10 15   |     |
| GAG ATG AAG CTG AAA GGG AAA CCA GAT GGT TCT TTC CTG GTA CGA GAC | 96  |
| Glu Met Lys Leu Lys Gly Lys Pro Asp Gly Ser Phe Leu Val Arg Asp |     |
| 20 25 30  |     |
| AGT TCT GAT CCT CGT TAC ATC CTG AGC CTC AGT TTC CGA TCA CAG GGT | 144 |
| Ser Ser Asp Pro Arg Tyr Ile Leu Ser Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Gln Gly |     |
| 35 40 45  |     |
| ATC ACC CAC CAC ACT AGA ATG GAG CAC TAC AGA GGA ACC TTC AGC CTG | 192 |
| Ile Thr His His Thr Arg Met Glu His Tyr Arg Gly Thr Phe Ser Leu |     |
| 50 55 60  |     |
| TGG TGT CAT CCC AAG TTT GAG GAC CGC TGT CAA TCT GTT GTA GAG TTT | 240 |
| Trp Cys His Pro Lys Phe Glu Asp Arg Cys Gln Ser Val Val Glu Phe |     |
| 65 — 70 75 80   |     |
| ATT AAG AGA GCC ATT ATG CAC TCC AAG AAT GGA AAG TTT CTC TAT TTC | 288 |
| Ile Lys Arg Ala Ile Met His Ser Lys Asn Gly Lys Phe Leu Tyr Phe |     |
| 85 90 95  |     |
| TTA AGA TCC AGG GTT CCA GGA CTG CCA CCA ACT CCT GTC CAG CTG CTC | 336 |
| Leu Arg Ser Arg Val Pro Gly Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro Val Gln Leu Leu |     |
| 100 105 110   |     |
| TAT CCA GTG TCC CGA TTC AGC AAT GTC AAA TCC CTC CAG CAC CTT TGC | 384 |
| Tyr Pro Val Ser Arg Phe Ser Asn Val Lys Ser Leu Gln His Leu Cys |     |
| 115 120 125   |     |
| AGA TTC CGG ATA CGA CAG CTC GTC AGG ATA GAT CAC ATC CCA GAT CTC | 432 |
| Arg Phe Arg Ile Arg Gln Leu Val Arg Ile Asp His Ile Pro Asp Leu |     |
| 130 135 140   |     |

- 158 -

CCA CTG CCT AAA CCT CTG ATC TCT TAT ATC CGA AAG TTC TAC TAC TAT 480  
Pro Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Ile Ser Tyr Ile Arg Lys Phe Tyr Tyr Tyr  
145 150 155 160

GAT CCT CAG GAA GAG GTA TAC CTG TCT CTA AAG GAA GCG CAG CGT CAG 528  
Asp Pro Gln Glu Glu Val Tyr Leu Ser Leu Lys Glu Ala Gln Arg Gln  
165 170 175

TTT CCA AAC AGA AGC AAG AGG TGG AAC CCT CCA CGT AGC GAG GGG CTC 576  
Phe Pro Asn Arg Ser Lys Arg Trp Asn Pro Pro Arg Ser Glu Gly Leu  
180 185 190

CCT GCT GGT CAC CAC CAA GGG CAT TTG GTT GCC AAG CTC CAG CTT TGAAGAACCA  
631  
Pro Ala Gly His His Gln Gly His Leu Val Ala Lys Leu Gln Leu  
195 200 205

AATTAAGCTA CCATGAAAAG AAGAGGAAAA GTGAGGGAAC AGGAAGGTTG GGATTCTCTG 691

TGCAGAGACT TTGGTCCCC ACGCAAGCCC TGGGGCTTGG AAGAAGCACA TGACCGTACT 751

CTGCGTGGGG CTCCACCTCA CACCCACCCC TGGGCATCTT AGGACTGGAG GGGCTCCTTG 811

GAAACTGGA AGAAGTCTCA ACACTGTTTC TTTTCA 848

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

## --(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 207 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:36:

Leu Glu Lys Cys Gly Trp Tyr Trp Gly Pro Met Asn Trp Glu Asp Ala  
1 5 10 15

Glu Met Lys Leu Lys Gly Lys Pro Asp Gly Ser Phe Leu Val Arg Asp  
20 25 30

Ser Ser Asp Pro Arg Tyr Ile Leu Ser Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Gln Gly  
35 40 45

- 159 -

|   |     |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
| Ile Thr His His Thr Arg Met Glu His Tyr Arg Gly Thr Phe Ser Leu |     |     |     |
| 50  | 55  | 60  |     |
| Trp Cys His Pro Lys Phe Glu Asp Arg Cys Gln Ser Val Val Glu Phe |     |     |     |
| 65  | 70  | 75  | 80  |
| Ile Lys Arg Ala Ile Met His Ser Lys Asn Gly Lys Phe Leu Tyr Phe |     |     |     |
|   | 85  | 90  | 95  |
| Leu Arg Ser Arg Val Pro Gly Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro Val Gln Leu Leu |     |     |     |
|   | 100 | 105 | 110 |
| Tyr Pro Val Ser Arg Phe Ser Asn Val Lys Ser Leu Gln His Leu Cys |     |     |     |
|   | 115 | 120 | 125 |
| Arg Phe Arg Ile Arg Gln Leu Val Arg Ile Asp His Ile Pro Asp Leu |     |     |     |
|   | 130 | 135 | 140 |
| Pro Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Ile Ser Tyr Ile Arg Lys Phe Tyr Tyr Tyr |     |     |     |
| 145   | 150 | 155 | 160 |
| Asp Pro Gln Glu Glu Val Tyr Leu Ser Leu Lys Glu Ala Gln Arg Gln |     |     |     |
|   | 165 | 170 | 175 |
| Phe Pro Asn Arg Ser Lys Arg Trp Asn Pro Pro Arg Ser Glu Gly Leu |     |     |     |
|   | 180 | 185 | 190 |
| Pro Ala Gly His His Gln Gly His Leu Val Ala Lys Leu Gln Leu     |     |     |     |
| — 195   | 200 | 205 |     |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 464 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

08962560-103457

- 160 -

GTTCCAAGCC TAACCCATCT TTGTCGTTTG GAAATTCGGG CCAGTCTAAA AGCAGAGCAC 60  
 CTTCACTCTG ACATTTTCAT CCATCAGTTG CCACTTCCCA GAAGTCTGCA GAACTATTTG 120  
 CTCTATGAAG AGGTTTAAAG AATGAATGAG ATTCTAGAAC CAGCAGCTAA TCAGGATGGA 180  
 GAAACCAGCA AGGCCACCTG ACACAGGTCC TTAAATTCTG TTTAGTCACA AAAGACGGCT 240  
 TGTGTGACTG TTTGGATTG GTGATCAAAT GTCCATGTTT ACAGTTGCTT TTCCAGTTT 300  
 GTGTCTTCC CAATATTGTG AACCTTATCC ATCTTGCTT ACTCAGTTT ATTTCTAGTG 360  
 CACTTTGTTG TGTATTATTT GTTACCTGA CCATTTTCTA CTTTATTCTG CTAATAAACT 420  
 GTAATTCTGA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAA 464

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 747 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

GGGGATCGAA AGCGGGGGCT TCTGGGACGC AGCTCTGGAG ACGCGGCCTC GGACCAGCCA 60  
 TTTCGGTGTA GAAGTGGCAG CACGGCAGAC TGGTCAAACA AATGGATTTT ACAGAGGCTT 120  
 ACGCGGACAC GTGCTCTACA GTTGGACTTG CTGCCAGGGA AGGCAATGTT AAAGTCTTAA 180  
 GGAAACTGCT CAAAAAGGGC CGAAGTGTCG ATGTTGCTGA TAACAGGGGA TGGATGCCAA 240  
 TTCATGAAGC AGCTTATCAC AACTCTGTAG AATGTTTGCA AATGTTAATT AATGCAGATT 300  
 CATCTGAAAA CTACATTAAG ATGAAGACCT TTGAAGGTTT CTGTGCTTTG CATCTCGCTG 360  
 CAAGTCAAGG ACATTGGAAA ATCGTACAGA TTCTTTTAGA AGCTGGGGCA GATCCTAATG 420  
 CAACTACTTT AGAAGAAACG ACACCATTGT TTTTAGCTGT TGAAAATGGA CAGATAGATG 480

00962560-103197

- 161 -

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| TGTTAAGGCT GTTGCTTCAA CACGGAGCAA ATGTTAATGG ATCCCATTCT ATGTGTGGAT  | 540 |
| GGAACCTCCTT GCACCAGGCT TCTTTTCAGG AAAATGCTGA GATCATAAAA TTGCTTCTTA | 600 |
| GAAAAGGAGC AAACAAGGAA TGCCAGGATG ACTTTGGAAT CACACCTTTA TTGTGGCTG   | 660 |
| CTCAGTATGG CCAAGCTAGA AAGCTTTGAA GCATACTTAT TTCATCCGGG TGCAAATGTC  | 720 |
| AATTGTCAAG CCTTGGACAA AGCTACC                                      | 747 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1018 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CACAAATGGG ACCATACAAA AATCTTGGAC TTGTTAATAA CCACTTACTA ACCGGGACCT | 60  |
| GTGACACTGG GCTAAACAAA GTAAGTCCCT GTTACTCAG CAGTGTGTTGG GGGACATGAA | 120 |
| GGATTGCTTA GAAATATTAC TCCGGAATGG TCTACAGCCC AGACGCCAG GCGTGCCTTG  | 180 |
| TTTTTGATT CAGTTCTCCT GTGTGCATGG CTTCCTCAAAA GGAGGTGGAG CTGTAGTTCT | 240 |
| TTGGAATTGT GAACATTCTT TTGAAATATG GAGCCCAGAT AAATGAACTT CATTGGCAT  | 300 |
| ACTGCCTGAA GTACGAGAAG TTTTCGATAT TTCGCTACTT TTTGAGGAAA GGTGCTCAT  | 360 |
| TGGGACCATG GAACCATATA TATGAATTG TAAATCATGC AATTAAAGCA CAAGCAAAAT  | 420 |
| ATAAGGAGTG GTTGCCACAT CTTCTGGTTG CTGGATTGTA CCCACTGATT CTACTGTGCA | 480 |
| ATTCTTGGAT TGACTCAGTC AGCATTGACA CCCTTATCTT CACTTTGGAG TTTACTAATT | 540 |
| GGAAGACACT TGCACCAGCT GTTGAAAGGA TGCTCTCTGC TCGTGCCTCA AACGCTTGA  | 600 |
| TTCTACAGCA ACATATTGCC CACTGTTCCA TCCCTGACCC ATCTTTGTG TTTGGAAATT  | 660 |

00962560-103497



- 162 -

|   |      |
|---|------|
| CGGTCCAGTC TAAAATCAGA ACGTCTACGG TCTGACAGTT ATATTAGTCA GCTGCCACTT | 720  |
| CCCAGAAGCC TACATAATTA TTTGCTCTAT GAAGACGTTT TGAGGATGTA TGAAGTTCCA | 780  |
| GAAGTGGCAG CTATTCAAGA TGGATAAATC AGTGAAACTA CTTAACACAG CTAATTTTTT | 840  |
| TCTCTGAAAA ATCATCGAGA CAAAAGAGCC ACAGAGTACA AGTTTTTATG ATTTTATAGT | 900  |
| CAAAAGATGA TTATTGATTG TCAGATAGGT TAGGTTTTGG GGGGCCAGTA GTTCAGTGAG | 960  |
| AATGTTTATG TTTACAAC TA GCCTTCCCAG TAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA  | 1018 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1897 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CGGGGGGCTG GGACCTGGGG CGTAACCGTC TCTACCACGA CGGCAAGAAC CAGCCAAGTA | 60  |
| AAACATACCC AGCCTTTCTG GAGCCGGACG AGACATTCAT TGTCCCTGAC TCCTTTTTCG | 120 |
| TGGCCCTGGA CATGRATGAT GGGACCTTAA GTTTCATCGT GGATGGACAG TACATGGGAG | 180 |
| TGGCTTTCCG GGGACTCAAG GGTAAAAAGC TGTATCCTGT AGTGAGTGCC GTCTGGGGCC | 240 |
| ACTGTGAGAT CCGCATGCGC TACTTGAACG GACTTGATCC TGAGCCCCTG CCACTCATGG | 300 |
| ACCTGTGCCG GCGTTCGGTG CGCCTAGCGC TGCGAAAAGA GCGCCTGGGT GCCATCCCCG | 360 |
| CTCTGCCGCT ACCTGCCTCC CTCAAAGCCT ACCTCCTCTA CCAGTGATCC ACATCCCAGG | 420 |
| ACCGCCATAC GACAGCCATC TGGTGCCAAR TCACTGAGCC CGTTGGGGTC CGCCGACCCC | 480 |
| TGCGCCTGGG ATGGAAGCCC ACCTCAGCCA TGSGCAGACG TGCCCCCTCA TCCTACCGGC | 540 |

0896560-103197

- 163 -

TGCCTCTGCT GGGGGAACCT ATGCCAACGG ACTTCTCCCT TCCCAACACT GGCTGAAGCA 600  
 GCAGCACCCA GGCCCTTCCC TGAACCAGAT GCAGAGAATA AACTATGAAA ACCTCTCTCA 660  
 GGGCGCTTCT GCTCTCAGGT GGAGTGGGCT GGGGGGCACT CTCTGCAGAG AGAGGCTACA 720  
 CCCACCTGGG GGGTCCTGGG AGGTAAGACT AGTAGGAGGT GCCAGGGCTG ARTCCAAAAG 780  
 CAGGAATGGC CAGGAMCAGG CCATACAGAT GAAGCTCAGG ATGTCACATA CCATGGACAM 840  
 TGAGACAGAA CCCACAGGTG GAMTTCCCTT GGGCCAACGA GTGCCAGCTT TAATGTCAGC 900  
 TGCMTGGTCT CTGTGGCCTG TATTTATTCT TTAAACAGTA GCAAAGGCCA TTTATTTATT 960  
 CCACTTAGAA AGGAAACCTT GGTGGGTGGY TTCCCTCGAT GTGCTTTCCC CCACCTCCCT 1020  
 GGAATGTGTG TGCCACACCT GTCCTTGTCC CAGGCCAGGA CTGTGGCACA TGAGCTGGTG 1080  
 TGCACAGATA CACGTATGTC GTCGTGCATG ACCCCTGACT AGTTCCTAAG TAGCCCTGCA 1140  
 CCAAGCACCA GAGCAGACCC CAAGAGAGGC CCGTGCAAGT CCCCATGTCC CCAGGTCCCT 1200  
 GCTTCTGTTG CCTTGGGACT CATAACCCGG CACACGTGTT TCAGCCTCTT GACTTCCATG 1260  
 AGCTTCGAAT TTTGCCCCCG ATTCTTCTGA TATTTCCCAT TGGCATCCTC CAAAGCTCTG 1320  
 GGCCTGGAGG GCATTAGGAC ACATGGAATG AGTGGGGTCT CCAGCCCCCTG GGAAAGCCAC 1380  
 TGGCAAGGCA GGATTAGAAA GACCAAGAGC AGGGTGGGGC GCCATGAAGC CTGTATGCCT 1440  
 CTCAGGCTCA AGACCCCGCC ACACACCCAC TCAAGCCTCA GAAGTGGTGT GTAGGGCAGC 1500  
 CCCAGGAGAG GAATGCCTGT CCTAGCAGCA CGTACATGGA GCACCCACCA TGTGCTCCAG 1560  
 CCCTCTGGCT GTTCTCTTG CTCTAGAATC AACTCCCTAC ATTGGGAATG TAGCCATTG 1620  
 GTAGAGGACT TGCCTAGCCT GCAGGAAGCT CACGTTCCAT CCCCTGCACC AAGGAGAATC 1680  
 AAAGCTCAGG AGGCTGAGGC AGGAGGATTG CTGTCAGTGG TGTACAGAGG TCATGGCCAT 1740  
 CCTGGGCTAT ATTAACCTT GTCCTTTAAG AAAAAGAAAA GAAATCAACT TCCATTGAAT 1800  
 CTGAGTTCTG CTCATTTCTG CACAGGTACA ATAGATGACT TKATTTGTTG AAAAATGKTT 1860  
 AATATATTTA CMTATATATA TATTTGTAAG AAGCATT 1897

00962560-103197

- 164 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 134 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

Gly Gly Trp Asp Leu Gly Arg Asn Arg Leu Tyr His Asp Gly Lys Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gln Pro Ser Lys Thr Tyr Pro Ala Phe Leu Glu Pro Asp Glu Thr Phe  
20 25 30

Ile Val Pro Asp Ser Phe Phe Val Ala Leu Asp Met Xaa Asp Gly Thr  
35 40 45

Leu Ser Phe Ile Val Asp Gly Gln Tyr Met Gly Val Ala Phe Arg Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Lys Gly Lys Lys Leu Tyr Pro Val Val Ser Ala Val Trp Gly His  
65                      70                      75                      80

Cys Glu Ile Arg Met Arg Tyr Leu Asn Gly Leu Asp Pro Glu Pro Leu  
85 90 95

Pro Leu Met Asp Leu Cys Arg Arg Ser Val Arg Leu Ala Leu Gly Lys  
100 105 110

Glu Arg Leu Gly Ala Ile Pro Ala Leu Pro Leu Pro Ala Ser Leu Lys  
115 120 125

Ala Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Gln  
130

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

| Case | Age | Sex | Duration | Site   | Histology      | Immunohistochemistry | Molecular biology | Prognosis | Treatment    | Outcome  | Follow-up | Comments            |
|------|-----|-----|----------|--------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|
|      |     |     |          |        |                |                      |                   |           |              |          |           |                     |
| 1    | 45  | F   | 10 years | Rectum | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu+         | Good      | Chemotherapy | Alive    | 10 years  | Long-term survival  |
| 2    | 60  | M   | 5 years  | Colon  | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu-         | Poor      | Chemotherapy | Deceased | 5 years   | Short-term survival |
| 3    | 55  | F   | 8 years  | Rectum | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu+         | Good      | Chemotherapy | Alive    | 8 years   | Long-term survival  |
| 4    | 70  | M   | 3 years  | Colon  | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu-         | Poor      | Chemotherapy | Deceased | 3 years   | Short-term survival |
| 5    | 65  | F   | 12 years | Rectum | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu+         | Good      | Chemotherapy | Alive    | 12 years  | Long-term survival  |
| 6    | 50  | M   | 7 years  | Colon  | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu-         | Poor      | Chemotherapy | Deceased | 7 years   | Short-term survival |
| 7    | 68  | F   | 9 years  | Rectum | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu+         | Good      | Chemotherapy | Alive    | 9 years   | Long-term survival  |
| 8    | 72  | M   | 4 years  | Colon  | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu-         | Poor      | Chemotherapy | Deceased | 4 years   | Short-term survival |
| 9    | 58  | F   | 11 years | Rectum | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu+         | Good      | Chemotherapy | Alive    | 11 years  | Long-term survival  |
| 10   | 62  | M   | 6 years  | Colon  | Adenocarcinoma | CK20+, CK7+          | HER2/neu-         | Poor      | Chemotherapy | Deceased | 6 years   | Short-term survival |

- 165 -

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 265 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

AAGGGTAAAA AACTGTATCC TGTAGTGAGT GCCGTCTGGG GCCACTGTAG ATCCGAATGC 60  
 GCTACTTGAA CGGACTCGAT CCCGAGACTG CCGCTCATGG ATTTGTGCCG TCGCTCGGTG 120  
 CGCCTGGCCC TGGGGAGGGA GCGCCTGGGG GAGAACCACA CCTGCCGCTG CCGGCTTCCC 180  
 TCAAGGCCTA CCTCCTCTAC CAGTGACGTT CGCCATCATA CCGCCAGCGC GACAGCCACC 240  
 TGGTGCCAAC TCACTGAGCC GCCTG 265

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2438 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

AAGTGGCGGC GGTCCCTGGA GAGCAGGCGG AGGCAGCGGC AAGTCTGACT CTGGGCTGAC 60  
 CGTGGAGCCG GGGCGGGGGC TGACAGCCAG GCCTCCGCCT GGCGGGAGCC GCACGAGGAG 120  
 CGGGAGTGGC CGGGCCTCTC TTCCGCGCTT GAGCGAGCGC CGGGTGATGG CGGTGGTGAT 180  
 GGCGGCAGGC GCTCGGACAG CTCCGCTTGA GCTGAGCTCG GAGAGATCCG TCCAGAAAGT 240

096550-103497

- 166 -

|  |      |
|--|------|
| GCCCAGAAGA AACTTCCTCT TAGAAAAGCT GAAAAACACA RTATTTATAA CACTGGAAAT  | 300  |
| TGTAAAGAAT TTGTTTAAAA TGGCTGAAAA CAATAGTAAA AATGTAGATG TACGGCCTAA  | 360  |
| AACAAGTCGG AGTCGAAGTG CTGACAGGAA GGATGGTTAT GTGTGGAGTG GAAAGAAGTT  | 420  |
| GTCTTGGTCC AAAAAGAGTG AGAGTTGTTT TGAATCTGAA GCCATAGGTA CTGTTGAGAA  | 480  |
| TGTTGAAATT CCTCTAAGAA GCCAAGAAAG GCAGCTTAGC TGTTCGTCCA TTGAGTTGGA  | 540  |
| CTTAGATCAT TCCTGTGGGC ATAGATTTTT AGGCCGATCC CTTAAACAGA AACTGCAAGA  | 600  |
| TGCGGTGGGG CAGTGTTTTC CAATAAAGAA TTGTAGTGGC CGACACTCTC CAGGGCTTCC  | 660  |
| ATCTAAAAGA AAGATTCATA TCAGTGAAGT CATGTTAGAT AAGTGCCCTT TCCCACCTCG  | 720  |
| CTCAGATTTA GCCTTTAGGT GGCATTTTAT TAAACGACAC ACTGTTCCCTA TGAGTCCCAA | 780  |
| CTCAGATGAA TGGGTGAGTG CAGACCTGTC TGAGAGGAAA CTGAGAGATG CTCAGCTGAA  | 840  |
| ACGAAGAAAC ACAGAAGATG ACATACCCTG TTTCTCACAT ACCAATGGCC AGCCTTGTGT  | 900  |
| CATAACTGCC AACAGTGCTT CGGTACAGG TGGTCACATA ACTGGTTCTA TGATGAACTT   | 960  |
| GGTCACAAAC AACAGCATAG AAGACAGTGA CATGGATTCA GAGGATGAAA TTATAACGCT  | 1020 |
| GTGCACAAGC TCCAGAAAAA GGAATAAGCC CAGGTGGGAA ATGGAAGAGG AGATCCTGCA  | 1080 |
| GTTGGAGGCA CCTCCTAAGT TCCACACCCA GATCGACTAC GTCCACTGCC TTGTTCCAGA  | 1140 |
| CCTCCTTCAG ATCAGTAACA ATCCGTGCTA CTGGGGTGTC ATGGACAAAT ATGCAGCCGA  | 1200 |
| AGCTCTGCTG GAAGGAAAGC CAGAGGGCAC CTTTTACTT CGAGATTCAG CGCAGGAAGA   | 1260 |
| TTATTTATTC TCTGTTAGTT TTAGACGCTA CAGTCGTTCT CTTCATGCTA GAATTGAGCA  | 1320 |
| GTGGAATCAT AACTTTAGCT TTGATGCCCA TGATCCTTGT GTCTTCCATT CTCCTGATAT  | 1380 |
| TACTGGGCTC CTGGAACACT ATAAGGACCC CAGTGCCTGT ATGTTCTTTG AGCCGCTCTT  | 1440 |
| GTCCACTCCC TTAATCCGGA CGTTCCCCTT TTCCTTGCAG CATATTTGCA GAACGGTTAT  | 1500 |
| TTGTAATTGT ACGACTTACG ATGGCATCGA TGCCCTTCCC ATTCCTTCGC CTATGAAATT  | 1560 |
| GTATCTGAAG GAATACCATT ATAAATCAAA AGTTAGGTTA CTCAGGATTG ATGTGCCAGA  | 1620 |

099330-1049  
 16 OCT 09 33 30

- 167 -

GCAGCAGTGA TGCGGAGAGG TTAGAATGTC GACCTGCATA CATATTTTCA TTAAATATTT 1680  
TATTTTCTT ATGCCTCTTT GAATTTTGT ACAAAGGCAG TTGAATCAAA TAAACTGTG 1740  
CCCTAAGTTT TAATCCAGA TCAATTTATT TTTTATGA TACACTTGT ATATATTTT 1800  
AAGCAGGTGT TTGTTTTGT TTTTACCATA TAAATTTACA TATGGTCCAG GCATATTTAC 1860  
AATTTCAAGG CATTGCATAT ACATTGAAT ATTCTGTATT TTTTAAATA TCTTTTGTG 1920  
TTTCCTATGT GTGAAATATT TTGCTAATCT ATGCTATCAG TATTCTTGTA TGACCGAATA 1980  
GTTACCTATT CTCTTTTCAT CTGAAGATT TTCAGTAAAG AGTGTGTAA TCAATCCATT 2040  
ATAATGTAAT TGACTTTTGT AATTGCCAA TAGGAGTGT AAACAACAAA ATGATTTAAA 2100  
ATGAACTTA ATGTATTTTCT ATTTTAAATA TTAATAAAC CAAGTTTGT TGTAGTTAT 2160  
TCTAGCCAAT AAGAAAAGAG AATGTAGCAT CCTAGAGGTG TATTGTCTCT GCAGTTGGC 2220  
AGGACCGTCA GTTAGTCCAA ATAAACATCC CCTCAGCGTG GAGGCGAATG GAACCTGTGC 2280  
TCCTTTCTTA CGGGAAGCTT TGCAAAGCAA AATAGCAGGG TTACAAGCTT GGAGTTGTTA 2340  
AGGCAACTAG AGTTTCTCT ATTAATTTAT AGACTGTTGT TGCACCTACT TAGCTCTTTT 2400  
TTGGGAAGTC TAGTTCCAG GGGAAAATAC CTCGTGCC 2438

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 542 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

Ser Gly Gly Gly Pro Trp Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asp  
1 5 10 15

00962560-103197

- 168 -

Ser Gly Leu Thr Val Glu Pro Gly Arg Gly Leu Thr Ala Arg Pro Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Gly Gly Ser Arg Thr Arg Ser Gly Ser Gly Arg Ala Ser Leu Pro  
35 40 45

Arg Leu Ser Glu Arg Arg Val Met Ala Val Val Met Ala Ala Gly Ala  
50 55 60

Arg Thr Ala Pro Leu Glu Leu Ser Ser Glu Arg Ser Val Gln Lys Val  
65 70 75 80

Pro Arg Arg Asn Phe Leu Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Asn Thr Xaa Phe Ile  
85 90 95

Thr Leu Glu Ile Val Lys Asn Leu Phe Lys Met Ala Glu Asn Asn Ser  
100 105 110

Lys Asn Val Asp Val Arg Pro Lys Thr Ser Arg Ser Arg Ser Ala Asp  
115 120 125

Arg Lys Asp Gly Tyr Val Trp Ser Gly Lys Lys Leu Ser Trp Ser Lys  
130 135 140

Lys Ser Glu Ser Cys Ser Glu Ser Glu Ala Ile Gly Thr Val Glu Asn  
145 150 155 160

Val Glu Ile Pro Leu Arg Ser Gln Glu Arg Gln Leu Ser Cys Ser Ser  
165 170 175

Ile Glu Leu Asp Leu Asp His Ser Cys Gly His Arg Phe Leu Gly Arg  
180 185 190

Ser Leu Lys Gln Lys Leu Gln Asp Ala Val Gly Gln Cys Phe Pro Ile  
195 200 205

Lys Asn Cys Ser Gly Arg His Ser Pro Gly Leu Pro Ser Lys Arg Lys  
210 215 220

Ile His Ile Ser Glu Leu Met Leu Asp Lys Cys Pro Phe Pro Pro Arg  
225 230 235 240

Ser Asp Leu Ala Phe Arg Trp His Phe Ile Lys Arg His Thr Val Pro  
245 250 255

00963430.10497

- 169 -

Met Ser Pro Asn Ser Asp Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Asp Leu Ser Glu Arg  
 260 265 270

Lys Leu Arg Asp Ala Gln Leu Lys Arg Arg Asn Thr Glu Asp Asp Ile  
 275 280 285

Pro Cys Phe Ser His Thr Asn Gly Gln Pro Cys Val Ile Thr Ala Asn  
 290 295 300

Ser Ala Ser Cys Thr Gly Gly His Ile Thr Gly Ser Met Met Asn Leu  
 305 310 315 320

Val Thr Asn Asn Ser Ile Glu Asp Ser Asp Met Asp Ser Glu Asp Glu  
 325 330 335

Ile Ile Thr Leu Cys Thr Ser Ser Arg Lys Arg Asn Lys Pro Arg Trp  
 340 345 350

Glu Met Glu Glu Glu Ile Leu Gln Leu Glu Ala Pro Pro Lys Phe His  
 355 360 365

Thr Gln Ile Asp Tyr Val His Cys Leu Val Pro Asp Leu Leu Gln Ile  
 370 375 380

Ser Asn Asn Pro Cys Tyr Trp Gly Val Met Asp Lys Tyr Ala Ala Glu  
 385 390 395 400

Ala Leu Leu Glu Gly Lys Pro Glu Gly Thr Phe Leu Leu Arg Asp Ser  
 405 410 415

Ala Gln Glu Asp Tyr Leu Phe Ser Val Ser Phe Arg Arg Tyr Ser Arg  
 420 425 430

Ser Leu His Ala Arg Ile Glu Gln Trp Asn His Asn Phe Ser Phe Asp  
 435 440 445

Ala His Asp Pro Cys Val Phe His Ser Pro Asp Ile Thr Gly Leu Leu  
 450 455 460

Glu His Tyr Lys Asp Pro Ser Ala Cys Met Phe Phe Glu Pro Leu Leu  
 465 470 475 480

Ser Thr Pro Leu Ile Arg Thr Phe Pro Phe Ser Leu Gln His Ile Cys  
 485 490 495

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- 170 -

Arg Thr Val Ile Cys Asn Cys Thr Thr Tyr Asp Gly Ile Asp Ala Leu  
500 505 510

Pro Ile Pro Ser Pro Met Lys Leu Tyr Leu Lys Glu Tyr His Tyr Lys  
515 520 525

Ser Lys Val Arg Leu Leu Arg Ile Asp Val Pro Glu Gln Gln  
530 535 540

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4999 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

CCCTCTGGGC AAGCCGCCCC CCCCCACCC ATCTACCACA CACACACACA CACACACACA 60  
CACACATTCA GACCTTGGGG CAAAAACAAA GCAAAATAAC AACAACAAAA AACTGCCTG 120  
TGGAAAGTCC TTA CTTCAGG AAGGTGGCA GATGAGGAGC AAGGGAACAT TTTATCAGGA 180  
CTGCCACAAA GGAGTCTTTT TTTTAAATGG TTTTCAAGA CAGGGTTTCT CTGTATAGCC 240  
CTGGCTGTCC TGGAGCTCAC TTTGTAGACC AGGCTGGCCT CGAACTCAGA AATTCGCCTG 300  
CCTCTGCCTC CTGAGTGCTG GGATTAAAGG CGTGCAGCAC CATGTCCAAC TGGCATTTC 360  
TCAATTAAGG TTCGTTCTT TCAGATAACT CTAGGTTCTG GGTCAAGCTG ACACAAGGCT 420  
ACACAGCACA GTTGTATGC CACATTCAGT TCAGAAGACA CCCAACCTCC CTGGAAGTGG 480  
AACTTATGCA CATTGTGAG CTCCACTTG GGAGTGGGAA CCTGAACTGG GTCCTCTGCA 540  
AGAGCAGCCG TGCTCTTAAC TGCTGAGCCA TTTCAGCAGC CTCACATCAG AATTAAGTTA 600

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- 171 -

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|---|------|
| GAAATTAGCCG GGTATGAATC ATACCCCTTAG AATCCTAGCA TCTGAAAGCA GAGCTAAGAG | 660  |
| AAACAGGGAT TCAAGACCAG CTCTTGGCTA CAGAGCCCGT CCTGTCCCTAG GATGGGCTAC  | 720  |
| AAGAGACTAT TTCAAAGCCA TCCAAACAAC AATAACTACA ACAACAACAA GGTAAAAATT   | 780  |
| AGGCTGGGCA CAGGGTACAC ACCTTTAATG CCAACACTCA GGAGGCAGAG GCAGGCTGAT   | 840  |
| CAGTGTGAGT TTGAGTTCAA CGTGGTCTAC ATAGGGAGTT CTAGGCCAGC AGAGGTTACA   | 900  |
| GTCTCTCTCT CTCTCTCTCT CTCTCTCTCT CTCTCACACA CACACACACA CACACACACA   | 960  |
| CACACACACA CACACACGGT GGCATTATGG GATTTTTTTG GGATAAGGTT TCTCTGTCTA   | 1020 |
| GCCCTGGCAT AGATTCACCTC TGTAGACTAG GCTAGCCTTG AACTCAGAGA TCCGCCTGCC  | 1080 |
| TCTGCCTCCC AAGTGCTGGG ATTATAGGTG TTGCACCACC ACTGCCCAGC CACTTTGGGA   | 1140 |
| TTTTTGAAGT GTTATCAAGA GGCTTTCGAG GAGGTCAAAC TTCAACAGCA ACCTCTCCAT   | 1200 |
| GATAATGTAG CTAATGATCA AACGACACTC AAAACTTAACT CCTTAAAGCA CACATCCACC  | 1260 |
| AGACAGCGTG CCCACTCGTA GTTCCATTAC TCAGGAGGCT GAAGCAGGAG GATGAAGGAC   | 1320 |
| TAAGGCTTCA GCAACCTAGG GAGCCGCAGG GGACAGTAGT CTCAATCCCT ACATTCTCCT   | 1380 |
| GAACACAGGA GCAGGAGTTC AGGAAGGGTG TCAAGGCCGC TTAAGTATCT TAGGGCCTCA   | 1440 |
| GGATGACTA GCTCAGGCAG AGAGAGCAAA GGTCTCCAGT GGAGAAGTCT ACACACACAC    | 1500 |
| ACACACACAC ACACACACAC ACACACACAC AGAATCCAAG GCGATGACGT CATCAAAGGG   | 1560 |
| TTAATTCTAG TCTGGGATGG GGGGGAGGGT GGGGCACGCA GCTGTCAGGT GGCTTTGGAA   | 1620 |
| AAATAAACTG CTGAAGAGTC TGACGCCAGG GAGTCCTGGG AGGGACAAGA GGTTACCCAC   | 1680 |
| TCAAAGAGTG TGCTCCACAA AGCATGCGCG CTTGTCCACG TCTGGAGTCG TCACTTATTT   | 1740 |
| TTTGCCCTGA TTCTTTGTAG CCGGTGGGTT CTCAAGGCGG TAAGTGGTGT GGCCGCCGTG   | 1800 |
| GTCTGGGAGG TGACGATAGG GTTAATCGTC CACAGAGCCC AGGGGCGGAG CGCGGGCGGG   | 1860 |
| CGTCCGCAGC CCCGCTGGAG CCGGAAGCAG TGGCTGGTCA GGGGCGCTTC TAGCCTTCCC   | 1920 |
| TATCTGTACT TCCACAGAGG TCTCTGCGAG CTAGGGGGAC AGTGAGGTGC GGGGTAGGGG   | 1980 |

25 OCT 1997 10:49

- 172 -

|             |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| CCCCGCCGTTA | GAGCCAGCAA | GGGGACGGTT | CACGGTAAGG | TCTGAGGGAG | AGAGAGTCC  | 2040 |
| TTAGAAACTT  | GGGGGGCGCG | ACACAGATAG | GGTGAAAGCA | GAGTGATAGA | CCTGGGATGG | 2100 |
| TTAGGGGACC  | AAGGGAAGAC | CAGGCTGGTT | GGCATAACCC | GGTGAACGGA | TGGGAGTCCT | 2160 |
| AGGGAAAGAT  | GATGCGCCTA | ACAGTCCTTT | CTGTCTCCAC | ACCACTCCAG | GGGACGATCC | 2220 |
| GGAGCTCAAC  | TTTCAAAAGC | GAGACGCCCC | AGCAAGCCTG | TTTTGAGAAG | TTCTTCAGCG | 2280 |
| GCTCTCCTCA  | TGGGCCAGAC | GGCCCTGGCA | AGGGGCAGCA | GCAGCACCCC | TACCTCGCAG | 2340 |
| GCTCTGTACT  | CGGACTTCTC | TCCTCCCGAG | GGCTTGGAGG | AGCTCCTGTC | TGCTCCCCCT | 2400 |
| CCTGACCTGG  | TTGCCCAACG | GCACCACGGC | TGGAACCCCA | AGGATTGCTC | CGAGAACATC | 2460 |
| GATGTCAAGG  | AAGGGGGTCT | GTGCTTTGAG | CGGCGCCCTG | TGGCCCAGAG | CACTGATGGA | 2520 |
| GTCCGGGGGA  | AACGGGGCTA | TTCGAGAGGT | CTGCACGCCT | GGGAGATCAG | CTGGCCCCTG | 2580 |
| GAGCAAAGGG  | GCACACACGC | CGTGGTGGGC | GTGGCCACCG | CCCTCGCCCC | GCTGCAGGCT | 2640 |
| GACCACTATG  | CGGCGCTTTT | GGGCAGCAAC | AGCGAGTCCT | GGGGCTGGGA | TATTGGGCGG | 2700 |
| GGAAAATTGT  | ATCATCAGAG | TAAGGGCCTC | GAGGCCCCCC | AGTATCCAGC | TGGACCTCAG | 2760 |
| GGTGAGCAGC  | TAGTGGTGCC | AGAGAGACTG | CTGGTGGTTC | TGGACATGGA | GGAGGGGACT | 2820 |
| CTTGCTTACT  | CTATTGGGGG | CACGTACCTG | GGACCAGCCT | TCCGTGGACT | GAAGGGGAGG | 2880 |
| ACCCCTCTATC | CCTCTGTAAG | TGCTGTTTGG | GGCCAGTGCC | AGGTCCGCAT | CCGCTACATG | 2940 |
| GGCGAAAGAA  | GAGGTGAGAT | ACGGACTAGG | TGTGGGGAGA | TCACTACTCT | TGGCAATGGT | 3000 |
| TTGGGCTGGA  | AACTCATGGT | TGGAGCACAG | GAAGTAGGCT | TCTTGTCACT | TTGGCCTGTC | 3060 |
| ACTTAGATGG  | CCTTGATCT  | AGCTTCACTC | CCAATCCCTA | TTGGATGTGA | TGCACAAATT | 3120 |
| CAGAGCCTTT  | GGGTCTCCCT | CAGCTGAGGT | GGCGGTGGAA | ATGGAGGAAG | AAGGAAGGGT | 3180 |
| GCCTGAGCAG  | GATCTCAAGT | TCAAGGATGC | CTGGAGTTGC | TTACTTACCT | TGTCTTCCTT | 3240 |
| CTCTCTCCGC  | AGTGGAGGAA | CCACAATCCC | TTCTGCACCT | GAGCCGCCTG | TGTGTGCGCC | 3300 |
| ATGCTCTGGG  | GGACACCCGG | CTGGGTCAAA | TATCCACTCT | GCCTTTGCCC | CCTGCCATGA | 3360 |

- 173 -

|   |      |
|---|------|
| AGCGCTATCT GCTCTACAAA TGACCCAGTA GTACAGGGTG TGCTGGCACC CTACCGTGGG | 3420 |
| GACAGGTGGA GAGGCACCCG CTGGCCTAGA CAACTTTAAA AAGCTGGTGA AGCTGGGGGG | 3480 |
| GGGGGGCTGG ACCCCTTCAC CTCCCCTTCT CACAGGAGCA AGACATATAG AAATGATATT | 3540 |
| AAACACCATG GCAGCCTGGG ACAAAGAGGT TTTTGAAGTA AAAAATGAGA TGTATTGTCA | 3600 |
| CAACCTGTTT CATTATTGTT TTTTGTTTTG TTTTACACTC CCCCACCCA GGCTAGAGCC  | 3660 |
| CCATCACTGT CTTAAGGAAT TATGACAACC CACAAAGCTC AGGCCAGGT GTTTATTTCC  | 3720 |
| CTTACATGTA GGATGGTTCA CAAACACAAT ACAGGGGCTT TGGCACCGTG GGGGAGGGGA | 3780 |
| CTATCCCAGG CCTCTTAGGG TCTCATGTAT ACCGAATTCA GACCCGAAAG CTCTGAATTT | 3840 |
| CTGCATCAGA CATCCAGTAG AACTTGGGAG TGAAGCTAGA GCCAAGGCCA TCTAAGTGAC | 3900 |
| AGGCCAAAGT GACACGAAGC CCACTTCCTG TGCTCCAACC ATGAGTTTCC AGCCCAAACC | 3960 |
| AATGGAAGGT GATTTCACCT GTCAGGGCCC AAAGGGACAG TCAGTTCTAC TCCCTCCCCT | 4020 |
| CACTAGGAGC CACCTTGGTG ACAGTTGATT CTACCCACTG TAAGTGGTAA AGGGATTGGC | 4080 |
| CTGGTCCCAA CCATAATAGG GCGGTGAAA CGGCTCAGGA GGGTACAGCG TGGATTAGGC  | 4140 |
| CACAAGATGG GGCAGATGAT GTCATCAGAA GCATGTGACC GGTGGGAGCA GTTACTAAAC | 4200 |
| TTCTGGGCAA CCTAGTCCAT GCTATGCAGG CAGGTAGAGG GATGGGCAGT GCTCATTGTT | 4260 |
| TGGCATTGAT GATGTCCACA AATTCAGGCT TGAGAGATGC GCCACCCACA AGGAAGCCGT | 4320 |
| CCACGTCAGG CTGGCTTGCC AGCTCTTTCG AGGTTGCTCC AGTCACAGAA CCTGTACCAG | 4380 |
| GAACAAGAAG ACAGTTTGGT CAGGTCTATG ATCAGAACAC TTAAGCCCCA CCTCTCTGTG | 4440 |
| CAAGGCAGCC TCAGTCTGTC TTAGCCCATT TCCGTCTTAG CTAGAGCCAA AGCCACTCAC | 4500 |
| CTCCATAAAT GATCCGGGTG CTCTGAGCCA CCCCATCATT GACATTGGAT TTCAGCCATC | 4560 |
| CCCGGAGCTT CTCGTGTACT TCCTGTGCCT AGAAGGAGGA GGCAGAGCTA CTAAGTAAGC | 4620 |
| TCCTTCCTAT CTATCATTCA AGGAGTAAAA ACCACTGGTT CTCACATAGA GTTGAGTTTC | 4680 |
| CAGAAAAGCC CCGGGACCAG AGAGTGGCAA GGCTCCAATC CCACCAGGCT TGAATGAAC  | 4740 |

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- 174 -

|            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| ATTTTTGGCA | AAGTCACTCT | CCTTGGTGAG | TTTGGGGGCC | CTCTGTCTCT | AAAGGGGCTT | 4800 |
| GGATGGGCTC | CATAGCTGTG | TGAGTCTGTT | AAAGCCGGAC | AGGCTGAGGA | GCTCTGGGTA | 4860 |
| GTTACCTGCT | GAGGGGTTGC | CGTCTTGCCA | GTCCCAATGG | CCCACACAGG | TTCATAGGCC | 4920 |
| AGGACCACCT | TGCTCCAGTC | TTTCACATTA | TCTGTGGGGC | AGAGAGGAGA | GTGAGTAGGA | 4980 |
| AGGAGCTGAC | CCGCCAAGC  |            |            |            |            | 4999 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 264 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

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Met Gly Gln Thr Ala Leu Ala Arg Gly Ser Ser Ser Thr Pro Thr Ser
1           5           10           15

Gln Ala Leu Tyr Ser Asp Phe Ser Pro Pro Glu Gly Leu Glu Glu Leu
20           25           30

Leu Ser Ala Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Val Ala Gln Arg His His Gly Trp
35           40           45

Asn Pro Lys Asp Cys Ser Glu Asn Ile Asp Val Lys Glu Gly Gly Leu
50           55           60

Cys Phe Glu Arg Arg Pro Val Ala Gln Ser Thr Asp Gly Val Arg Gly
65           70           75           80

Lys Arg Gly Tyr Ser Arg Gly Leu His Ala Trp Glu Ile Ser Trp Pro
85           90           95

Leu Glu Gln Arg Gly Thr His Ala Val Val Gly Val Ala Thr Ala Leu
100          105          110

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- 175 -

Ala Pro Leu Gln Ala Asp His Tyr Ala Ala Leu Leu Gly Ser Asn Ser  
115 120 125

Glu Ser Trp Gly Trp Asp Ile Gly Arg Gly Lys Leu Tyr His Gln Ser  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Leu Glu Ala Pro Gln Tyr Pro Ala Gly Pro Gln Gly Glu Gln  
145 150 155 160

Leu Val Val Pro Glu Arg Leu Leu Val Val Leu Asp Met Glu Glu Gly  
165 170 175

Thr Leu Gly Tyr Ser Ile Gly Gly Thr Tyr Leu Gly Pro Ala Phe Arg  
180 185 190

Gly Leu Lys Gly Arg Thr Leu Tyr Pro Ser Val Ser Ala Val Trp Gly  
195 200 205

Gln Cys Gln Val Arg Ile Arg Tyr Met Gly Glu Arg Arg Val Glu Glu  
210 215 220

Pro Gln Ser Leu Leu His Leu Ser Arg Leu Cys Val Arg His Ala Leu  
225 230 235 240

Gly Asp Thr Arg Leu Gly Gln Ile Ser Thr Leu Pro Leu Pro Pro Ala  
245 250 255

Met Lys Arg Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Lys  
260

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 5615 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

005550-1039

- 176 -

GTACTTTCTT TATATCTCCA TAATTTTATT TACTATTACT ACATGATACA TTATTTTATA 60  
 AAAGTCTTTG TAACCTCCTT AAGGATTCAC TGCTTAATCT CCAGTGCTTA GCACAAATCA 120  
 TTAAATGCGA ACCAGAAACT CTTCCAAATG TGTACATCT ATAACCTCAT TGGATTCTCA 180  
 CTACCAACCC CATGCAATAG ATACTAATGT GATCTCTGTC TTACAGAGGA AGAAACAGGC 240  
 ACAGGGAGGT TCAGTAATTT GCCCAAGGTC ATACACACAC TGGCCTTCAG GTATTCATGC 300  
 CCGGGGAGTC TGGTCCCACA GCTGGCATGT TTGCCATTAT ATTATATTGC CTCCTTATAG 360  
 TGTGGGCACT CATTAAAGCAC ATTGACAGCT ATGCTTGGTG AGTGACTACT ATGTACCCAG 420  
 CTCTGTGCTA CATGCTTTAC CTGGATTATT TCAACTGCAC AACAACCCTG TGAGGTAAC 480  
 ACCATCATTG CTCCTATTTT ACATAACAGA AACTACAGA AATCTGGGGC TGGGCGTAGT 540  
 GGCTCATGCC TGAAATCCCA GCACTTTGGG AGACCCTGTC TCTAAAAAA ATTTTTTTTT 600  
 GGCCGGACGT GGTGGCTCAC ACCTGTAATC TCAGCACTTT GGGAGGCTAA GGCAGGCAGA 660  
 TCACAAGGTC AGGAGTTCTA GACCAGCCTG GCCAACATGG CAAAACCCTG TGTCTACTAA 720  
 AAATACAAAA AATAGCTAGG CGTGGTGCCA GGTGCCTGTA ATCCCAGCTA CTCAGGAGGC 780  
 TGAGGCAGGA GAATCCCCTG AACCTGGGAG ATGGAGGTTA CAGAGAGCCG AGATCGTGCC 840  
 GCTGCACTCC AGCCTGGGCA ACAGAGCAA GACTCTGTCT CGAAAAAAT AAAAATAAAA 900  
 ATAAAAATAT TTTTTTAAAA ATTAGCTGGG TGTGGTAGCA CATGCCTGTA GTCCCAGCTA 960  
 CTTGGGAGGC TGAGGTAGGA GGATCACTTG AGCCAGGAG GTCAAGGCTG CAGTGGGCTG 1020  
 TGATGGCGCC ACTGCACTCT AGCCTTGGTG ACAGCAAGAC CCTGTCTCAA AAAAAAAAAA 1080  
 AAGAGAAATC GGGCAACTTC CCCAAGATCG CGCAGTTAAC TAGTGGCATA GCTTCACTCA 1140  
 AACTCGAAGT CTTAATCAGG AACTCTACC AATGAGATC AACGGCTCAG TAATGGATTG 1200  
 GCATCCAGTA TGAAGACTGG ACCAGCAGGG AGAACTATGA TCGGTACAGC CTAGAGCCTG 1260  
 AAGCAGATTT CACAGCCTCA GAGGTGGCAC AGGCTGACTC ACAACCCGGG GCAGAAAGGG 1320  
 ACCAGCCCAG AAACAGTGAC CCAGAATCAC AGGGAAGTAG AAATGGGATT CGGCACAATG 1380

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- 177 -

|  |      |
|--|------|
| AAGCCCCTCC TTGACCCCAT GCTCCTTACC CTCAGGGGCG CAGGAGTTAG TCGCTCAGGC  | 1440 |
| GGCTCAAAGG TCTTGACGGT GGAGAACACC ATCCCCAGGG ATTCCCCGACG CGGTGATGCC | 1500 |
| ATCAAAGCGT TAATTCTGAG ATGGGCCTGC CCGGGTGCGG ACTCTGCCGC AGCAAGAGAA  | 1560 |
| GGGTAACTG CCCCAGGCCT TCGCCGTGGG GGCGGGGCCT CGGGGAGGGT CACAGCCCGG   | 1620 |
| GACTGAGACC CGAGGTTAAC CGCCCGGGGT GGGCTCCACG GGGGCGGGC ATGCTCTCCG   | 1680 |
| CGGCTGCTGC CGGTATAGAG CGGTAAGTGC CCAGGAGGGG GCGGGGCCCC ACAGGGGCGT  | 1740 |
| GGCCTCGGAG CTGCACGGCC GTGGGCGGCG ATGAGAGGGT TAAGCCCCAG AGGGCCCTGG  | 1800 |
| AGGGGCGGGG CCGCGGGACG GGCTCGGCCC AAGGGAGGAG CTGGGGGCGG AAGCGGCCGG  | 1860 |
| CGGTCTGCGC CCTGCGCGCC TCGGCTTCTT TCCGCCCGGC TCCTTCAGAG GCCCGGCGAC  | 1920 |
| CTCCAGGGCT GGAAGTCAA CCGAGGTTCTG GGGGCAGCGG CGAGGGCTCC GGGCGAGTAA  | 1980 |
| GGGGGATGGT CCATGCTGAG GCCCAAATGG GGCGAACTCG CGAGAGTCTC TGGCGACCTG  | 2040 |
| GATCAGATGG GGCAGGGCA GATGAAGGGC CCAGGAGCTT TGGGGCAGCG AGGAGGGAGG   | 2100 |
| AGCGGGCCCG TTGGCAAAC TGGGTGAAAG GATGGGGTAC CTGGGTGACG AGCCCCCGCC   | 2160 |
| AGGATTCTGC TCTTCACGCC CCTTTTCTCC CAGCTCCCTT CCAGGTCAAT CCAAACCTGA  | 2220 |
| GCTCAAGTTT CAGAAGAGAA AGACGCCCCA GCAAGCCTCT TTCGGGGAGT CCTCTAGCTC  | 2280 |
| CTCACCTCCA TGGGCCAGAC AGCTCTGGCA GGGGGCAGCA GCAGCACCCC CACGCCACAG  | 2340 |
| GCCCTGTACC CTGACCTCTC CTGTCCCGAG GGCTTGGAAG AGCTGCTGTC TGCACCCCTT  | 2400 |
| CCTGACCTGG GGGCCAGCG GCGCCACGGT TGGAACCCCA AAGACTGTTC AGAGAACATC   | 2460 |
| GAGGTCAAGG AAGGAGGGTT GTACTTTGAG CGGCGGCCCC TGGCCCAGAG CACTGATGGG  | 2520 |
| GCCCCGGGTA AGAGGGGCTA TTCAAGGGGC CTGCACGCCT GGGAGATCAG CTGGCCCCCTA | 2580 |
| GAGCAGAGGG GCACGCATGC CGTGGTGGGC GTGGCCACGG CCCTCGCCCC GCTGCAGACT  | 2640 |
| GACCACTACG CGGCGCTGCT GGGCAGCAAC AGCGAGTCGT GGGGCTGGGA CATCGGGCGG  | 2700 |
| GGGAAGCTGT ACCATCAGAG CAAGGGGCCC GGAGCCCCC AGTATCCAGC GGGAACTCAG   | 2760 |

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- 178 -

|  |      |
|--|------|
| GGTGAGCAGC TGGAGGTGCC AGAGAGACTG CTGGTGGTTC TGGACATGGA GGAGGGAAC   | 2820 |
| CTGGGCTACG CTATTGGGGG CACCTACCTG GGGCCAGCAT TCCGCGGACT GAAGGGCAGG  | 2880 |
| ACCCCTCTATC CGGCAGTAAG CGCTGTCTGG GGCCAGTGCC AGGTCCGCAT CCGCTACCTG | 2940 |
| GGCGAAAGGA GAGGTGAGGC CTGGGGCAGA CGTGGGGAGA ACTTTCTGTC CCTGGTGGCA  | 3000 |
| GTGGTTTGGG ATGGAAACTC TTCTGACAAG AGCAGAGGGG ATGGACCTTC ATCCAGCCTG  | 3060 |
| CCTCAACCTC TGTTCAGTGC TGGGAAAGGC TAGGGGTCTT CACAGCTGTT ATTTAATTTA  | 3120 |
| ACCCAACAGC AATAGAGGTG AAACAGGCTT GAGAAAGCAA CTTTCTCAAG TTCTCTTGGC  | 3180 |
| CAGTAAATGG TGAACCTTCA GAATGGAGGG AGGAACTGCA GGGATGAGAG AATTCAGGAG  | 3240 |
| ATATCAACCC CTGAGCAAGA GGTGCAAAGC GTTAGGTACT GGGTTTGATG TACAGGTCCA  | 3300 |
| AAAGAAGGAT GGGCAGAGCC AGGTACCCAG GCTGTATACC GGATTCCCTG GGCTCTAACC  | 3360 |
| TGTCTCTGTG CCACATACCT ACTTCCTTCC TCAGCCACAC CTCTGGATGG AGACACTGGG  | 3420 |
| GCCCTGGGCA CCAGGGAGGA GAGCAGTGGA GGAGGCAGGG CCTTAGGGTG GGGCAGCAGG  | 3480 |
| GGAGGAGCCT CCCCAGGAAC TGAAGGGTC CAGGGCTTGG AGCTGCTCTC TGCAGTTGTC   | 3540 |
| TGGGCTGTAG AGTGGAGGGC CATCCCTCCT CACCTCAGCC CCAGCTCCCA AGCCTCTGGA  | 3600 |
| GTCAAAGCCT GGGCCAGCTC CACCACTGTC AGAGCCACCT TGGCCTGTTG TTTAGAGGGC  | 3660 |
| CTTAGCCAGC TCTTCACCCC CAGCTCTGAC TAGGGATGTG TGAAATCTTA TCTGGGAGGC  | 3720 |
| AGAACTTCCG GGTATCTCAA ATTCCCCTTT CAGCCAGGTG GGCACACTCG AAGCAGGAAA  | 3780 |
| GCAGAAAGGC ATCTGAGTAG GACCCCGTAG TTTGAGGACA TCTGGCTGGT GGCTGCACCC  | 3840 |
| ATACTTACAT TCCCCTCCTT CTCTCTCCCA GCGGAGCCAC ACTCCCTTCT GCACCTGAGC  | 3900 |
| CGCCTGTGTG TGCGCCACAA CCTGGGGGAT ACCCGGCTCG GCCAGGTGTC TGCCCTGCCC  | 3960 |
| TTGCCCCCTG CCATGAAGCG CTACCTGCTC TACCAGTGAG CCCTGTGATA CCACAGACTG  | 4020 |
| TGCTGAGGTC TTGCCACCAC CCCTCCCCTT GGGGAGGTGG GGAGGCACTG CTGGCCTAGA  | 4080 |
| CCAGCTGCTG AAAGCTGGTG AGGCTGAGCC CCTACCCCAA CCCAAGCTCT GCGGAAATCA  | 4140 |

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ACAGCCCCAG AGCCACTTGG AGGGAGGAAG AAAGGGAGCC GCGTTCAAG GCTATGACAG 4200  
 TCTGCTACGC AAAACATTTT TTCAAGTAAA AATAGTAAGA GATGTTGTTA TAGAAACCTG 4260  
 TTCTTGTTTT TTTTTTTTTC TTGCACAAAT GATCATTTAT ATAGCTGCCT CAAAAAGGAA 4320  
 GATTATCTGG GCAAGTCCAG TGAAGGCAGA CAAACCACAA GACCTAGTGC CAGGTTTATT 4380  
 CCCTCACATG GGTGGTTCAC ATACACAGCA CAGAGGCACG GGCACCATGG GAGAGGGCAG 4440  
 CACTCCTGCC TTCTGAGGGG ATCTTGGCCT CACGGTGTA GAAGGGAGAG GATGGTTTCT 4500  
 CTTCTGCCCT CACTAGGGCC TAGGGAACCC AGGAGCAAAT CCCACCACGC CTTCCATCTC 4560  
 TCAGCCAAGG AGAAGCCACC TTGGTGACGT TTAGTTCCAA CCATTATAGT AAGTGAGAA 4620  
 GGGATTGGCC TGGTCCCAAC CATTACAGGG TGAAGATATA AACAGTAAAG GAAGATACAG 4680  
 TTTGGATGAG GCCACAGGAA GGAGCAGATG ACACCATCAG AAGCATATGC AGGGAAAGGG 4740  
 CAGTTACTGG GCTTCTGGGC TGCTTAGTCC CTGGCTTGGC AGGAAGGGTA GGAAGATGG 4800  
 ATGGGGCTCA TTGTTTGGCA TTGATGATGT CCACGAATTC GGGCTTGAGG GAAGCACCAC 4860  
 CCACAAGGAA GCCATCCACA TCAGGCTGGC TGGCCAGCTC CTTGCAGGTT GCCCCAGTCA 4920  
 CAGAGCCTGG GAAGGGAGCA GAACAAGGGC TTGGTCAAGA ATGGGATGAG TCTGCCCCAT 4980  
 CCCCAGCTCC ATGTCCGAGG GCTCAGTCTA GTCCTCAGCC CACTCCACCT CAGCCGGGAA 5040  
 CCAAAGCCAC TCACCTCCAT AAATGATACG GGTGCTCTGA GCCACCGCAT CAGAGACGTT 5100  
 GGACTTCAGC CATCCTCGGA GCTTCTCGTG TACTTCCTGG GCCTAGAACA AGAAGCTGGC 5160  
 CTAAGTAAGA CCTTTTCTGC CTCTCTAAGA GGAAAAATCA CTGGCACCAG TGGACACTTA 5220  
 GTGTGGTTTC TGACTGAGTC AGAGTACCAG GGCTCTGATC CAAGCCAGGC CCTGGACTGG 5280  
 ATGCCCTTGG ACAAGTCACT GTCTCTGGGT TCAAGGTCTC TGTGTCTTTG AAATAAGGGG 5340  
 TTGCCCCATG TGGGCTGTGT CTGTCCAAAC CTATTGAGGC AGGCTGGGAT GAGGGCAGGG 5400  
 CTCCTGGGCC CGGTTACCTG TTGGGGTGTT GCAGTCTTGC CAGTACCAAT GGCCACACA 5460  
 GGCTCATAGG CCAGGACGAC CTTGCTCCAG TCCTTCACGT TATCTGCAGG GCAGAGATAC 5520

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AGATGGAGGG AAGGGTGAAC AAGAAAGAGC TCTCCAGCCA GGTTCCTCCGG AGTACGAAGA 5580  
ACGGTGGCCT ACTGCCCCCT AGTGGACATT GGGGG 5615

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 263 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

Met Gly Gln Thr Ala Leu Ala Gly Gly Ser Ser Ser Thr Pro Thr Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ala Leu Tyr Pro Asp Leu Ser Cys Pro Glu Gly Leu Glu Glu Leu  
20 25 30

Leu Ser Ala Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Gly Ala Gln Arg Arg His Gly Trp  
35 40 45

Asn Pro Lys Asp Cys Ser Glu Asn Ile Glu Val Lys Glu Gly Gly Leu  
50 55 60

Tyr Phe Glu Arg Arg Pro Val Ala Gln Ser Thr Asp Gly Ala Arg Gly  
65 70 75 80

Lys Arg Gly Tyr Ser Arg Gly Leu His Ala Trp Glu Ile Ser Trp Pro  
85 90 95

Leu Glu Gln Arg Gly Thr His Ala Val Val Gly Val Ala Thr Ala Leu  
100 105 110

Ala Pro Leu Gln Thr Asp His Tyr Ala Ala Leu Leu Gly Ser Asn Ser  
115 120 125

Glu Ser Trp Gly Trp Asp Ile Gly Arg Gly Lys Leu Tyr His Gln Ser

08962560-103197

- 181 -

|   |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|
| 130   | 135 | 140 |
| Lys Gly Pro Gly Ala Pro Gln Tyr Pro Ala Gly Thr Gln Gly Glu Gln |     |     |
| 145   | 150 | 155 |
| 160   |     |     |
| Leu Glu Val Pro Glu Arg Leu Leu Val Val Leu Asp Met Glu Glu Gly |     |     |
| 165   | 170 | 175 |
| Thr Leu Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Gly Thr Tyr Leu Gly Pro Ala Phe Arg |     |     |
| 180   | 185 | 190 |
| Gly Leu Lys Gly Arg Thr Leu Tyr Pro Ala Val Ser Ala Val Trp Gly |     |     |
| 195   | 200 | 205 |
| Gln Cys Gln Val Arg Ile Arg Tyr Leu Gly Glu Arg Arg Ala Glu Pro |     |     |
| 210   | 215 | 220 |
| His Ser Leu Leu His Leu Ser Arg Leu Cys Val Arg His Asn Leu Gly |     |     |
| 225   | 230 | 235 |
| 240   |     |     |
| Asp Thr Arg Leu Gly Gln Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Leu Pro Pro Ala Met |     |     |
| 245   | 250 | 255 |
| Lys Arg Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Gln                                     |     |     |
| 260   |     |     |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 28 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

AGCTAGATCT GGACCCTACA ATGGCAGC

28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: base pairs

10963560-10349

- 182 -

- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

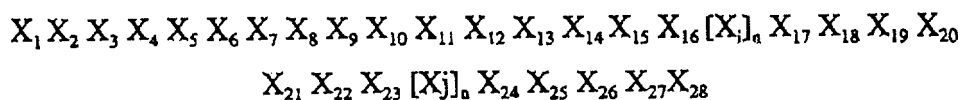
AGCTAGATCT GCCATCCTAC TCGAGGGGCC AGCTGG

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## CLAIMS:

1. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region.
2. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 wherein the protein further comprises a protein:molecule interacting region.
3. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 wherein the protein:molecule interacting region is located in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.
4. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 2 or 3 wherein the protein:molecule interacting region is a protein:DNA binding region or a protein:protein binding region.
5. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 4 wherein the protein:molecule interacting region is one or more of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats or ankyrin repeats.
6. A nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 1-5 wherein the SOCS box comprises the amino acid sequence:



wherein:

- $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;
- $X_3$  is P, T or S;
- $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_5$  is any amino acid;
- $X_6$  is any amino acid;

03662560-103197

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X_i]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X_j]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F; and

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P.

7. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 6 wherein the protein modulates signal transduction.

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8. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 7 wherein the signal transduction is modulated by a cytokine or a hormone, a microbe or a microbial product, a parasite, an antigen or other effector molecule.
9. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 8 wherein the protein modulates cytokine-mediated signal transduction.
10. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 9 wherein the signal transduction is mediated by one or more of the cytokines EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12, IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF.
11. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 10 wherein the signal transduction is mediated by one or more of IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$  and/or thrombopoietin.
12. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11 wherein the signal transduction is mediated by IL-6.
13. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes an amino acid sequence substantially as set forth in SEQ ID NO. 4, SEQ ID NO. 6, SEQ ID NO. 8, SEQ ID NO. 10, SEQ ID NO. 12, SEQ ID NO. 14, SEQ ID NO. 18, SEQ ID NO. 21, SEQ ID NO. 25, SEQ ID NO. 29, SEQ ID NO. 36, SEQ ID NO. 41, SEQ ID NO. 44, SEQ ID NO. 46 or SEQ ID NO. 48 or an amino acid sequence having at least about 15% similarity to all or part of the listed sequences or a nucleotide sequence which hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule under low stringency conditions at 42°C.
14. A nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequence is substantially as set forth in SEQ ID NO. 3, SEQ ID NO. 5, SEQ ID NO. 7, SEQ ID NO. 9, SEQ ID NO. 11, SEQ ID NO. 13, SEQ ID NO. 15, SEQ ID NO. 16, SEQ ID NO. 17, SEQ ID NO. 20, SEQ ID NO. 22, SEQ ID NO. 23, SEQ ID NO. 24, SEQ ID NO. 26, SEQ ID NO. 27, SEQ ID NO. 28, SEQ ID NO. 30, SEQ ID NO. 31, SEQ ID NO. 32, SEQ ID NO. 33, SEQ ID NO. 34, SEQ ID NO. 35, SEQ ID NO. 37, SEQ ID NO. 38, SEQ ID NO. 39, SEQ ID NO. 40, SEQ

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ID NO. 42, SEQ ID NO. 43, SEQ ID NO. 45 or SEQ ID NO. 47 or a nucleotide sequence having at least 15% similarity to all or a part of the listed sequences or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing to the listed sequences under low stringency conditions at 42°C.

15. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding or complementary to a sequence encoding a protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing thereto under low stringency conditions at 42°C wherein said protein exhibits the following characteristics:

- (i) comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region wherein said SOCS box comprises the amino acid sequence:

$$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9 X_{10} X_{11} X_{12} X_{13} X_{14} X_{15} X_{16} [X_i]_n X_{17} X_{18} X_{19} X_{20} \\ X_{21} X_{22} X_{23} [X_j]_n X_{24} X_{25} X_{26} X_{27} X_{28}$$

wherein:

- $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;
- $X_3$  is P, T or S;
- $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_5$  is any amino acid;
- $X_6$  is any amino acid;
- $X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;
- $X_8$  is C, T or S;
- $X_9$  is R, K or H;
- $X_{10}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{11}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_{13}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{14}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{15}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X_i]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X_j]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F;

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P; and

- (ii) comprises at least one of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats or other protein:molecule interacting domain in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box; and
- (iii) modulates signal transduction.

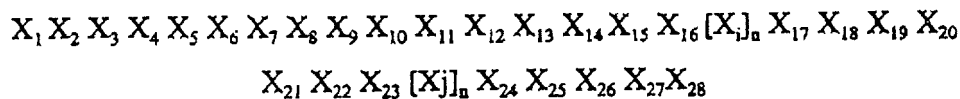
16. An isolated protein or a derivative, homologue or mimetic thereof comprising a SOCS box in its C-terminal region.

17. An isolated protein according to claim 16 wherein the protein further comprises a protein:molecule interacting region.

18. An isolated protein according to claim 17 wherein the protein:molecule interacting region is located in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box.

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19. An isolated protein according to claim 16 or 17 wherein the protein:molecule interacting region is a protein:DNA binding region or a protein:protein binding region.
20. An isolated protein according to claim 19 wherein the protein:molecule interacting region is one or more of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats or ankyrin repeats.
21. An isolated protein according to any one of claims 16-20 wherein the SOCS box comprises the amino acid sequence:



- wherein:
- $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
  - $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;
  - $X_3$  is P, T or S;
  - $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
  - $X_5$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_6$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;
  - $X_8$  is C, T or S;
  - $X_9$  is R, K or H;
  - $X_{10}$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_{11}$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
  - $X_{13}$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_{14}$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_{15}$  is any amino acid;
  - $X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;
  - $[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

X<sub>19</sub> is any amino acid;

X<sub>20</sub> L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_2$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X_j]_n$  is a sequence of  $n$  amino acids wherein  $n$  is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

X<sub>26</sub> is any amino acid;

$X_{27}$  is Y or F; and

$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P.

22. An isolated protein according to claim 21 wherein the protein modulates signal transduction.
23. An isolated protein according to claim 22 wherein the signal transduction is modulated by a cytokine or other endogenous molecule, a hormone, a microbe or a microbial product, a parasite, an antigen or other effector molecule.
24. An isolated protein according to claim 23 wherein the protein modulates cytokine-mediated signal transduction.
25. An isolated protein according to claim 24 wherein the signal transduction is mediated by one or more of the cytokines EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12, IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF.
26. An isolated protein according to claim 25 wherein the signal transduction is mediated by

one or more of IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$  and/or thrombopoietin.

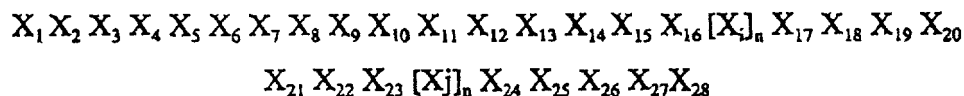
27. An isolated protein according to claim 26 wherein the signal transduction is mediated by IL-6.

28. An isolated protein according to claim 16 wherein said protein comprises an amino acid sequence substantially as set forth in SEQ ID NO. 4, SEQ ID NO. 6, SEQ ID NO. 8, SEQ ID NO. 10, SEQ ID NO. 12, SEQ ID NO. 14, SEQ ID NO. 18, SEQ ID NO. 21, SEQ ID NO. 25, SEQ ID NO. 29, SEQ ID NO. 36, SEQ ID NO. 41, SEQ ID NO. 44, SEQ ID NO. 46 or SEQ ID NO. 48 or an amino acid sequence having at least about 15% similarity to all or part of the listed sequences.

29. An isolated protein according to claim 16 wherein the said protein is encoded by a nucleotide sequence substantially as set forth in SEQ ID NO. 3, SEQ ID NO. 5, SEQ ID NO. 7, SEQ ID NO. 9, SEQ ID NO. 11, SEQ ID NO. 13, SEQ ID NO. 15, SEQ ID NO. 16, SEQ ID NO. 17, SEQ ID NO. 20, SEQ ID NO. 22, SEQ ID NO. 23, SEQ ID NO. 24, SEQ ID NO. 26, SEQ ID NO. 27, SEQ ID NO. 28, SEQ ID NO. 30, SEQ ID NO. 31, SEQ ID NO. 32, SEQ ID NO. 33, SEQ ID NO. 34, SEQ ID NO. 35, SEQ ID NO. 37, SEQ ID NO. 38, SEQ ID NO. 39, SEQ ID NO. 40, SEQ ID NO. 42, SEQ ID NO. 43, SEQ ID NO. 45 or SEQ ID NO. 47 or a nucleotide sequence having at least 15% similarity to all or a part of the listed sequences or a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing to the listed sequences under low stringency conditions at 42°C.

30. An isolated protein or a derivative, homologue, analogue or mimetic thereof having the following characteristics:

- (i) comprises a SOCS box in its C-terminal region wherein said SOCS box comprises the amino acid sequence:



wherein:  $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

- 191 -

$X_2$  is any amino acid residue;

$X_3$  is P, T or S;

$X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_5$  is any amino acid;

$X_6$  is any amino acid;

$X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;

$X_8$  is C, T or S;

$X_9$  is R, K or H;

$X_{10}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{11}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{13}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{14}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{15}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{18}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{19}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{21}$  is P;

$X_{22}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P or G;

$X_{23}$  is P or N;

$[X]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_j$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;

$X_{24}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;

$X_{25}$  is any amino acid;

$X_{26}$  is any amino acid;

SECRET 03429680

- 192 -

X<sub>27</sub> is Y or F;

X<sub>28</sub> is L, I, V, M, A or P; and

- (ii) comprises at least one of an SH2 domain, WD-40 repeats and/or ankyrin repeats or other protein:molecule interacting domain in a region N-terminal of the SOCS box; and
- (iii) modulates signal transduction.

31. A method of modulating levels of a SOCS protein in a cell said method comprising contacting a cell containing a SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time and under conditions sufficient to modulate levels of said SOCS protein.

32. A method of modulating signal transduction in a cell containing a SOCS gene comprising contacting said cell with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time sufficient to modulate signal transduction.

33. A method of influencing interaction between cells wherein at least one cell carries a SOCS gene, said method comprising contacting the cell carrying the SOCS gene with an effective amount of a modulator of SOCS gene expression or SOCS protein activity for a time sufficient to modulate signal transduction.

34. A method according to any one of claims 31-33 wherein signal transduction is mediated by a cytokine, a hormone, a microbe or a microbial product, a parasite, an antigen or other effector molecule.

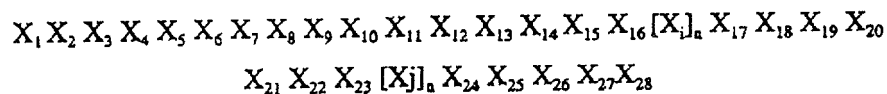
35. A method according to claim 34 wherein the cytokine is one or more of EPO, TPO, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-13, IL-6, LIF, IL-12, IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-1 and/or M-CSF.

36. A method according to claim 35 wherein the cytokine is one or more of IL-6, LIF, OSM, IFN- $\gamma$  and/or thrombopoietin.

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37. A method according to claim 36 wherein the cytokine is IL-6.

38. A method according to any one of claims 31-37 wherein the SOCS gene encodes a protein having a SOCS box comprising the amino acid sequence:



wherein:

- $X_1$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_2$  is any amino acid residue;
- $X_3$  is P, T or S;
- $X_4$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_5$  is any amino acid;
- $X_6$  is any amino acid;
- $X_7$  is L, I, V, M, A, F, Y or W;
- $X_8$  is C, T or S;
- $X_9$  is R, K or H;
- $X_{10}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{11}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{12}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_{13}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{14}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{15}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{16}$  is L, I, V, M, A, P, G, C, T or S;
- $[X_i]_n$  is a sequence of n amino acids wherein n is from 1 to 50 amino acids and wherein the sequence  $X_i$  may comprise the same or different amino acids selected from any amino acid residue;
- $X_{17}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_{18}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{19}$  is any amino acid;
- $X_{20}$  L, I, V, M, A or P;
- $X_{21}$  is P;

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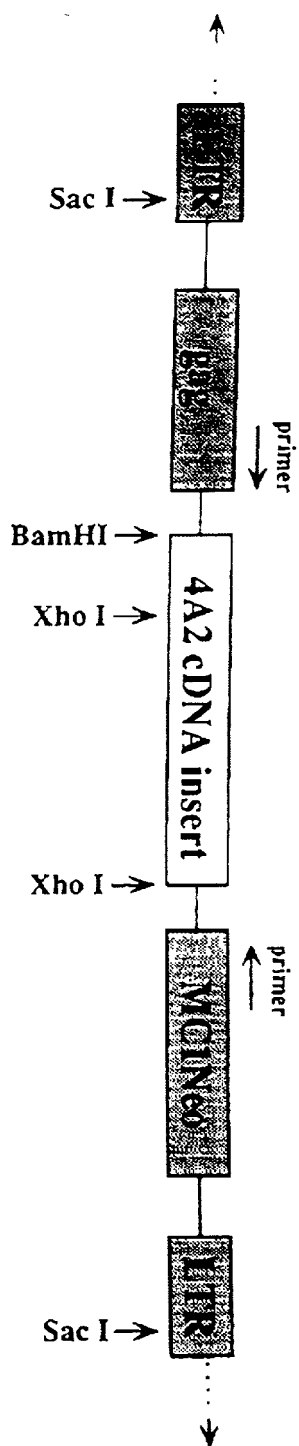


$X_{28}$  is L, I, V, M, A or P.

40. A method according to claim 38 wherein the SOCS gene encodes a protein comprising an amino acid sequence substantially as set forth in SEQ ID NO. 4, SEQ ID NO. 6, SEQ ID NO. 8, SEQ ID NO. 10, SEQ ID NO. 12, SEQ ID NO. 14, SEQ ID NO. 18, SEQ ID NO. 21, SEQ ID NO. 25, SEQ ID NO. 29, SEQ ID NO. 36, SEQ ID NO. 41, SEQ ID NO. 44, SEQ ID NO. 46 or SEQ ID NO. 48.

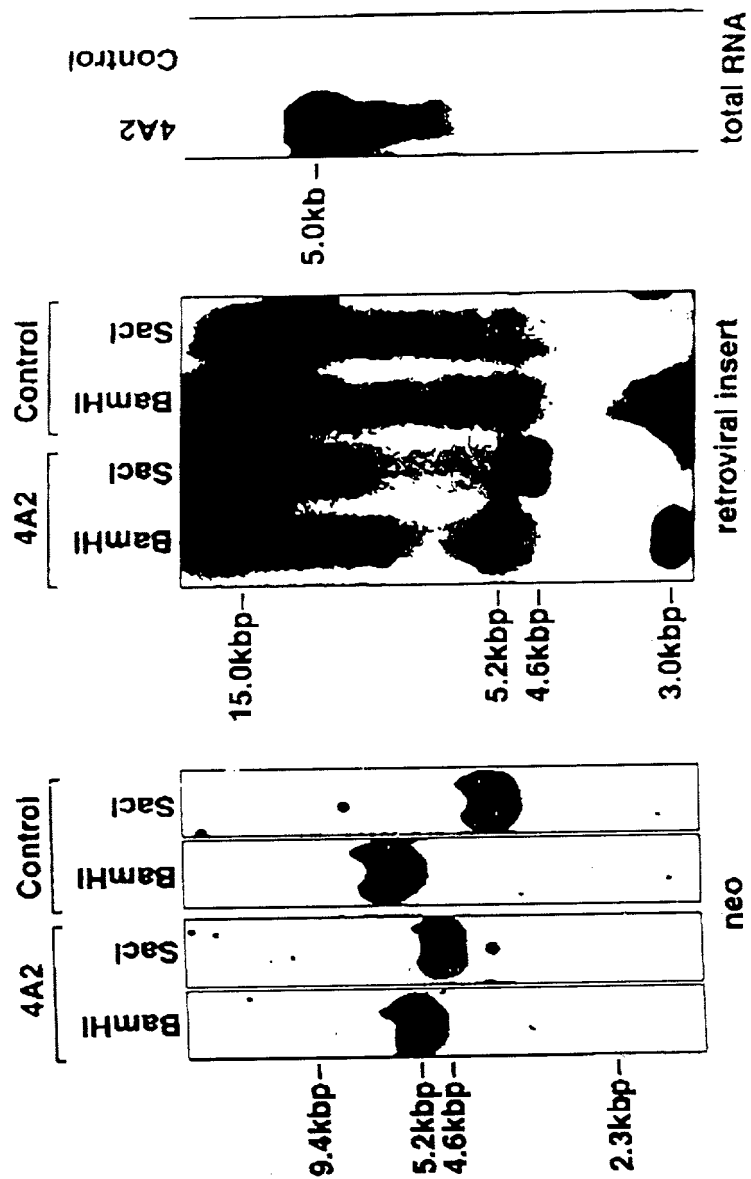
**Abstract**

FIGURE 1



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FIGURE 2



[illegible]

PRMT1 PRMT2 PRMT3 Top2 SOX1

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FIGURE 4

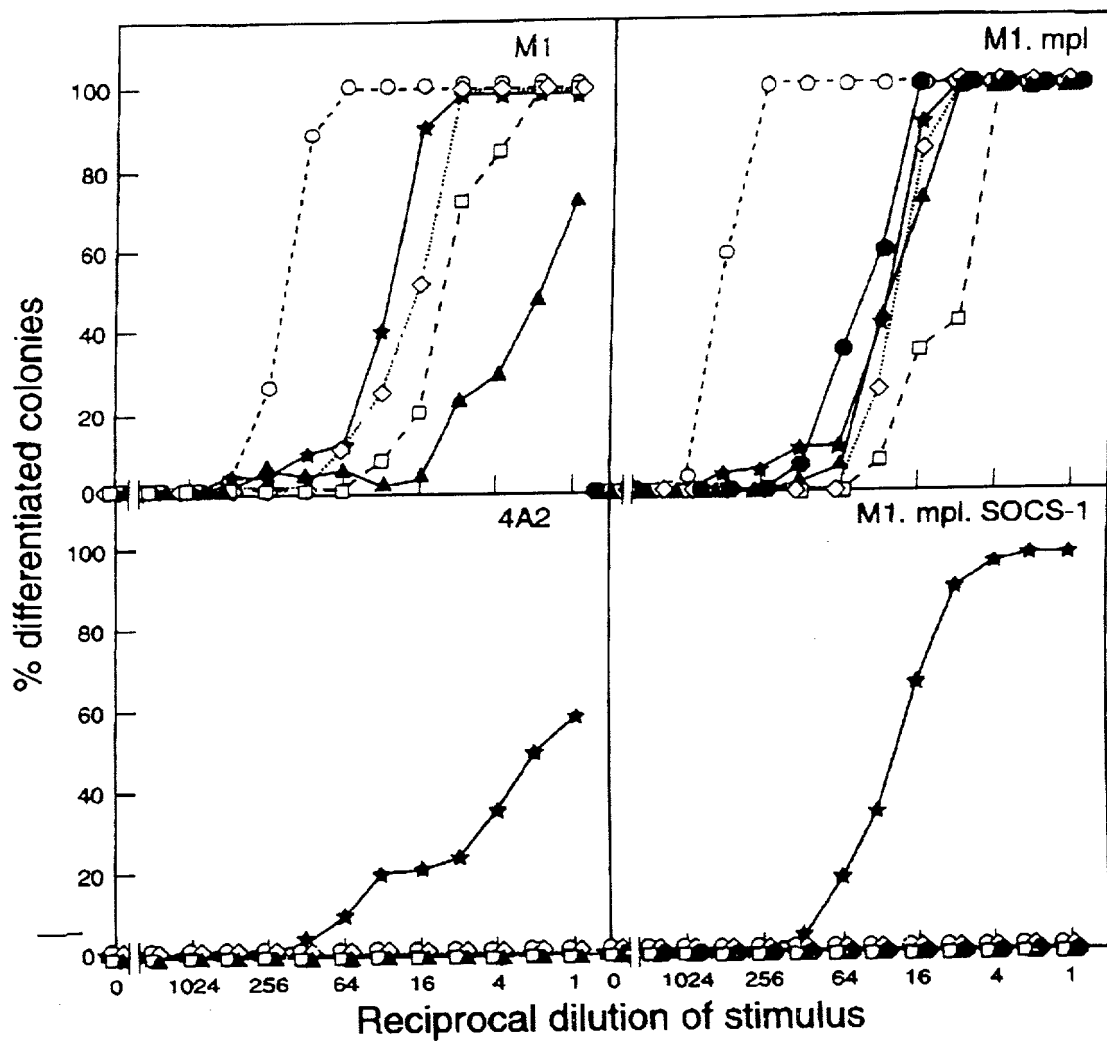


FIGURE 5

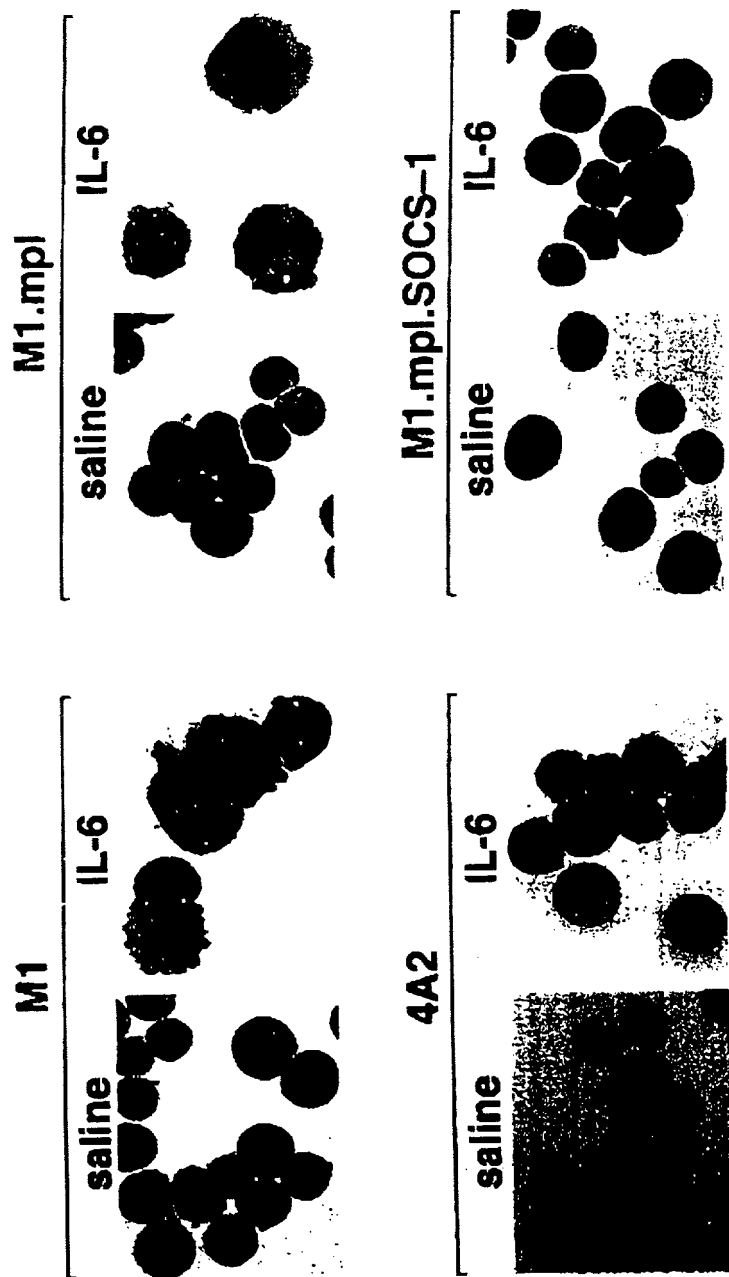


FIGURE 6

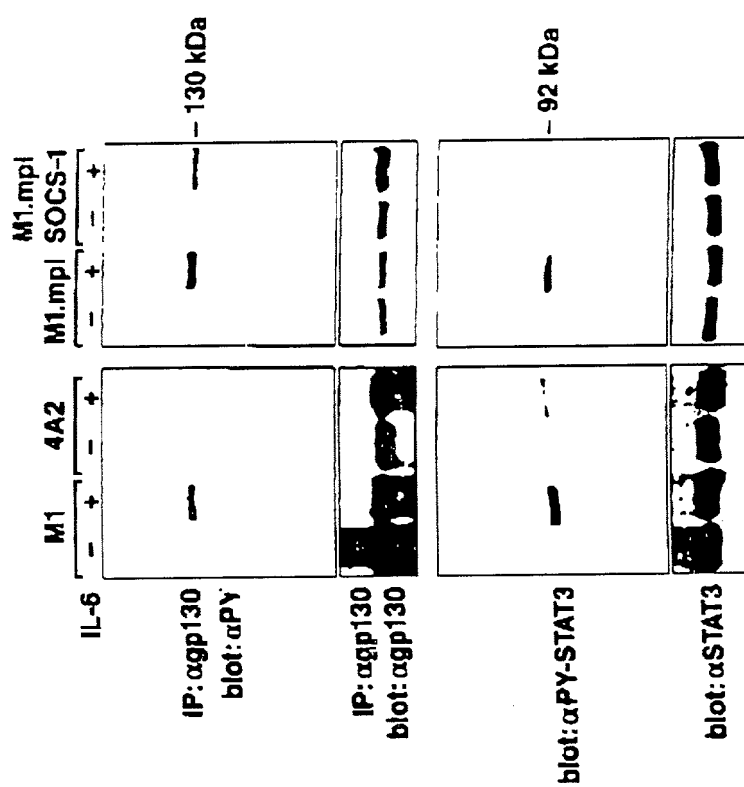


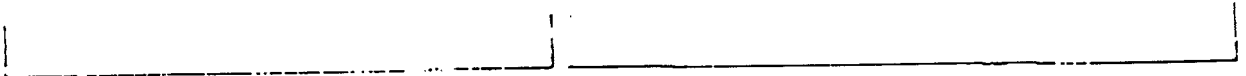


FIGURE 7A



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FIGURE 7B



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FIGURE 8

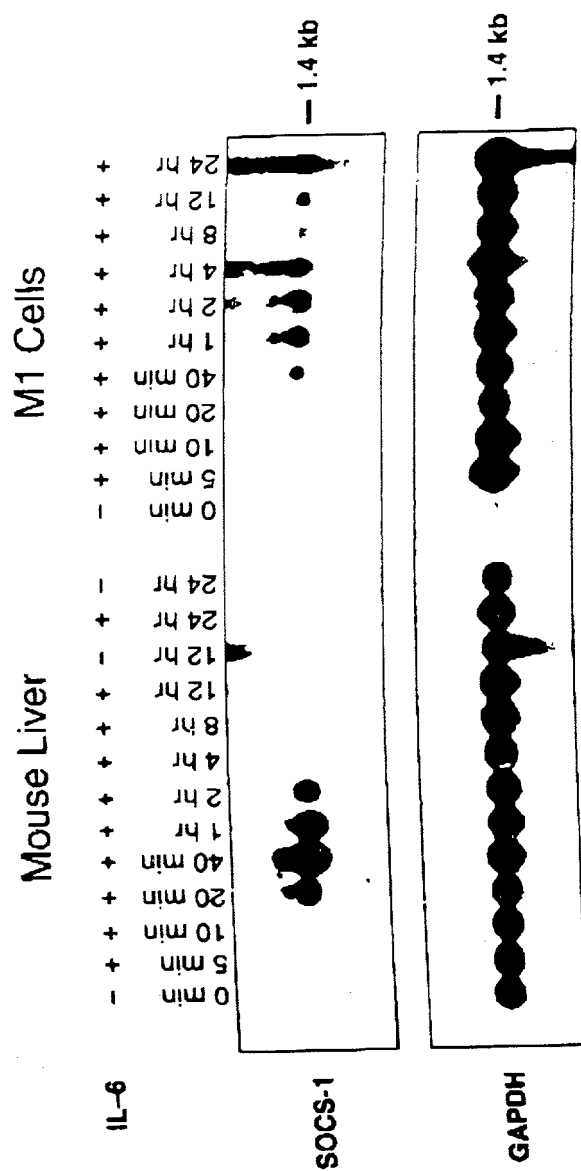




FIGURE 10

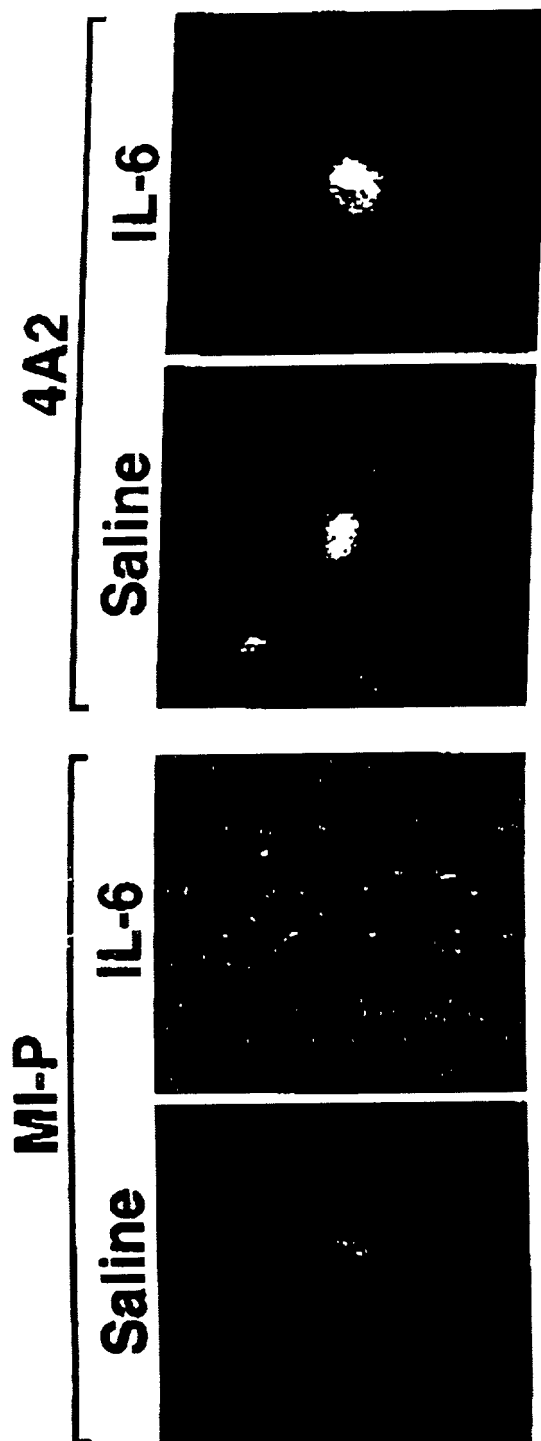




FIGURE 12

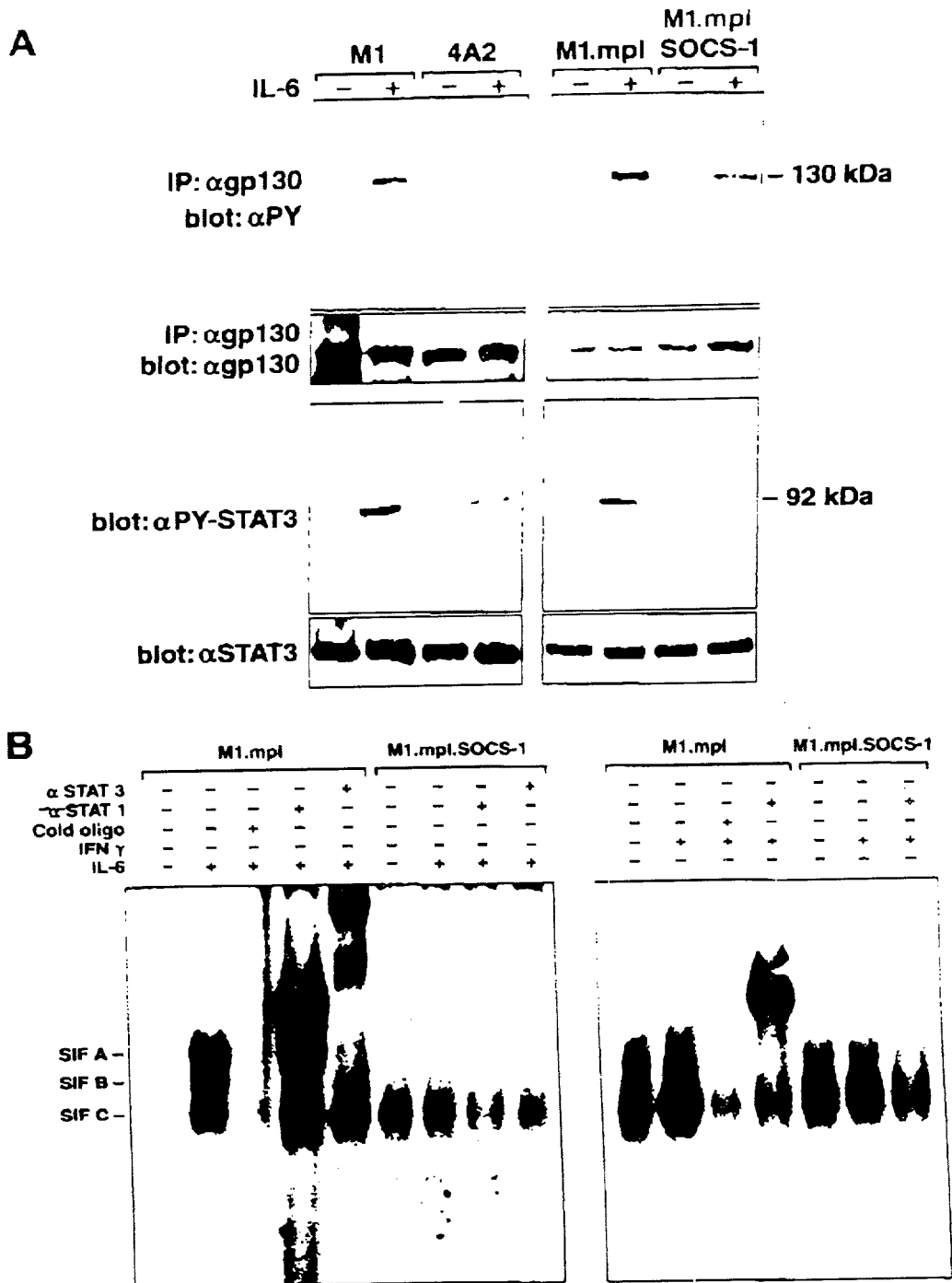


Figure 13



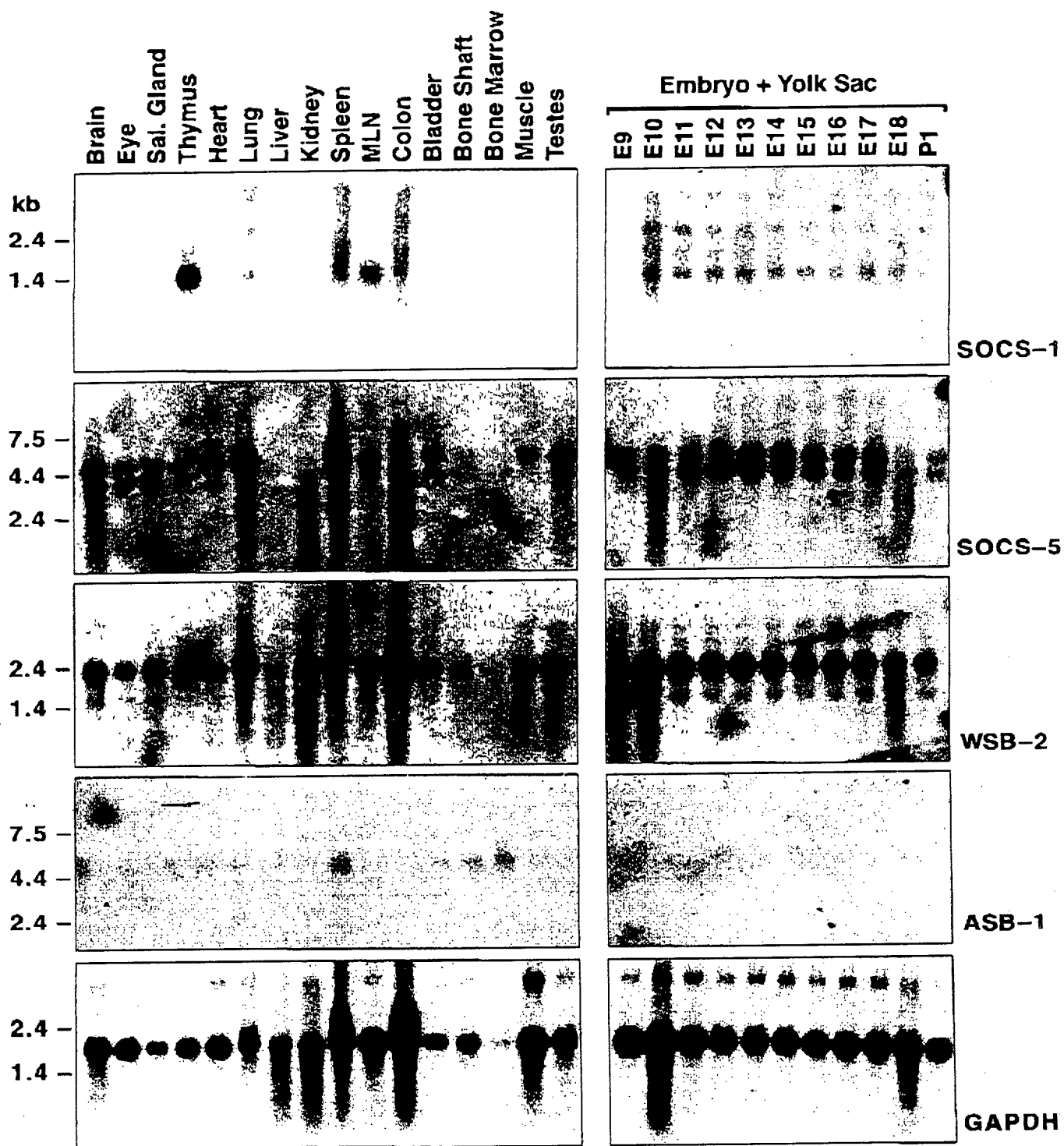


FIGURE 14A

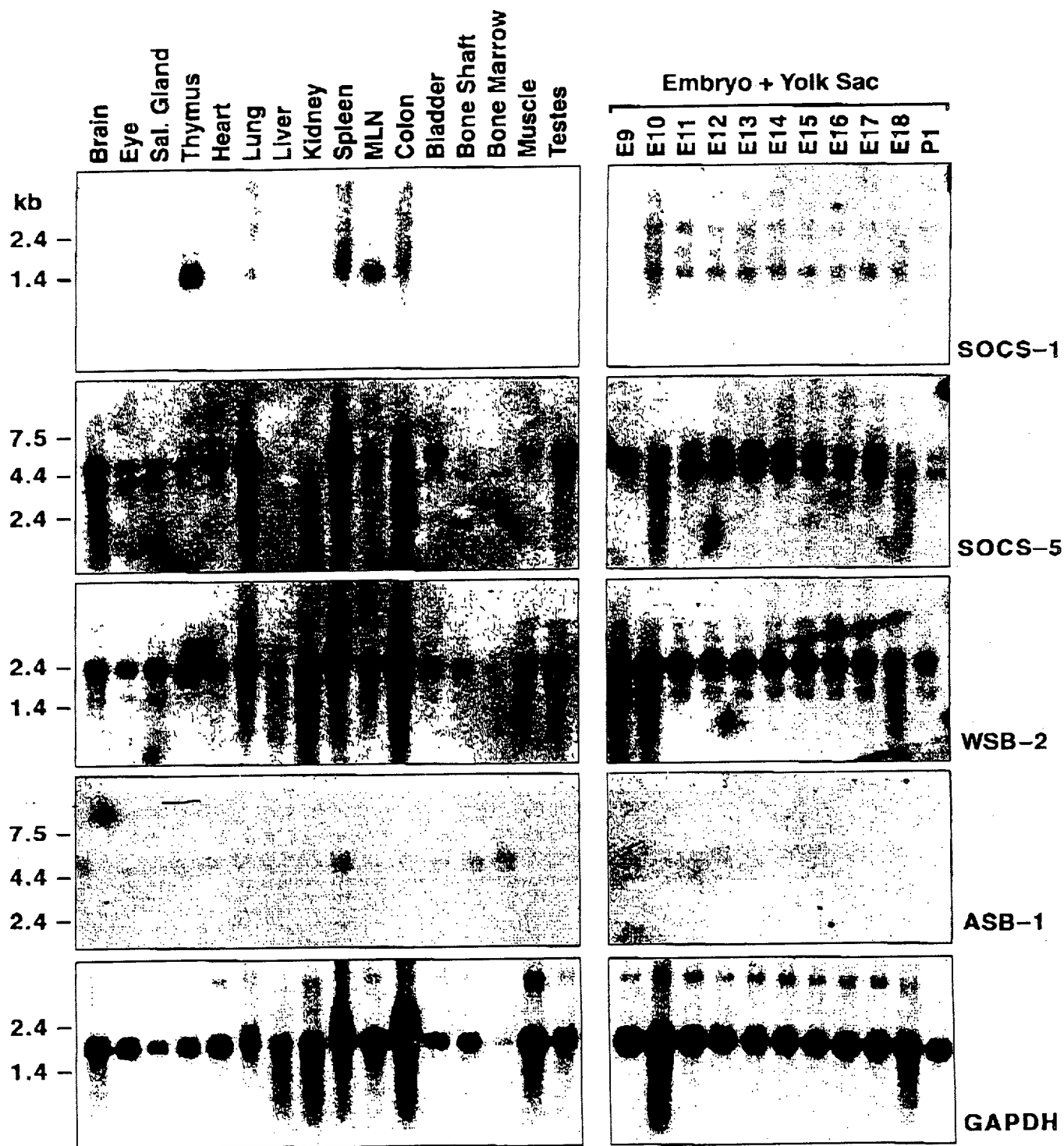


FIGURE 14B

FIGURE 15

cgaattccgggggggctgtgtgagtcgtgagtggaaggcgccgggctcttttgtctgagtgtagccgggtggcctttgtt  
ccaggcattccgggtgatttcctccgggcagtcgcgagaagccgcagcgccgcccgcgctctctctgcagtcctccacacc  
ogggagagcctgagcccgcgtcacgccccctcagcccccgctgagtccttctctgttgtcgcgctccgaatcgagttcccg  
gaatcagacggtgccccatagATGGCCAGCTTTCCCCCGAGGGTTAACGAGAAAGAGATCGTGAGATCACGTACTATAGG  
GGAACCTCTTGGCTCCAGCAGCTCCTTTTGACAAGAAATGTGGTGGTGAGAACTGGACGGTTGCTTTTGCTcCTGATGGTT  
CCTACTTTGCGTGGTCACAAGGATATCGCATAGTGAAGCTTGTCCCGTGGTCCCAGTGCCGTAAGAACTTTCTTTGCTAT  
GGTTCCAAAAATGTTACCAATTCAAGCTGTCTAAAAATTGGCAAGACAAAAACAGTAATGGTGGTCAGAAAAACAAGCCTCC  
TGAGCACGTTATAGACTGTGGAGACATAGTCTGGAGTCTTGCTTTTGGGTCTTCAGTTCCAGAAAAACAGAGTCGTGCG  
TTAATATAGAATGGCATCGGTTCCGATTTGGACAGGATCAGCTACTCCTTGCCACAGGATTAACAATGGTCGCATCAAA  
ATCTGGGATGTATATACAGGAAAACCTCCTCCTTAATTTGGTAGACCACATTGAAATGGTTAGAGATTTAACTTTTGCTCC  
AGATGGGAGCTTACTCCTTGATCAGCTTCAGAGACAAAACTCTAAGAGTGTGGGACCTGAAAGATGATGGAAACATGG  
TGAAAGTATTGCGGGCACATCAGAATTGGGtGtACAGTTGTGCATTcTCTCCcGACTGTTcTATGCTGTGTTCAGTgGGC  
AGCTTGTGACTTTTCTCCTGATGGAGCATTGCTAgCTACTGCATCCTATGACACTCGTGTGTATGTCTGGGATCCACACA  
ATGGAGACCTTCTGATGGAGTTTGGGCACCTGTTTCCCTCGCCCACTCCAATATTTGCTGGAGGAGCAAAATGACCGATGG  
GTGAGAGCTGTGTCTTTCAGTCATGATGGACTGCATGTTGCCAGCCTTGCTGATGATAAAATGGTGAgtTCTGGAGAAT  
CGATGAGGATTGTCCGTACAAAGTTGCACCTTTGAGCAATGGTCTTTGCTGTGCCTTTTCTACTGATGGCAGTGTTTTAG  
CTGCTGGGACACATGATGGAAAGTGTGTATTTTGGGCCACTCCAAGGCAAGTCCCTAgCCTTCAACATATATGTGCGATG  
TCAATCCGAAGAGTGTGTCCACCCAAGAAGTCCAAAAACTGCCTGTTCCCTTCCAAAATATTTGGCGTTTCTCTCCTACCG  
CGGTTAGactgaagactgcctttcctsggtaggcctgccagacagagcgccctttacaagacacacctcaagctttacctc  
gtgcccgaatt

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FIGURE 16

MASFPPRVNEKEIVRSRTIGELLAPAAPFDKKCGGENWTVAFAPDGSYFAWSQGYRIVKLVFWSQCRKNFLLEGSKNVTN  
SSCLKLARQNSNGGQKNKPPEHVIDCGDIVWSLAFGSSVPEKQSRCVNIEWHFRFRFGQDQLLLATGLNNGRIKIWDVYTG  
KLLNLVDHIEMVRLTFAPDGSLLLVSASRDKTLRVWDLKDDGNMVKVLRAHQNWVYSCAFSPDCSMLCSVGASKAVFL  
WNMDKYTHIRKLEGHHHDVVACDFSPDGALLATASYDTRVYVWDPHNGDLLMEFGHLFPSPTPIFAGGANDRWVRAVSFS  
BDGLEVASLADDKMVRFWRIDEDCPVQVAPLSNGLCCAFSTDGSLAAGTHDGSVYFWATPROVPSLOHICRMSIRRMS  
TQEVOKLPVPSKILAFLSYRG\*

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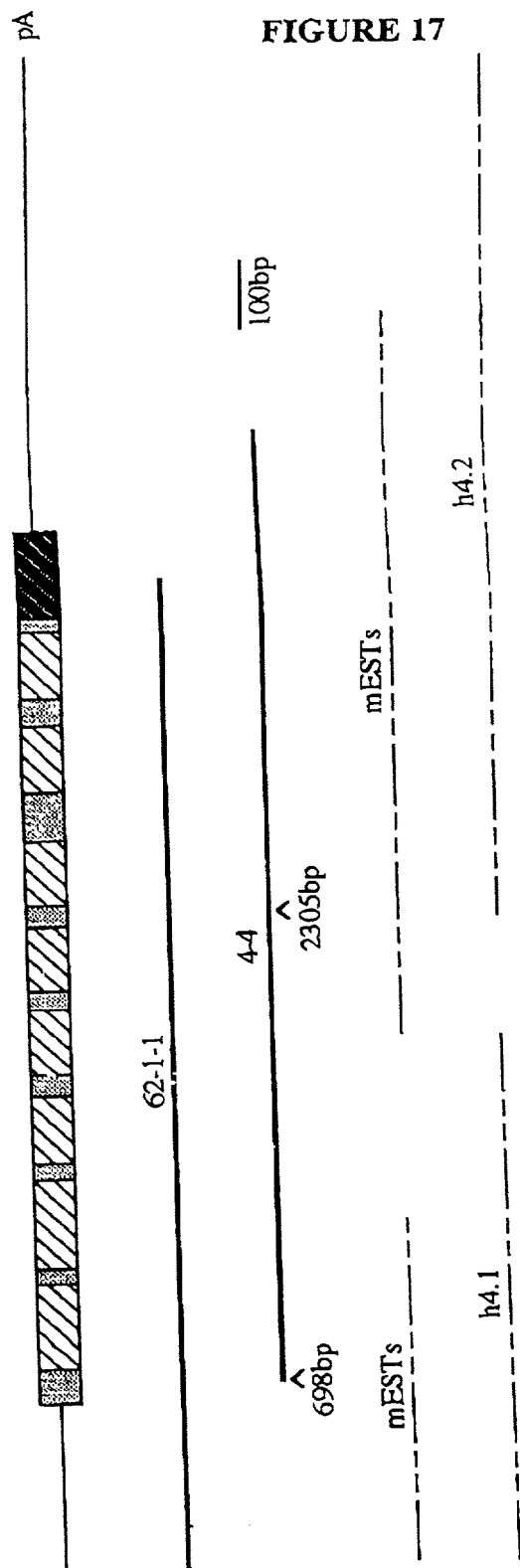


FIGURE 18

h4.1

CTGTCTTCCTCCGACGCGAGGCTGGGTACAGGGTCTATTGTCTGTGGTTGACTCCGTACTTTGGTCTGAGGCCTTCGG  
GAGCTTTCCCGAGGCAGTTAGCAGAAGCCGACGACCGCCCCCGCCCGTCTCCTCTGTCCCTGGGCCCGGGAGACAAAC  
TTGGCGTCACGCCCTCAGCGGTGCGCCACTCTCTTCTCTGTTGTTGGGTCCGCATCGTATTCCCGGAATCAGACGGTGCCC  
CATAGATGGCCAGCTTTCCCCGAGGGTCAACGAGAAAGAGATCGTGAGATCACGTACTATAGGTGAACCTTTAGCTCCT  
GCAGCTCCTTTTGACAAGAAATGTGGTCTGAAAATTGGACTGTTGCTTTTGTCCAGATGGTTCATACTTTGCTTGGTC  
ACAAGGACATCGCACAGTAAAGCTTGTTCGGTGGTCCGAGTGCCCTTCAGAACTTTCTCTTGATGGCACCAGAAATGTTA  
CCAATTCAAGCAGTTTAAAGATTGCCAAGACAAAATAGTGATGGTGGTCAGAAAAATAAGCCTCGTGACATATTATAGACT  
GTGGAGATATAGTCTGGAGTCTTGCTTTTGGGTGATCAGTTCCAGAAAAACAGAGTCGCTGTGTAAATATAGAATGGCAT  
CGCTTCAGATTTGGACAAGATCAGCTACTTCTTGCTACAGGGTTGAACAATGGGCGTATCAAAATATGGGATGTATATMC  
AGGAAACTCCTCCTTAACTTGGTAGATCATACTGAAGTGGTCAGAGATTAACTTTTGCTCCAG

h4.2

CTCTGTATGTCTGAATGAAGCTATAACATTTGCCCTTTTTATTGCAGGTTTTCTTTTGGAAATATGGATAAAATACCCATGA  
TACGGAAACTAGAAGGACATCACCATGATGTGGTAGCTTGTGACTTTTCTCCTGATGGAGCATTAAGTGGCTACTGCATCT  
TATGATACTCGAGTATATATCTGGGATCCACATAATGGAGACATTCTGATGGAATTTGGGCACCTGTTTTCCCCACCTAC  
TCCAATATTTGCTGGAGGAGCAAAATGACCGGTGGGTACGATCTGTATCTTTTAGCCATGATGGACTGCATGTTGCAAGCC  
TTGCTGATGATAAAATGGTGAAGTCTGAGGAAATTGATGAGGATATCCAGTGCAAGTTGCACCTTTGAGCAATGGTCTT  
TGCTGTGCCTTCTCTACTGATGGCAGTGTTTTAGCTGCTGGGACACATGACGGAAGTGTGTATTTTTGGGCCACTCCACG  
GCAGGTCCCTAGCCTGCAACATTTATGTGCGATGTCAATCCGAAGAGTGTATGCCACCCCAAGAGTTTCAAGAGCTGCCGA  
TTCCTTCCAAGCTTTTGGAGTTTCTCTCGTATCGTATTTAGAAGATTCTGCCTTCCCTAGTAGTAGGGACTGACAGAATA  
CACTTAACACAAACCTCAAGCTTTACTGACTTCAATTATCTGTTTTTAAAGACGTAGAAGATTTATTTAATTTGATATGT  
TCTTGTACTGCATTTTGATCAGTTGAGCTTTTAAATATTTATTTATAGACAATAGAAGTATTTCTGAACATATCAATAT  
AAATTTTTTTAAAGATCTAACTGTGAAAACATACATACCTGTACATATTTAGATATAAGCTGCTATATGTTGAATGGACC  
CTTTTGCTTTTCTGATTTTGTAGTTCTGACATGTATATTTGCTTCAGTAGAGCCACAATATGTATCTTTGCTGTAAAGTG  
CAAGGAAATTTTAAATTCTGGGACACTGAGTTAGATGGTAAATACTGACTTACGAAAGTTGAATTGGGTGAGGCGGGCAA  
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AA

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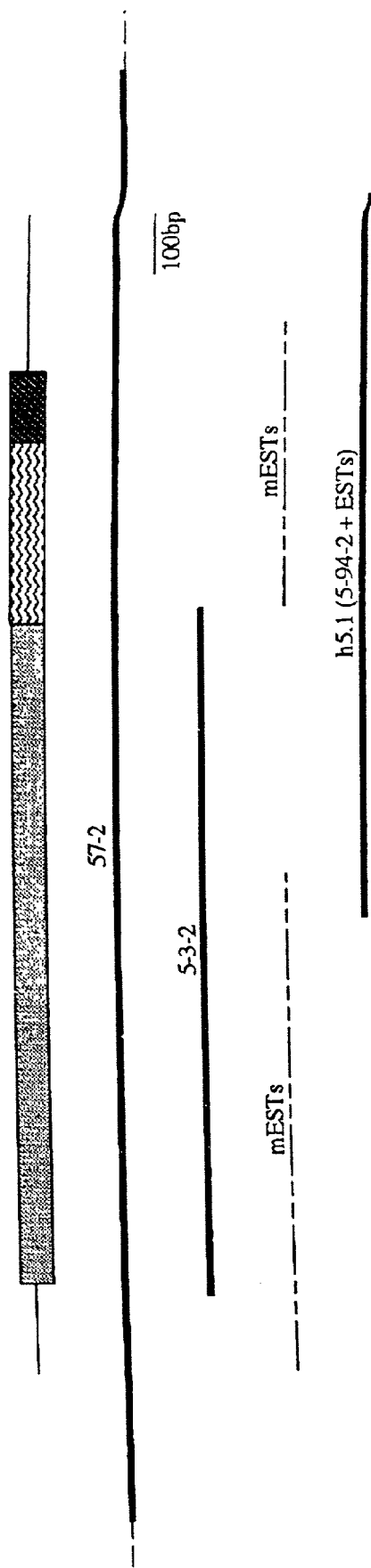


FIGURE 19

FIGURE 20A

cggcacgagccgggtccgtccggaggaagcgaggtgcgcgcgcggcccgccaggagcggaggacgggagmccgcggggcg  
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cgtgtcccgccgctgagtgcccccggggtcccgggcgccctgccctcaagcgccgcctctccttgcccggggtcccg  
tttcccccgccgcagtcctcctccgggtgggcgcctccgcacctcgccgcagggcgccacggccctcgggccgggatggat  
ccgcggggaagaggaagacaagccggggcggttgagccctgcgcacgggtgcgcgcgcgctagtgaggagcttactcgcag  
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gccacgagggaggaagccgtaattgagaacgtggagatgaaccccaacagatgtccgtctgtcaaaagagaaaaagcatcagt  
ctgggagagggcagctccccagcaagagagcagctcccttaagagabaaatgtgccttacagctgggactgagcccttccaa  
gaccttttccagccggaacaaaactgtgcccagagatccctcaagtgggtgaaatcagcatcgagaaagacagtgact  
cggtgccacccccaggaaacgaggttgacagagagactcctactcgccgcacgcgccgtgggaggaagaaagaaacat  
tcctgttccacaaagacccagagttcattggataccgagaaaaagtttggtagaactcgaaagccgcttcagagggcaga  
gcggcgctatgcagtcagctccatgcagagcatggacagcgtttctagccgcgcggtcgagagccgctccctgagggcaga  
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taaacagcataccgccccctgtgagcccacactcaacattttttgatatacttgatccatcactgggtgttacagaagatg  
aagaagataggcttcgagagagaagacggcttagtatcgaaaggggtggatcccccctcccaacgcacaaatacacacc  
tttgaagctactgcacaggtcaacccattgtataagctgggaccaaagttagctcctgggatgacagagataagtgagga  
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agcgccaggtgtccggggacagccacgcgcagcttagcagacagggagcttgaaagttcatagcagatcgattacata  
cactgcctcgtgccagatttgcttcagatcacagggaaatccctgttactggggcggtgatggaccgatagcagggccgaagc  
ccttctagaagggaaacgggaagccacgttctgctcagggactctgcacagggagactacctcttctctgtgagcttcc  
gcccgtacaaacaggtctctgcacgccccggatcgagcagtggaaccacaacttcagcttcgatgccccatgacccctgctg  
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gatatactgaatagaactttccctttcagcctgcagtatatctgcccgcagatgatctgcagatgcactacgtatgatg  
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caatagtgtgactaatgtttgaaattatttttctaaagaattttctataaccttcagaaaaagtagtgatgtttgtagt  
tactataaatcaagctttgaaagttcaaaacaaacaaagttaaataaaaagactaccttccttttagagaaaaacaaatgcaa  
gttttccagccacaggcattgtgcactgttaattgttngcttgttatcagctcctttctcctcc

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—

MDKVGKMWNNLKYRCQNLFSHEGGSRNENVMNPNRCPVSKEKSIISLGEAAPQOESSPLRENVALQLGLSPSKTFSRRNQ  
NCAAEIPQVVEISIEKDSDSGATPGTRLARRDSYSRHAPWGKKKHSCSTKTQSSLDTEKKFGRTRSGLQRRERRYGVSS  
MQDMDSVSSRAVGSRSLRQLQDTVGLCFPMRTYSKQSKPLFSNKRKIHLSLEMLEKCPFPAGSDLAQKWBLIKQHTAPV  
SPHSTFFDFTDPSLVSTDEEDRLRERRRLSIEEGVDPFPNAQIHTFEATAQVNPLYKLGPKLAPGMTESISGDGSAIPQX  
NCDSEEDSTTCLQSRROKQROVSGDSHAHVSRQGAWKVETQIDYIHCLVPDLLQITGNPCYWGVMDRYEAEALLEGKPE  
GTFLLRDSAQEDYLFVSFRRYRNSGLHIEQWNBFSFDAHDPCVFHSSXVTGLLEHYKDPSSCMFFEPLLTISLNRTF  
PFSLOYICRAVICRCTTYDGDIDGLPLPSMLQDILFEYHYKQKVRVRLERKVPKAK\*

FIGURE 21

GATTAAACAGCATACAGCTCCTGTGAGCCACATTCAACATTTTTTGATACrTTTGATCCATCTTTGGTTTCTACAGAAG  
ATGAAGAAGATAGGCTTAGAGAGAGAAGGCGGCTTAGTATTGAAGAAGGGGTTGATCCCCCTCCCAATGCACAAATACAT  
ACATTTGAAGCTACTGCACAGGTTAATCCATTATwTAAACTGGGACCAAATTAGCTCCTGGAATGACTGAAATAAGTGG  
GGACAGTTCTGCAATTCCACAAGCTAATTGTGACTCGGAAGAGGATACAACCACCCTGTGyTTGCAGTCACGGAGGCAGA  
AGCAGCGTCAGATATCTGGAGACAGCCATACCCATGTTAGCAGACAGGGAGCTTGGAAAGTCCACACACAGATTGATTAC  
ATACACTGCTTCGTGCCTGATTTGCTTCAAATTACAGGGAATCCCTGTACTGGGGAGTGATGGACCGTTATGAAGCAGA  
AGCCCTTCTCGAAGGGAAACCTGAAGGCACGTTTTTGTCTAGGGACTCTGCGCAAGAGGACTACTTCTTCTCTGTGAGCT  
TCCGCCGATACAACAGATCCCTGCATGCCCCGAATTGAGCAGTGGAATCACAACTTTAGTTTTCGACGCCCATGACCCGTGT  
GTATTTCACTCCTCCACTGTAACGGGACTTTTAGAACATTATAAAGATCCCAGTTCGTGCATGTTTTTTGAACCATTGCT  
TACTATATCACTAAATAGGACTTTCCCTTTTAGCCTGCAGTATATCTgTcGCGCGTAATCTGCAGGTGCACTACGTATG  
ATGGAATTGATGGGCTCCCTCTACCCCTCAATGTTACAGGATTTTTTAAAAGAGTATCATTATAAAACAAAAGTTAGAGTT  
CGCTGGTTGGaACGAGAACCAGTCAAGGCAAAGTAAACTCTCCGGTCCCCAAAGGgTGTTAACTAGGTCCGCTTTCATGT  
GCATCAGACAGTACACCTATAGCAAGCACACGTAGCAGTGTTAGGCTTTTTTCATACAGTATGTAAGcTTAGTGTTAGTAT  
CTGTCAGAtGCTACCTGCTGTTACTTATTAGATAAACATGGtGCCTATTGGAACAATAGcGGATAGAGCTACAGGTGTT  
CAGTAAGACTACAAAAACATTTTGCCTATTTTCGCTAACAGTTTGGTTTTTAATGGCTGTGGtATTGAGTGAGGCAACTC  
TGGGGCATTGTATTGAAGAAATG

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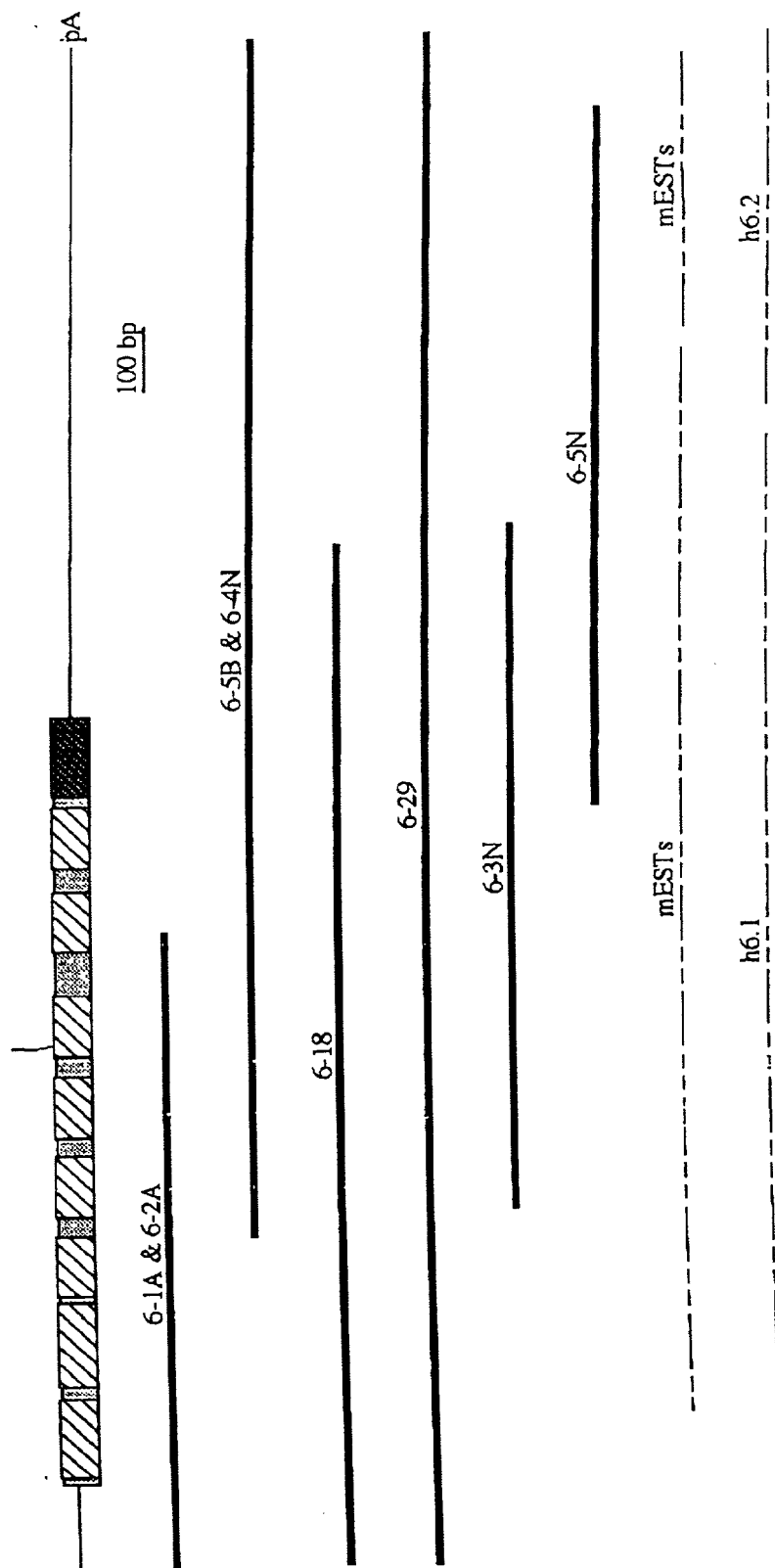


FIGURE 22

1

ggcagcagggcggtggtggtggggcgggcgggcgggcgggcgggcgggcgggcggaATGAAGGCCACAGGCCCTGGGGGCTG  
AGGCGCCGCCCGCTGGGGCGGGCGCGCGCTCCTGATCGAGGCCGAGAGGAGCGCGTGTCTGCTGGAAGTCAAGCCT  
GGGCGCCCCCACCAGTTCGACTGGAAGTCAAGCTCGGAGACCTGGAGCGTGGCCTTCTCGCCAGACGGTTCCTGGTTTCG  
CTGGTCTCAAGGACACTGCGTGGTCAAGCTGGTCCCTTGGCCCTTAGAGGAAACAGTTCATCCCTAAAGGATTGGAAGCCA  
AGAGCCGAAGCAGCAAGAATGACCCAAAAGGACGGGGCAGTCTGAAGGAGAAGACGCTGGACTGTGGCCAGATTGTGTGG  
GGGCTGGCCTTCAGCCCGTGGCCCTCTCCACCCAGCAGGAACTCTGGGCACGTCACCATCCCGAGCGCCTGATGTTTC  
TTGCTGTGCTGCTGGCCACAGTCTCAACGATGGGCAGATCAAGATTTGGGAGGTACAGACAGGCCTCTGCTTCTGAATC  
TTTCTGGCCACCAAGACGTCGTGAGAGATCTGAGCTTCACGCCCAGCGGCAGTTTGATTTTGGTCTCTGCATCCCGGGAT  
AAGACACTTCGAATTTGGGACCTGAATAAAACACGTAAGCAGATCCAGGTGTTATCCGGCATCTGCAGTGGGTTTACTG  
CTGCTCATCTCCCCCTGACTGTAGCATGCTGTGCTCTGTCAGCTGGGGAGAAGTCGGTCTTTCTGTGGAGCCTGCGGTCT  
ACACACTAATCCGGAAGCTAGAAGGCCACCAAGCAGTGTGTGCTCTCTCTGATTGACCTTGCCTTGTCTGCT  
ACAGCTTCGTATGACACCACTGTGATTATGTGGGACCCCTACACCGGCGCAGGCTGAGTCAGCTTTCATCACACAACT  
TGAACCCAGATGGATGACAGTGCAGCTCCACATGAGCTCCCTGAGGTCCGTGTGCTTCTCACCTGAAGGCTTGTATCTCG  
CTACGGTGGCAGATGACAGGCTGCTCAGGATCTGGGCTCTGGAAGTGAAGGCTCCGGTTGCCCTTGCTCCGATGACCAAT  
GGTCTTTGCTGCACGTTCTTCCACACGGTGGAAATTATTGCCACAGGGACGAGAGATGGCCATGTCCAGTTCTGGACAG  
TCCCCGGGTCTGTCTCTCACTGAAGCACTTATGCAAGAAAGCCCTCCGAAGTTTCTGACAACGATCAAGTCTTAGCAC  
TGCCAATCCCCAAGAAGATGAAAGAGTTCTTCATACAGGACTTTCTAGTgagtcgggctccccacacctcgtcagcag  
cagcagtagcaagggaactggtcagtagtgagtcaggcagctcacactggaccagtgtgagaccttccctccctccatggcat  
gtgcaagtaggtctgctgagccacccttctgtggtgcccggccttacctcgtcttccatccgtggtgagcagccttcgtcag  
tctagttgtgttgaaagccaagtgcagttgtggatgttgctggggtaataaaggcaagcgggctccagagcctctctggtg  
gcggccaagccacactcccttaactgggaagtacctgccacgtagggcatttctgctgacctatttccagccagcggctgc  
atgggttgaaagtccctccgttgctggtcagaagaactctgggtgttggttccctgctcagctgcgcgtggaactgggctgag  
ctcctcacccatacactagtgcgggettctgttctctgtaaacagtggttgcatgtatagagaagtaaacagcagtagtattc  
agatcatacgaggaggcgttccctcggtgctagtcagcgtcagatggccatttatcagcatatttatttgattttctcagca  
catagtaaggtagcaactgtgttttctcaattgtctcgaaaaaacagagttcttaagtggcccagttgtggagccaagtct  
aagtcgtgtggagtcagtgctgacatcactggctgtgctgtctgtcacatgtgttctgtctgctgcttgacctcatgg  
gatgtaccttccagttcaactgccaaaacagacagcccttccaaagcaccgttctttgacagcggtagcagctacctat  
tcaagacgcctcacacaaaatctgccttagaaagttaatatattttaattattttaaaagaaactcaacatcttattct  
ttggccttcttaattgagtcgtttatggaggcagtggttaacattgtacagtgatgcatagaggagtcctcctctatttga  
aqaacaatgcaaaatgaggctttcattgaaggggaaaaaaaaaaaaa

FIGURE 23B

MEAGEEPLLLAELKPGRPHQFDWKSSCETWSVAFSPDGSWFAWSQGHCVVKLVWPWLEEQFIPKGFEAKSRSSKNDPKGRG  
SLKEKTLDCGQIVWGLAFSPWPSPPSRKLWARHHPQAPDVSLILATGLNDGQIKIWEVQTGLLLLNLSGHQDVVRDLSFT  
PSGSLILVSASRDKTLRIWDLNKEGKQIQVLSGHLQWVYCCSISPDCSMLCSAAGEKSVFLWSMRSYTLIRKLEGEQSSVV  
SCDFSPDSALLVTASYDTSVIMWDPYTGARLRSLEHTQLEPTMDDSDVHMSSLRSVCFSPPEGLYLATVADDRILLRIWALEL  
KAPVAFAPMTNGLCCTFFPHGGIIATGTRDGHVQFWTAPRVLSSLKBLCRKALRSFLTTYOVLALPIPKMKKEFLTYRTF\*

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FIGURE 24

h6.1

GACACTGCATCGTCAAACCTGATCCCCTGGCCGTTGGAGGAGCAGTTCATCCCTAAAGGGTTTGAAGCCAAAAGCCGAAGTA  
GCAAAAATGAGACGAAAGGGCGGGCAGCCCAAAAGAGAAGACGCTGGACTGTGGTCAGATTGTCTGGGGGCTGGCCCTTCA  
GCCTGTGNCTTTTCCCCACCCAGCAGGAAGCTCTGGGCACGCCACCCACCCCAAGTGCCCGATGTCTCTTGCCTGGTTCTTG  
CTACGGGACTCAACGATGGGCAGATCAAGATCTGGGAGGTGCAGACAGGGCTCCTGCTTTTGAATCTTCCGGCCACCAAG  
ATGTCGTGAGAGATCTGAGCTTCACACCCAGTGGCAGTTTGATTTTGGTCTCCGCGTCACGGGATAAGACTCTTCGCATCT  
GGGACCTGAATAAACACGGTAAACAGATTCAAGTGTTATCGGGCCACCTGCAGTGGGTTTACTGCTGTTCCATCTCCCCAG  
ACTGCAGCATGCTGTGCTCTGCAGCTGGAGAGAAGTCGGTCTTTCTATGGAGCATGAGGTCCTACACGTTAATTCGGAAGC  
TAGAGGGCCATCAAAGCAGTGTTGTCTCTTGTGACTTCTCCCCGACTCTGCCCTGCTTGTACGGCTTCTTACGATACCA  
ATGTGATTATGTGGGACCCCTACACCGGCGAAAGGCTGAGGTCACTCCACCACACCCAGGTTGACCCCGCCATGGATGACA  
GTGACGTCCACATTAGCTCACTGAGATCTGTGTGCTTCTCTCCAGAAGGCTTGACCTTGCCACGGTGGCAGATGACAGAC  
TCCTCAGGATCTGGGCCCTGGAACCTGAAAACCTCCCATTCGATTTGCTCCTATGACCAATGGGCTTTGCTGGCACATTTTTT  
CCACATGGTGGAGTCATTGCCACAGGGACAAGAGATGGCCACGTCCAGTTCTGGACAGCTCCTAGGGTCCTGTCCTCACTG  
AAGCACTTATGCCGGAAGCCCTTCGAAGTTTCTTAACAACCTTACCAAGTCCTAGCACTGCCAATCCCCAAGAAAATGAAA  
GAGTTCCTCACATACAGGACTTTTAAAGCAACACCACATCTTGTGCTTCTTTGTAGCAGGGTAAATCGTCCTGTCAAAGGG  
AGTTGCTGGAATAATGGGCCAAACATCTGGTCTTGCATTGAAATAGCATTTCTTTGGGATTGTGAATAGAATGTAGCAAAA  
CCAGATTCCAGTGTACTAGTCATGGATTTTTTC

h6.2

ACCATGGTTCCAAGWTCTCTCCYKCTGTGGTCMRAAGTTGCIYCCGAATGTTGGGCCCAAGTGCCTTTTCYCTCCTTGG  
GCCTCCCCCTTCTGACCTGCAGGACAGTTTTCCYGGAGCCATTTGGTATGAGGTATTAAWTTAGCCTTAACTAAATTACAG  
GGGACTCAGAGGCCGTGCTCCTGACCGATCCAGACACTATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTAAACAATGGTGTGCATGTGCAGGAA  
ATGACAAATTTGTATGTGAGATTATACAAGGATGTATTCTTAAACCGCATGACTATTTCAGATGGCTACTGAGTTATCAGTG  
GCCATTTATTAGCATCATATTTATTTGTATTTCTCAACAGATGTTAAGGTACAACCTGTGTTTTCTCGATTATCTAAAAA  
CCATAGTACTTAAATTGAAAAA

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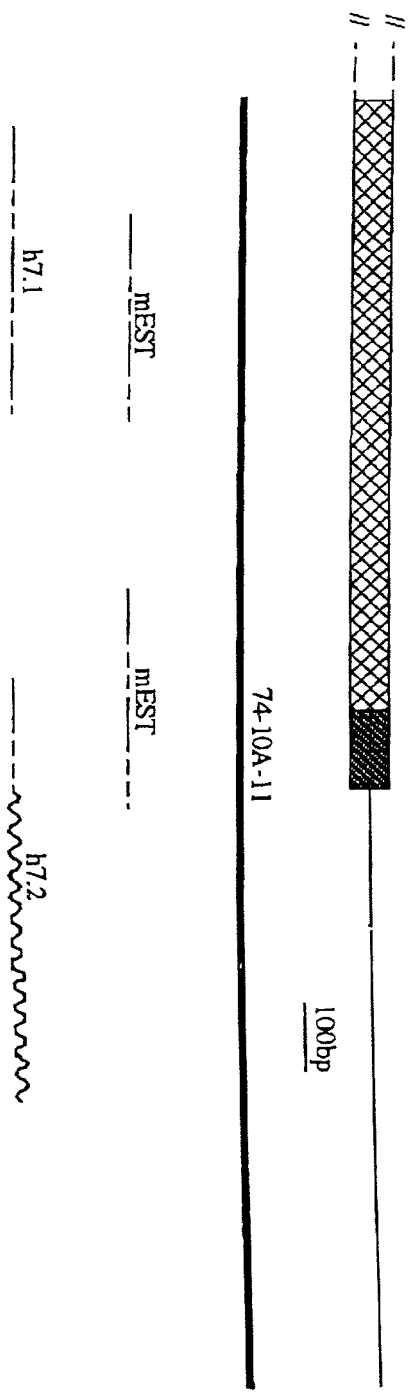


FIGURE 25

GGCACGAGGCGGGGT CAGGGCCGAGGCT GAGGACCAAGTAGGCATGGCGGAGGGCGGGACCGGCCCGATGGACGGGCCG  
GCCCGGGACCCGCAGGTCCTAATCTGAAGGAGTGGCTGAGGGAGCAGTTCTGTGACCATCCACTGGAGCACTGTGACGAT  
ACAAGACTGCATGATGCAGCCTATGTAGGGGACCTCCAGACCTCAGGAACCTACTGCAAGAGGAGAGCTACCGGAGCCG  
CATCAATGAGAAGTCTGTCTGGTGCTGGGCTGGCTTCCCTGCACCACTGAGGATCGCAGCCACTGCAGGCCATGGGA  
ACTGTGTGCACTTCCTCATACGCAAAAGGGGCCGAGGTGGACCTGGTGGATGTCAAGGGGCCAGCACTGCCCTGTATGTGGCT  
GTAGTGAACGGGCACCTTGGAGAGCACTGAGATCCTTTTGGAAAGCTGGTGTGATCCCAACGGCAGCCGGCACCACCGCAG  
CACTCCTGTGTACCATGCTCTTTCGTGTGGGTAGGGACGACATCCTGAAAGCTCTTATCAGGTATGGGGCAGATGTTGATG  
TCAACCATCATCTGAATCTGCACACCCGGCCCCCTTTTTCACGGCGGCTAACCTCCTTGGTGGTCTGTCTCTATACATC  
AGTGCTGCCTACCATAACCTTCAGTGCTTCAGGTGCTCTTTCGAGGCTGGGGCAAATCTGACATTCAATGTAATGGCCC  
TGTCACACCCAGGAGTCTACAGGGGATCCCCCTGGGTGTGTATGGATGCTGTCTCTGCCCATGGCTGTGAAGCAGCCT  
TCGTGAGTCTGTTGGTAGAGTTTGGAGCCAACCTGAACCTGGTGAAGTGGGAATCCCTGGGCCCAGAGGCCAAGAGGCAGA  
AGAAAGATGGATCTCAGGCCCTTCAGGCTCTTTAAAGAGGCCAGAAATATTCCAGGACCTTGCTGAGTGTGTGGCGGGT  
GGCTGTGAGAAGAGCTCTTGGCAAATACCGAGTCATCTGGTTCCCTCGCTGCCGTCGCCAGCCCCATAAAGAAGTTT  
TGCTTTATGAGTAGcattcacatgcagtgcctgactgcgaatgtggaagccgatcacctgcagtgaaaactgacacagcttc  
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caaaacagaaagagggttggtaaagaaaagatataggggagaaaggaattccggttccgtgcacttgctagcctgcttctct  
tgcttgggttgtctgtctatgctgcttggtgcaatccctctcttggctgcactgttctattttgggagttgtcttc  
cgttaagatggcttctgggttcttatttgcacagaggtcccagaacagtggttcataaggccacctctgctctgcc  
aagggttttctgattcttaccctggggtatcttcagacagtggttaccttttagagaccacactggaactaacatttaag  
tgactgccacattcagatcagggaccatcttaatagtactcactgccagtcctcacaagagaagatgacacgggtgtct  
tcttcagacactcccatacaggaagttggaaaatgtcttggtaacctgggtgttccaggctacaacttcttgggtgtc  
cactaagaccagratatcctagtttttgggttgactgttccctccccacttctcttgaancccaatgcccntttgtktn  
ggttgccttccctaaaakt



FIGURE 26B

....ARGGVRAEAEQVGMAGGTGPDGRAGPGPAGPNLKEWLREQFCDEPLEHCDDTRLHDAAYVGDQLTLRNLLQEE SY  
RSRINEKSVWCCGWLECTPLRIAATAGHGNCVDFLIRKGAEVDLVDVKGQTALYVAVVNGHELESTEILLEAGADPNRSRH  
RSTPVYHAXRVGRDDILKALIRYGADVVDVNEHLNSDTRPPFSRRLTSLVVCPLYISAAYENLQCFRLLLQAGANPDFNCNG  
PVNTQEFYRGSPGCVMDAVLREGCEAAFVSLVEFGANLNLVKWESLGPEARGRKMDPEALQVFKEARSIPTLLSLCRV  
AVRRALGKYRLHLVPSLPLPDPIKKFLLYE\*

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## FIGURE 27

h7.1

GCATCCATGGCGGAGGGCGGCAGCACGACGGGCGGGCAGGGCCGGGCTCCGCAGGTCGTAATCTGAAGGAGTGGCTGAGG  
GAGCAATTTTGTGATCATCCGCTGGAGCACTGTGAGGACACGAGGCTCCATGATGCAGCTTACGTCGGGGACCTCCAGAC  
CCTCAGGAGCCTATTGCAAGAGGAGAGCTACCGGAGCCGCATCAACGAGAAGTCTGTCTGGTGCTGTGGCTGGCTCCCT  
GCACACCGTTGCCAATCGCGGCCACTGCAGGCCATGGGAGCTGTGTGGACTTCCTCATCCGGAAGGGGGCCGAGGTGGAT  
CTGGTGGACGTAAAAGGACAGACGGCCCTGTATGTGGCTGTGGTGAACGGGCACCTAGAGAGTACCCAGATCCTTCTCGA  
AGCTGGCGCGGACCCCAAC

h7.2

GAGGAAGAAGAAAAGTGGACCCTGAGGCCTTGCAGGTCTTTAAAGAGGCCAGAAGTGTCCCAGAACCTTGCTGTGTCTG  
TGCCGTGTGGCTGTGAGAAGAGCTCTTGGCAAMACCGGCTTCATCTGATTCCCTTCGCTGCCTCTGCCAGACCCCATAAA  
GAAGTTTCTACTCCATGAGTAGACTCCAAGTGCTGCGGTTGATTCCAGTGAGGGAGAAAAGTGATCTGCAGGGAGGTGGAC  
ACCGAGCCCTGAGTGCTGTGCTGCTGCTGGTCTCCTGATGGCTGTTGCTGCAGAAGATGTCCTCGTAGACTGTCATTGCT  
CCTCAGGTGCCTGGGCGGCTGAACAGTCCCTGGGTCAATTGTCAGCTGAGAGGCTTATACTAAAGTTATTATTGTTTTTCC  
CAAGTTCTCTGTTCTGGATTTTCAGTTGCATATTAATGTAACGGGCCATGGGGTATGTACATGTAGGGGCTGAGGTTGGA  
GGCCTACTAATTTCTGTAGGGAAGACTCCCAGCACTCTGGAAGTGTGCTTCTCTTTATTTTCTACTTCTCAATTGA  
TGGTTCGATTAAAGCCTTCTAGTATCTCAATGAAA

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**FIGURE 28**

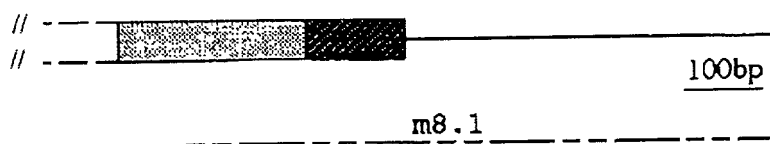


FIGURE 29A

CTGATGTCCGCAATTCTGAAGGTTGGACACCACTGCTGGCTGCCTGTGACATCCGCTGTCAATCCCCAAAGGATGCTGAG  
GCCACCACCAACCGCTGTTTTCAACTGTGCCGCTTGCTGCTGTCTGTGGGGGCAGATGCTGATGAATACATACCGTGTAG  
TTCAGCTTCCTGAGGAGGCCAAGGgCTTGGTGCCACCAGAGATTCTACAGAAGTACCATGGATTCTACTCTTCCCTCTTT  
GCCTTGGTGAGGCAGCCCAGGTGCTGTCAGCATCTCTGCCGTTGTGCGCTCCGCGATCACCTGGAGGGCTGTCTGCCCEA  
TGCACTACCGCGCCTTCCCTGCCCACCGCGCATGCTCCGCTTTCTGCAGCTGGACTTTGAGGATCTGCTCTACTAGgctt  
gctgccctgtgaacaaagcagacccccacccccacccaagggcatctctcagcaatgaatgatgcaaggcggctctgtctt  
caagtcaggagtggacgccttgatccacacttgagagaagaggccagatcagcaccyggctggtagtgatngcagagggc  
acctgtgcagatctgtgtgcgcactggaaatctctaggctgaaggcyagagcaaatgggtgcargtgtagtccttgggan  
gagagacaganggtgagaaaagcaagacagaggtgagagtgcacatgtcaagtggtagattgccttaaaagaaagctaaaa  
aaagaaaaagattcgggcgaacttctttaggggtaatgctgcagcgtgttaaactgactgaccagcgtccatatctttgg  
acccttcccgggtgaaaaagcccccttcctcctccagcgtccccaagggtgcttagcaataccgggtgcttttctgcgcg  
aaagtgagttaccaa

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FIGURE 29B

....MSAILKVGHECWLPVTSAVNPQRMRLRPPPTAVFNCAACCCLWGQMLMNTYRVVQLPEEAKGLVPPEILQKYHGFYS  
SLFALVRQPRSLQHLRCALRSHLEGCLPHALFRLPLPPRMLRFLQDFEDLLY\*

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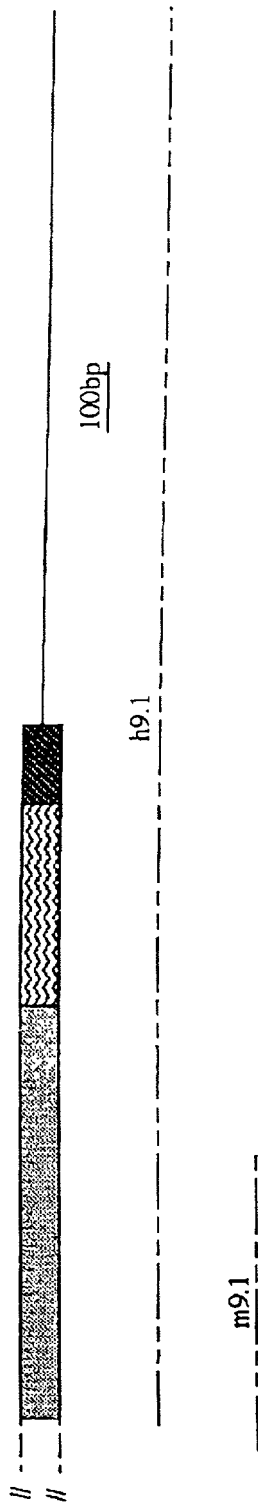


FIGURE 30

FIGURE 31

GTGGGGGCGTCATCATGACCTCCTCTAGGGCTCTGCAACATGACTCCTGTGGTGCAAATCAACAAATTGTTCACTGATGA  
ATCCACAAGGATCTCTGGGCCTACAACCAGGTCTTGGTCCACATGACTGTCGTCTTCGGAGAAGGCACCACTCGCCCCCG  
GCAGGTACGGCTGACACCTCCATGGGAGAAGACGTATCCAGGCAGCAGCTGCGCGGCCCTTCAAGAGGGCACATCCCGTC  
ATCTAAAGGCACGGTGTACTGAAGGTAGTCCTGAGACATGAGTCCGATTACTACAGGCACGTGTTCTCCAGGTGGAGGC  
TCAGGTCCCCGGGTGAGCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGGACTCAGGGCGCGGCTCTGGCTGCAGGTCTCGCAGCTCCCTGGGCTGT  
AGCTCCCGCAGATCCTTGCGCACACCGTTGACTGGT

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FIGURE 32

TTAATAGTACCTACATAGTAGAAAATTATAACTCCACTTTAAAACAATGTTTTCTTTCTATTCAAATCAATTTAAAACCTTT  
TTATAAACATTAATGTTGCAAGAGAATCCAGTCCATTTATGAAAATTAGTTGACAATCAAGTTCAACCAAGAAAATGTTGA  
CTAAGCTAAAGAAATCACAGATAAAACATTTTACCAAAAGGATAGGTAACACACAAAAAAATGCTATCACAGGAAGCTNAT  
GATCATCTAATATTTCTTTAATAATAATTCTAGTTCATAGGTTTTTCATGTTATGCCAATTTGTACCCGAGTTTAATTACA  
GAAAAGGCAACAATTTCTAAATTGGTGGTATACATTTCTTTACAATTTTTTAATGTAAGGCCATTTATTAAAATAGACAAA  
CTAGAAGATGAAAACGAAGGCAACAGAAAAATTCAACTTTTACAACCAAAAGAATTAGCACAAACCTTAGAAAATAATTTAG  
AAAAAAGTGTTGTTAAAAGATATGTTGCAGATCTCCGTTCCTTACCCAAGATTATGTCAATTCACGATTCTAAATAAATC  
TTTTTAAAGTAAGAGATTAAAACTCATCTTCAGTGTATATGTAAATTCCGTGGTTTTATCACACAGGTATGTTTATTCAA  
CACTGKCTTTGGAAANTGGACCATTTAAAAGGACATGGCAATTTCCATTCTGTTAAGTTTCATTCAACCTTTACTTAGGGG  
TTGRATTACCACATGAAATGNTGCTTTTAATGCATAAAAATCACAGTGGATTAGCCAGCAAAAGGGACTGGCCGGGGGGGG  
CATTGAGGAGAATTTGATAATTCACATTGTGATTATTCTGCACATTGATGAAACATAATTCACACCTCTAAAACCTCAAGA  
CTTCCCTTTTTTTAAAGAACCAAAATAAACCCCAAGACACCTTGCTGACACTTCCCCACCCCTAAACAAACTGATGACTCTTT  
TACACATAAAACTGAAATAGTTATGGCAGCAAAAGATTTTGATGGCAATGAAAGTTTGTAAACTGTATTTCAATCTCTTGT  
TCTTATTCCCAAAGTGCAAGATGCAGGGTTCTCAATCTTTCAGTAGTGCTTCTCCTGTAAATAATCCTTCATTTTGTGTTGG  
CAAAGGCAGTTTCTGAATTAAGTCTATTCTGGTATACTGACGTATAACAAAACGACACAGGTACTGCAACGAGCGCACCTS  
SATGAACNCCCGRGAACACTGGSTTGGYCAAGTTCTNGACRRGGKAAGTGCAGATTCCAGGCAGCYGAGACCTTGAATAA  
CAAAAAGCTCCCATTTTTCAGAGTCCCTGATTGAATGCTCCAATTAGATCAACTATGGACGTATGTCCTTCCACATCNGGCT  
GTTCATAAAAGCTAAACCTACCATTTGAGTGCTCAATTCTAGTGTGAAGTGTTTACCATGGGAGCGAAAGTCACAGCTTA  
AAAGGTAACGGTCGTCAGAACTGTCCCGAACAAGAAAAGAACCATCTGGCACGTTTGCTAGCTTCCCTTCTGCCTCCCAAC  
GTGTGATTGGTCCCCAGTACCATCCTTGCTTTGCAAGTTTTTTTCAGCTCCTCTGTAAGGCTTGTCAACCATGGGACCAC  
TACTTTGCACTGAGTCATAAACTCTTGCAACCCAGGAGCAGAGTTCCGGATCAAAATTCAAATGACAGCGCATAACTTTNC  
AGCCACGTGGGGCTTTCTGTSCCAGTGAGTCCAAGTTCCTTGGGATTGGGATTATTCCTGCATTGGAGNTAAC  
CAATGGTGAAGATTGGAGGGACATCCATCGTGAACCCGCTCTCCGGGGTTCTGCAACATGACTCCCGTGGTGCCAATCAAC  
AAGCCATTCAACCGACTGATCCACGAAGATCTCTGGGGCGACAAGTAGGTCCTGGTCTACCTGACTCTCATCTCGGGGAA  
AGCGCGCCCTCCCACTTGAGGAGGAACCGCAGAGACTTCATGGGAGAAGAGCTGTCCAGACAATAGCTCCGTGATCCTTC  
CAAAGGATACATCCCTCATCTAAAGGCACAGTATACTGAATGAGTCTGAGGCATAAGTCCAATAACGACAGGCACATG  
TTCATCCAGGTGAAGATGCAGGTCTCCATTATGAGAAGCCGAGCTCTTCAGTGAATTGGCTTGCTCCTGGCACGTGGTCTC  
AGACTGGAGGTCGT

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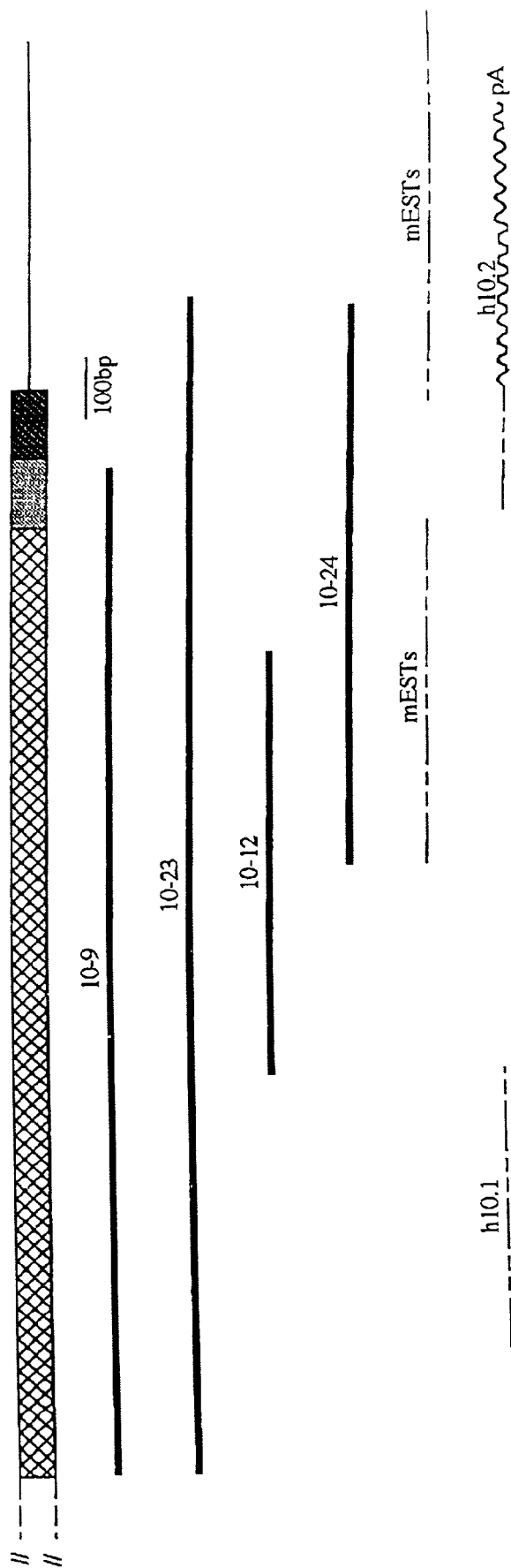


FIGURE 33

FIGURE 34

GGCACGAGGCTGTGTCCAGCACACAGAGAGGGCCCGGCCATCTGCTTTGGTTTCAGAGCCCTGTGTCTGTCTGTCACTTAG  
 ACTCTTCCTCCCGGCTCGCAGCTCACCTCCATCCTCCTTACTGGCTCCAGCATGACTCGCTTCTTATGCAGAGTACT  
 TTGCTCTGTTTCACTCTGGCTCTGCACCTTCCAGGTCCCCTTCGTCTCCCGAGAACCACCGGGCCCGCACCCCTGGGT  
 CTGTTCCAAGGGGTATGCAGAAGTATAGCAGCAACCTGTTCAAGACCTCCAGATGGCGGCTATGGACCCCGTGTGAA  
 GGCCATCAAGGAAGGGGATGAAGAGGCCCTTGAAGATCATGATCCAGGATGGGAAGAATCTTGCAGAGCCCAACAAGGAGG  
 GCTGGCTGCCGCTCCACGAGGCTGCCTACTATGGCCAGCTGGGCTGCCTGAAAGTCTTGCAGCAAGCCTACCCAGGGACC  
 ATTGACCAACGCACACTGCAGGAAGAGACAGCATTATACCTGGCCACATGCAGAGAACACCTGGATTGCCTCCTGTGCT  
 GCTCCAGGCGGGGCGAGGCTGACATCTCTAACAATCCAGGAGACTCCACTTTACAAGCCTGTGAGCGCAAGAACG  
 CGGAGGCGGTGAGGATATTGGTGCATACAACGCAGACGCCAACCAACCGCTGTAAACAGGGGCTGGACCGCACTGCACGAG  
 TCTGTCTCCCGCAATGACCTGGAGGTCTAGGATCCTAGTGAGTGGCGGGGCCAAGGTGGAGGCCAAGAATGTCTACAG  
 CATCACCCCTTTGTTTGTGGCTGCCAGAGTGGGCGAGCTGGAGGCCCTGAGGTTCTTGGCCAAGCATGGTGCAGACATCA  
 ACACGCAGGCCAGTGACAGTGCATCAGCCCTCTACGAGGCCAGCAAGAATGAGCATGAAGACGTGGTAGAGTTTCTTCTC  
 TCTCAGGCGCCGATGCTAACAAGCCAAAGGACGGCCTGCTCCCCCTGCATGTTGCCTCCAAGAAGGGCAACTATAG  
 AATAGTGCAGATGCTGCTGCCTGTGACCAGCCGACGCGCGTGGCCGTAGCGGCATCAGCCCGCTGCACCTAGCGGCCG  
 AGCGCAACCACGACGCGGTGCTGGAGGCGCTGCTGGCCGCGCGCTTCGACGTGAACGCACCTCTGGCTCCCGAGCGCGCC  
 CGCCTCTACGAGGACCGCCGAGTTCTGCGCTCTACTTCGCTGTGGTCAACAACAATGTGTACGCCACCGAGCTGTTGCT  
 GCTGGCGGGCGCGGACCCCAACCGCGATGTCTCAGCCCTCTGCTGCTGGCCATCCGCCACGGCTGCCTGCGCACCATGC  
 AGCTGCTGTTGGACCATGGCGCCAACATCGACGCGCTACATCGCCACTCACCCCAACCGCTTTCCAGCCACCATCATGTTT  
 GCCATGAAGTGCCTGTGCTTACTCAAGTTCTTATGGACCTCGGCTGCGATGGCGAGCCCTGCTTCTCCTGCCTGTACGG  
 CAACGGGCGCGACCAACCCGCCCCGACCTGGCCGCTTCCACGACGCAACCGTGGACGCAAGGCACCTAGCGTGGTGCA  
 GTTCTGTGAGTTCTGTGCGCCCCGGAAGTGAGCCGCTGGGCGGGACCCATCATCGATGTCTCCTGGACTATGTGGGCA  
 ACGTGCAGCTGTGCTCCCGCTGAAGGAGCACATCGACAGCTTTGAGGACTGGGCTGTCTCAAGGAGAAGGCAGAACCT  
 CCGAGACCTCTGGCTCACCTCTGCCGGCTGCGGGTTCGGAAGGCCATAGGAAAATACCGGATAAAACTCCTGGACACACT  
 GCCGCTTCCCGGCAGGCTAATCAGATACTTGAAATATGAGAATACACAGTAaccagcctggagaggagatgtggccttca  
 gactgtttccgggagcggccaggtggcctgcateccaggacccctggggtcagaacaggtgtgacettgctgggtctttg  
 ctggagcttcacccaaagtgagaacctgatgtgggagtgagctggaacctctgctttcacactgtcagcggatcgag  
 acccgctctgcttctggccatagccagagaccttcaacctggggccaggggagagctgggtctgggcaaggtggccaggc  
 aggaatcctggccttaagctggagaactttaggaatccctcactggacctcagctttcaggctgcgagggagagcggc  
 agcccaagtattttatcttcwgtgacacaataacgttgatcagaaaaaaaaaaaaacatgggcgcagcttattccttag  
 tagggtatttacttgcatgongcgttaaaagntactggaaacatgcgttcnactatgcttgagaatcccttgactg  
 gtaaacgagagccgacgtgcttcaaggttgatttttgnttgcccccttgccgttcgcgggtttgntccgacngtaat  
 tgaccccggtgtttgtcactttcgagtgttcgactattggggggttttgggtgtccccaaaattgtgggtggtgtgcg  
 gacgccacgagaagtggttcatgggcgataatcattactgngagaatgtagagcggggttttacgaataaatattttt  
 aagccgcttccccaaa

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FIGURE 35

h10.1

CCTCCTGAGAGTTCGCCGGCCCGGGCCCAATGGGnTTGTTCCAAGGGGTTCATGCAGAAATACAGCAGCAGCTTGTTCAAG  
ACCTCCCAGCTGGCGCCTGCCGACCCCTTGATAAAGGCCATCAAGGATGnCGATGAAGAGGCCTTGAAGACCATGATCAA  
GGAAGGGAAGAATCTCGCAGAGCCCAACAAGGAGGGCTGGCTGCCGCTGCACGAGGCCGCATACTATGGCCAGGTGGGCT  
GCCTGAAAGTCTTCAGCGAGCGTACCCAGGGACCATCGACCAGCGCACCTTCAGGAGGAAACAGCCGTTTACTTGGCA  
ACGTGCAGGGGCCACCTGGACTGTCTCCTGTCACTGCTCCAAGCAGGGGCAGAGCGGGACATCTCCAACAAATCCCGAGA  
GnACCGCTCTACAAAGCCTGTGAGCGCAAGAACGCGGAAGCCGTGAAGATTCTTGGTGACGACAACGCAGACACCAAC  
AACGCTGCAACCGGGCTG

h10.2

GTGCAGCTCTGCTCGCGGCTGAAGGAACACATCGACAGCTTTGAGGACTGGGCCGTTCATCAAGGAGAAGGCAGAACCTCC  
AAGACCTCTGGCTCACCTTTGCCGACTGCCGGTTGCAAAGGCCATTGGGAAATACCGTATAAACTCCTAGACACCTTGC  
CGCTCCCAGGCAGGCTGATTAGATACCTGAAATACGAGAACACCCAGTAACCTGGGGCCACGGGGAGAGAGGAGTAGCCCC  
TCAGACTCTTCTACTAAGTCTCAGGACGTGGGTGTTCCCAACTCCAAGGGGACCTGGTGACAGAcGAGGCTGCAGGCTG  
CCTCCCTCTCAGCCTGGACAGCTACCCAGGATCTCACTGGGTCTCAGGGcCCAGAGCTTTGGCCAGAGCAGAGAACAGAAAT  
GTGTCAAGGAGAAGAATCATTTGTTTACAACTGATGAGCAGATCCCAGACCTTCTCTACCTTCAGGAATGGCAGAAACC  
TCTATTCTTGGGGCCAGGGCAGAGCTTGAGGTGTTCTGGGGAAGGTGGTGCTCAGAGCCTTCCCTGTGCCCTCCACTTG  
TCTGGAAGAACTCACCACTTGACTTCAGAGCTTCTCTCAAAGACTAAGATGAAGACGTGGCCCAAGGTAGGGGGTAGG  
GGGAGCCTGGGTCTTGGAGGGCTTTGTTAAGTATTAATATAATAAATGTTACACATGTGAAAAAAAAA

0996550-10319

FIGURE 36A

TTGGAGAAGTGTGGTTGGTATTGGGGGCCAATGAATTGGGAAGATGCAGAGATGAAGCTGAAAGGGAAACCAGATGGTTCT  
TTCCTGGTACGAGACAGTTCTGATCCTCGTTACATCCTGAGCCTCAGTTTCCGATCACAGGGTATCACCACCACACTAGA  
ATGGAGCACTACAGAGGAACCTTCAGCCTGTGGTGTTCATCCCAAGTTTGAGGACCGCTGTCAATCTGTTGTAGAGTTTATT  
AAGAGAGCCATTATGCACTCCAAGAATGGAAAGTTTCTCTATTTCTTAAGATCCAGGGTTCAGGACTGCCACCAACTCCT  
GTCCAGCTGCTCTATCCAGTGTCCCGATTTCAGCAATGTCAAATCCCTCCAGCACCTTTGCAGATTCCGGATACGACAGCTC  
GTCAGGATAGATCACATCCCAGATCTCCCACTGCCTAAACCTCTGATCTCTTATATCCGAAAGTTCTACTACTATGATCCT  
CAGGAAGAGGTATACCTGTCTCTAAAGGAAGCGCAGCGTCAGTTTCCAAACAGAAGCAAGAGGTGGAAACCCTCCACGTAGC  
GAGGGGCTCCCTGCTGGTCACCACCAAGGCATTTGGTTGCCAAGCTCCAGCTTTGAgaaccaaattaagctaccatgaa  
aagaagaggaaaagtgagggaacaggaaggttgggattctctgtgcagagactttggttccccacgcaagccctggggctt  
ggaagaagcacatgaccgtactctgcgtggggctccacctcacacccaccctgggcatcttaggactggaggggctcctt  
ggaaaactggaagaagtctcaacactgtttctttttca

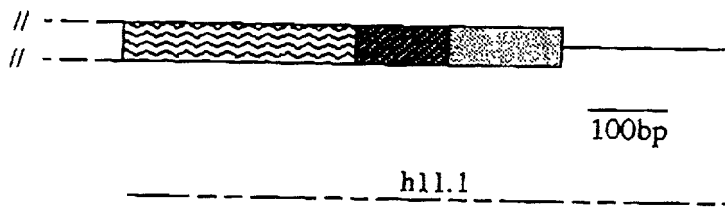
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**FIGURE 36B**

...LEKCGWYWGPMNWEDAEMKLGKPGDGSFLVRDSSDPRIYILSLSFPSQGITHETRMHEYRGTFSLWCHPKFEDRCQSV  
VEFIKRAIMHSGKNGKFLYFLRSRVPGLPPTPVQLLYPVSRFSNVKSLQBLCRFRIRQLVRIDIPDLPLPKPLISYIRKFY  
YYDPQEEVYLSLKEAQRQFPNRSKRWNPPRSEGLPAGHHQGHVLAKLQL\*

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FIGURE 37



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FIGURE 38



h12.1



100bp

m12.1

pA

h12.2

pA

FIGURE 39

GTTCCAAGCCTAACCCATCTTTGTCGTTTGGAAATTCGGGCCAGTCTAAAAGCAGAGCACCTTCACTCTGACATTTTCAT  
CCATCAGTTGCCACTTCCCAGAAGTCTGCAGAACTATTTGCTCTATGAAGAGGTTTAAAGAATGAATGAGATTCTAGAAC  
CAGCAGCTAATCAGGATGGAGAAACCAGCAAGGCCACCTGAcacaggtcctttaattctgttttagtcacaaaagacggct  
tgtgtgactgtttggatttggtgatcaaatgtocatgtttacagttgcttttccagtttggtgtctttcccaatattgtg  
aaccttatccatcttgcttactcagttttatttctagtgcactttgttgtgtattattgtttacctgaccattttcta  
ctttattctgctaataaactgtaattctgaasaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

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FIGURE 40

GGGGATCGAAAGCGGGGGCTTCTGGGACGCAGCTCTGGAGACGCGGCCCTCGGACCAGCCATTTCCGGTGTAGAAGTGGCAG  
CACGGCAGACTGGTCAAACAAATGGATTTTACAGAGGCTTACGCGGACACGTGCTCTACAGTTGGACTTGCTGCCAGGGA  
AGGCAATGTTAAAGTCTTAAGGAACTGCTCAAAAAGGGCCGAAGTGTGATGTTGCTGATAACAGGGGATGGATGCCAA  
TTCATGAAGCAGCTTATCACAACCTCTGTAGAATGTTGCAAATGTTAATTAATGCAGATTCTGAAAACTACATTAAG  
ATGAAGACCTTTGAAGGTTTCTGTGCTTTGCATCTCGCTGCAAGTCAAGGACATTGGAAAATCGTACAGATTCTTTTAGA  
AGCTGGGGCAGATCCTAATGCAACTACTTTAGAAGAAACGACACCATTGTTTTAGCTGTTGAAAATGGACAGATAGATG  
TGTTAAGGCTGTGCTTCAACACGAGCAAATGTTAATGGATCCCATTCTATGTGTGGATGGAACCTCCTTGACCAGGCT  
TCTTTTCAGGAAAATGCTGAGATCATAAAATGCTTCTTAGAAAAGGAGCAAACAAGGAATGCCAGGATGACTTTGGAAT  
CACACCTTTATTTGTGGCTGCTCAGTATGGCCAAGCTAGAAAGCTTTGAAGCATACTTATTTTCATCCGGGTGCAATGTC  
AATTGTCAAGCCTTGGACAAAGCTACC

h12.2

CACAAATGGGACCATACAAAAATCTTGGNACTTGTTAATAACCACTTNACTAACCGGGACCTGTGACACTGGGNCTAAAC  
AAAGTAAGTCCCTGTTTACTCAGNCAGTGTTTGGGGACATGAAGGATTGCCTAGNAAATATTAATCCGGAATGGTCTAC  
AGCCCAGNACGCCCAGGCGTGCCTTGTTTTGGATTCAAGTCTCCTGTGTGCATGGCTTTCCAAAAGGAGGTGGAGCTGT  
RAGTTCCTTTGGAATTGTGAACATTCTTTTGAAATATGGAGCCAGATAAATGAACCTTCATTTGGCATACTGCCTGAAGTA  
CGAGAAGTTTTCGATATTTTCGCTACTTTTTGAGGAAAGGTTGCTCATTGGGACCATGGAACCATATATATGAATTTGTAA  
ATCATGCAATTAAAGCACAGCAAATATAAGGAGTGGTTGCCACATCTTCTGGTTGCTGGATTTGACCCACTGATTCTA  
CTGTGCAATTCTTGGATTGACTCAGTCAGCATTTGACACCCTTATCTTCACTTTGGAGTTTACTAATTGGAAGACACTTGC  
ACCAGCTGTTGAAAGGATGCTCTCTGCTCGTGCCTCAAACGCTTGGATTCTACAGCAACATATTGCCCACTGTTCCATCC  
CTGACCCATCTTTGTCGTTTGGAAATTCGGTCCAGTCTAAAATCAGAACGCTCTACGGTCTGACAGTTATATAGTCAGCT  
GCCACTTCCCAGAAGCCTACATAATTATTTGCTCTATGAAGACGTTCTGAGGATGTATGAAGTTCCAGAAGTGGCAGCTA  
TTCAAGATGGATAAATCAGTGAACCTACTTAACACAGCTAATTTTTTCTCTGAAAAATCATCGAGACAAAAGAGCCACA  
GAGTACAAGTTTTTATGATTTTATAGTCAAAAGATGATTATTGATTGTCAGATAGGTTAGGTTTTGGGGGGCCAGTAGTT  
CAGTGAGAATGTTTATGTTTACAACCTAGCCTTCCAGTAAAAA

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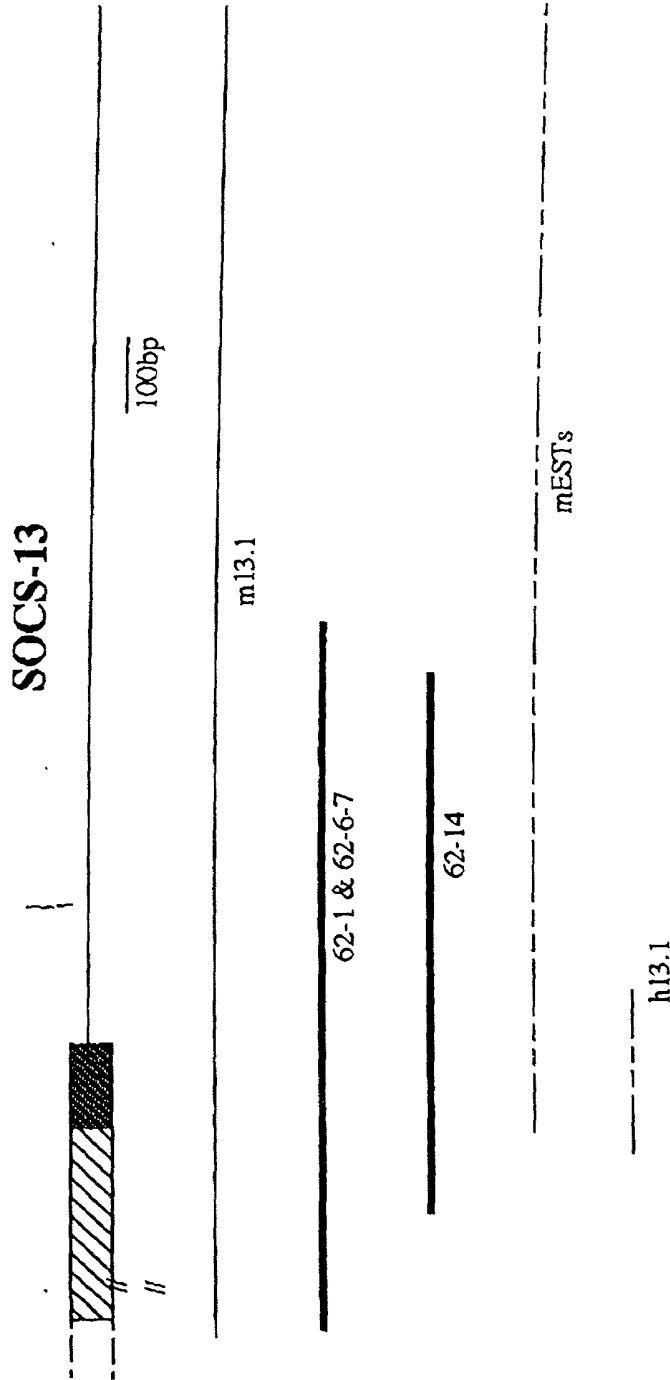


FIGURE 41

FIGURE 42A

CGGGGGGCTGGGACCTGGGGCGTAACCGTCTCTACCACGACGGCAAGAACCAGCCAAGTAAAACATACCCAGCCTTTCTG  
GAGCCGGACGAGACATTGATCCCTGACTCCTTTTTTCGTGGCCCTGGACATGRATGATGGGACCTTAAGTTTCATCGT  
GGATGGACAGTACATGGGAGTGGCTTTCCGGGGACTCAAGGGTAAAAAGCTGTATCCTGTAGTGAGTGCCGTCTGGGGCC  
ACTGTGAGATCCGCATGCGCTACTTGAACGGACTTGATCCTGAGCCCCCTGCCACTCATGGACCTGTGCCGGCGTTCGGTG  
CGCCTAGCGCTGGGAAAAAGAGCGCCTGGGTGCCATCCCCGCTCTGCCGCTACCTGCCCTCCCTCAAAGCCTACCTCCTCTA  
CCAGTGATccacatocccaggaccgccaatacagacagccatctggtgccaartcactgagcccgttgggggtccgcccagcccc  
tgogcctgggatggaygcccacctoagccatgggcagacgtgccccctcatcctaccggctgcctctgctgggggaacct  
atgccaacggacttctcccttcccaacactggctgaagcagcagcagccagggcccttccctgaaccagatgcagagaata  
aactatgaaaacctctctcaggcgcccttctgctctcaggtggagtgggctgccccccactctctgcagagagaggctaca  
cccacctgggggggtcctgggaggtgaagactagtaggaggtgccagggtgartccaaaagcaggaatggccaggamcagg  
ccatacagatgaagctcaggatgtcacataccatggacamtgagacagaacccccaggttgamtcccttggggccaacga  
gtgccagctttaatgtcagctgcmggtgctctgtggcctgtattttattctttaaacagtagcaaaggccattttatttatt  
ccacttagaaaggaaaaccttgggtgggtggyttccctcgatgtgctttccccccacctccctggaatgtgtgtgccacacct  
gtccttgtcccaggccaggactgtggcacatgagctgggtgtgcacagatacacgtatgtcgtcgtgcatgacccctgact  
agttoctaagtagccctgcaccaagcaccagagcagaccccaagagaggcccggtgcaagtccccatgtcccagggtccct  
gcttctgttgcccttgggactcatacaccggcacacgtgtttcagcctcttgacttccatgagcttcgaattttgcccccg  
attcttctgatatttccatttggcatcctccaaagctctgggcctggagggtcattaggacacatggaatgagtgggtct  
ccagccccctgggaaagccactggcaaggcaggattagaaagaccaagagcagggtggggcgccatgaagcctgtatgcct  
ctcagggtcaagaccccgccacacacccactcaagcctcagaagtgggtgtgtagggcagccccaggagaggaatgocgtgt  
cctagcagcacgtacatggagcacccccacatgtgctccagccctctggctgtttctcttgcctctagaatcaactccctac  
attgggaatgtagccatttggtagaggacttgcctagcctgcaggaagctcacgttccatcccctgcaccaaggagaatc  
aaagctcaggagggtgaggcaggaggattgctgtcagtggtgtacagaggtcatggccatcctgggctatattaaacctt  
gtcctttaagaaaaagaaaagaaatcaacttccattgaatctgagttctgctcatttctgcacagggtacaatagatgact  
tkatttgttgaaaaatgkttaatatattttacmtatatatatatttgaagaagcatt

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FIGURE 42B

...GGWDLGRNRLYHDGKNQPSKTYPAFLPDETFFIVPDSFFVALDMXDGTLSFIVDGQYMGVAFRGLKGGKLYPVVSAV  
WGHCEIRMRYLNGLDPEPLPLMDLCRRSVRLALGKERLGAIPALPLPASLKAYLLYQ\*

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FIGURE 43

AAGGGTAAAAAAGTGTATCCTGTAGTGAGTGCCGTCTGGGGCCACTGTNAGATCCGAATGCGCTACTTGAACGGACTCGAT  
CCCGAGACNTGCCGCTCATGGATTTGTGCCGTCGCTCGGTGCGCCTGGCCCTGGGGAGGGAGCGCCTGGGGGAGAACCANC  
NACCTGCCGCTGCCGGCTTCCCTCAAGGCCTACCTCCTCTACCAAGTACGTTGCGCATCATACCGCCAGCGCGACAGCCAC  
CTGGTGCCAACTCACTGAGCCGCCTG

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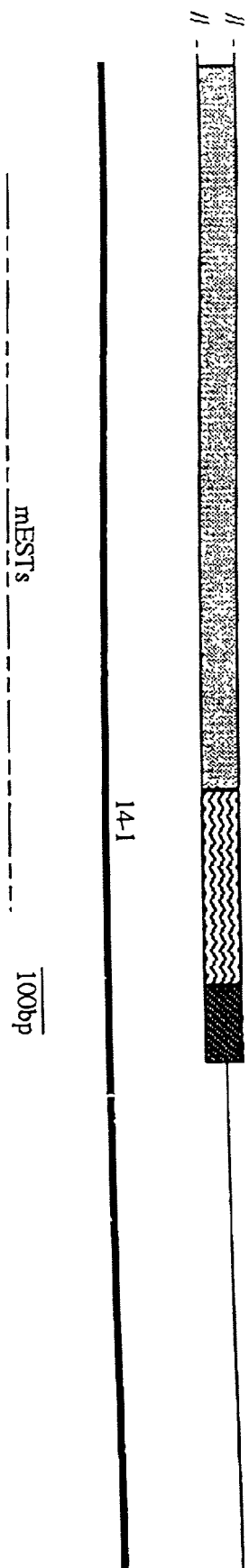


FIGURE 44

FIGURE 45A

...AAGTGGCGGGCGGTCCCTGGAGAGCAGGCGGAGGCAGCGGCAAGTCTGACTCTGGGCTGACCGTGGAGCCGGGGCGG  
GGGCTGACAGCCAGGCCTCCGCCTGGCGGGAGCCGACGAGGAGCGGGAGTGGCCGGGCTCTCTTCCGCGCTTGAGCGA  
GCGCCGGGTGATGGCGGTGGTATGGCGGCAGGCGCTCGGACAGCTCCGCTTGAGCTGAGCTCGGAGAGATCCGTCCAGA  
AAGTGGCCAGAAAGAACTTCTCTTAGAAAAGCTGAAAAACACARTATTTATAACACTGGAAATTGTAAAGAATTGTTT  
AAAATGGCTGAAACAATAGTAAAAATGTAGATGTACGGCCTAAAACAAGTCGGAGTCGAAGTGCTGACAGGAAGGATGG  
TTATGTGTGGAGTGAAAGAAGTTGTCTTGGTCCAAAAGAGTGAGAGTTGTTCTGAATCTGAAGCCATAGGTACTGTTG  
AGAATGTTGAAATTCCTCTAAGAAGCCAAGAAAGGCAGCTTAGCTGTTCTGTCATTGAGTTGGACTTAGATCATTCTGT  
GGGCATAGATTTTAGGCCGATCCCTTAAACAGAACTGCAAGATGCGGTGGGCGAGTGTTTTCCAATAAAGAATTGTAG  
TGGCCGACACTCTCCAGGGCTTCCATCTAAAAGAAAGATTTCATATCAGTGAACCTCATGTTAGATAAGTGCCCTTTCCAC  
CTCGCTCAGATTTAGCCTTTAGGTGGCATTATTTATAAACGACACACTGTTCTATGAGTCCCAACTCAGATGAATGGGTG  
AGTGCAGACCTGTCTGAGAGGAACTGAGAGATGCTCAGCTGAAACGAAGAAACACAGAAGATGACATACCCTGTTTCTC  
ACATACCAATGGCCAGCCTTGTGTCTAATGCTGCAACAGTGCTTCTGTACAGGTGGTCACATAACTGGTCTATGATGA  
ACTTGGTCACAAACAACAGCATAGAAGACAGTGACATGGATTGAGAGGATGAAATTATAACGCTGTGCACAAGCTCCAGA  
AAAAGGAATAAGCCCAGGTGGGAAATGGAAGAGGAGATCCTGCAGTTGGAGGCACCTCCTAAGTCCACACCCAGATCGA  
CTACGTCCACTGCCTTGTTCAGACCTCCTTCAGATCAGTAACATCCGTGCTACTGGGGTGTCTATGGACAAATATGCAG  
CCGAAGCTCTGCTGGAAGGAAAGCCAGAGGGCACCTTTTTTACTTCGAGATTGAGCGCAGGAAGATTATTTATTCTCTGTT  
AGTTTTAGACGCTACAGTCGTTCTCTTCATGCTAGAATTGAGCAGTGAATCATAACTTTAGCTTTGATGCCCATGATCC  
TTGTGTCTTCCATTCTCCTGATATTACTGGGCTCCTGGAACACTATAAGGACCCAGTGCCTGTATGTTCTTTGAGCCGC  
TCTTGTCCACTCCCTTAATCCGGACGTTCCCTTTTTCTTGCAGCATATTTGCAGAACGGTTATTTGTAATTGTACGACT  
TAGGATGGCATCGATGCCCTTCCCATTCCTTCGCTATGAAATTGTATCTGAAGGAATACCATTATAAATCAAAGTTAG  
GTTACTCAGGATTGATGTGCCAGAGCAGCAGTGATgaggagaggttagaatgtcgacctgcatacatattttcatttaatt  
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cagatcaatttattttttttatgatatacttggttatatatttttaagcaggtggttggtttgtttttaccatataaatt  
tacatatggtccaggcatatttacaatttcaaggcattgcatatacatatttgaatattctgtattttttaataatctttt  
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cacaataaacatcccctcagcgtggaggcggaatggaacctgtgctcctttcttacgggaagctttgcaaagcacaatagc  
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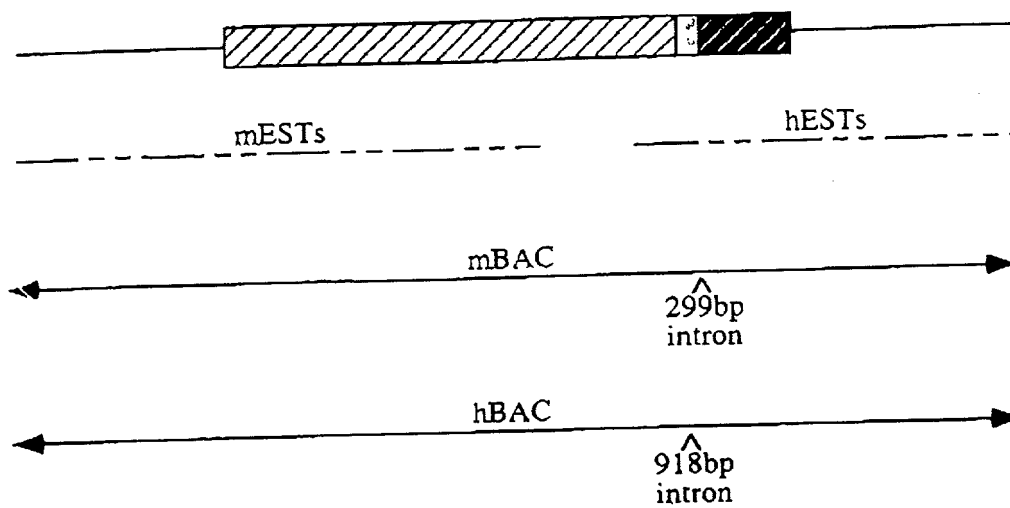
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...SGGGPWRAGGSGKSDSGLTVEPGRGLTARPPPGGSRTRSGSGRASLPLRSERRVMVMAAGARTAPLELSSERS  
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TVENVEIPLRSQERQLSCSSIELDLDHSCGHRFLGRSLKQKLQDAVGQCPIKNCSGRHSGLPSPKRKIHISELMLDKCP  
FPPRSOLAFRWHFIKREITVPMSPNSDEWVSA DLSEKRLDAQLKRRNTEDDIFCFSHTNGQPCVITANSASCTGGHITS  
MMNLVTNNSIEDSDMDESEI I TLTCTSSRRKNLPERWEEELQLEAPKFHTQIDYVHCLVDPOLLQISNNPCYGVGMOK  
YAAEALLEGKPEGTFLLRDSAQEDYLFVSFRRYSRSLHARIEQWNNHNSFSDAHDPCVFHSPDITGLLEHYKDPSACMFF  
EPLLSTPLIRTFPFSLQHCRTVICNCTTYDGIOLPIPSPMKLYLKEYHYKSKVRLLRIDVPEQQ\*

[illegible]



FIGURE 46



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25 OCT 1993



FIGURE 47A (CONTINUED)

cgtcttgccagtcaccaatggcccacacaggttcataggccaggaccaccttgctccagtctttcacattatctgtggggc  
agagaggagagtgagttaggaaggagctgacccgccaagc

000000-100000

FIGURE 47B

MCQTALARGSSSTPTSQALYSDFSPPEGLEELLSSAPPPDLVAQRHHGWNPKDCSENIDVKEGGLCFERRPVAQSTDGVRGK  
RGYSRGLHAWEISWPLEQRGTHAVVGVATALAPLQADHYAALLGSNSESWGWDIGRGKLYHQSKGLEAPQYPAGPQGEQLV  
VPERLLVVLDMEEGTLGYSIGGTYLGPFRGLKGRITLYPSVSAVWGQCQVRIRYMGERRVEEPOSLLHL SRLCVRHALGDT  
RLGOISTLEPLPPAMKRYLLYK

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FIGURE 48A

gtactttctttatatctccataatttttatcttactattactacatgatacattattttataaaagtctttgtaacctcctt  
aaggattcactgcttaatctccagtgccttagcacaaaatcattaaatgcgaaccagaaaactcttccaaatgtgttacatct  
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acccaacagcaatagaggtgaaacaggcttgagaaagcaacttctcaagttctcttgccagtaaatgggtgaaccttca  
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FIGURE 48A (CONTINUED)

agctgctctctgcagttgtgtgggctgtagagtggagggccatccctccctcacctcagccccagctcccaagcctctgga  
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ccaaagccactcacctccataaatgatacgggtgctctgagccaccgcacagagacgttggacttcagccatcctcgga  
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cagtaaccaatggccacacagggctcataggccaggacgaccttgcctcagcttctcagcttatctgcagggcagagatac  
agatggaggggaaggggtgaacaagaaagagctctccagccagggttctccggagtacgaagaacgggtggcctactgccccct  
agtggacattggggg

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**FIGURE 48B**

MGQTALAGGSSSTPTPQALYPDLSCPEGLEELLSAPPPDLGAQRRHGWNPKDCSENIEVKEGGLYFERRPVAQSTDGARGK  
RGYSRGLHAWEISWPLEQRGTHAVVGVATALAPLQTDHYAALLGSNSESWGWDIGRGKLYHQSKGPGAPQYPAGTQGEQLL  
VPERLLVLDMEEGTLGYAIGGTYLGPAPFRGLKGRITLYPAVSAVWGQCQVRIRYLGERRAEPHSLLLSLCVRHNLGDTR  
LGOVSALPLPPAMKRYLLYQ

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FIGURE 49

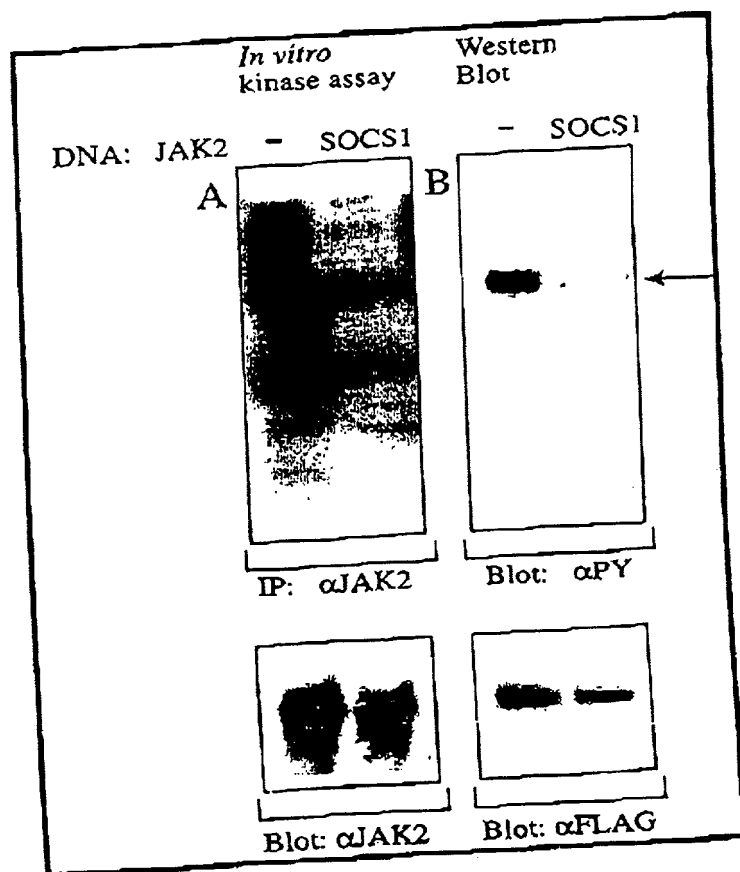
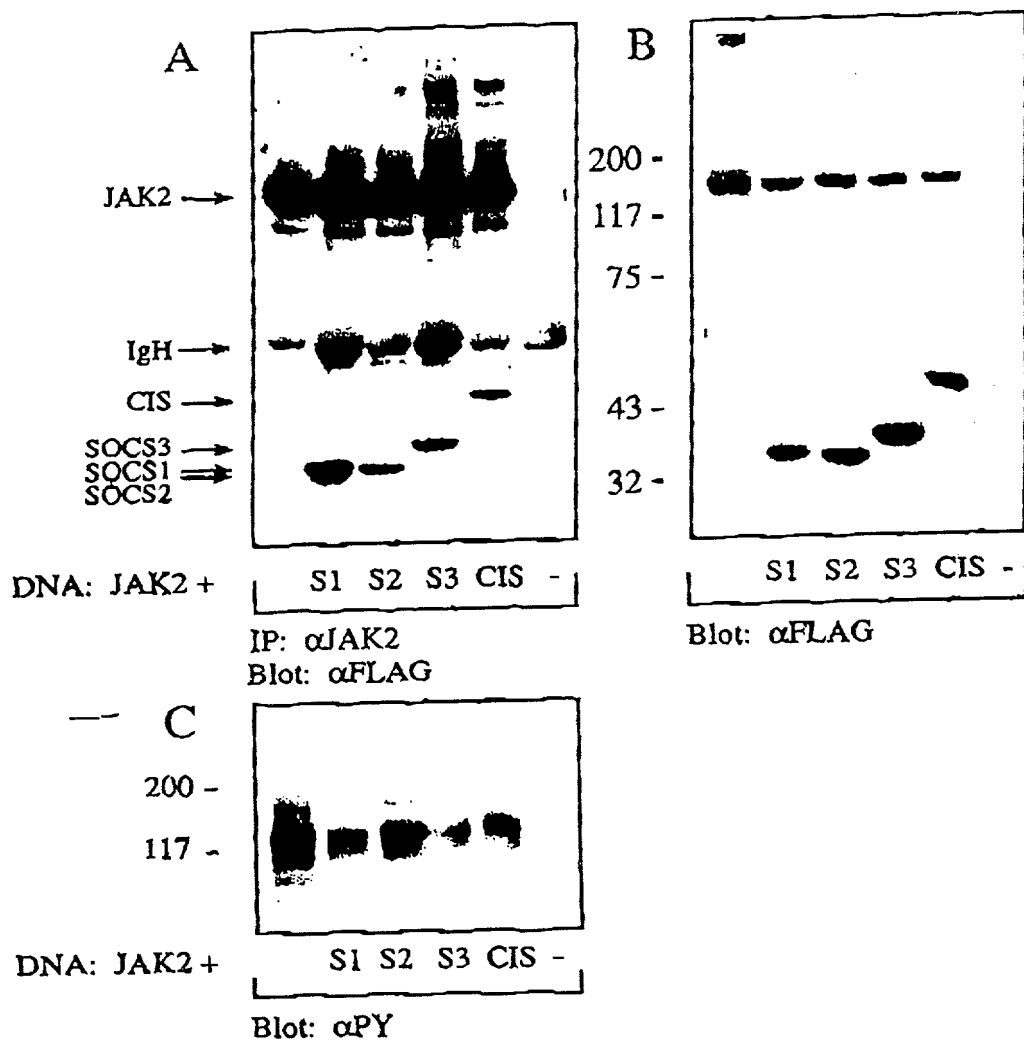
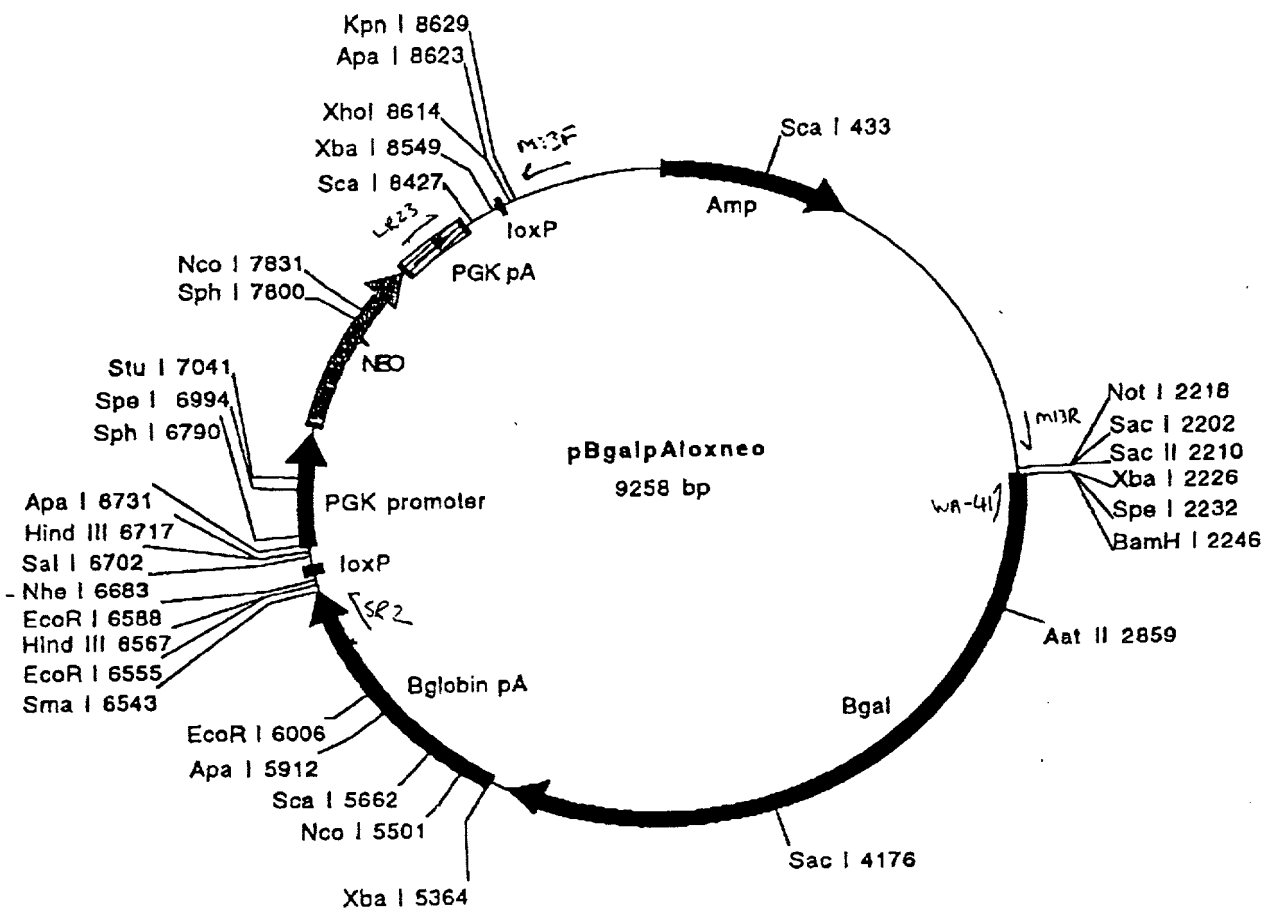


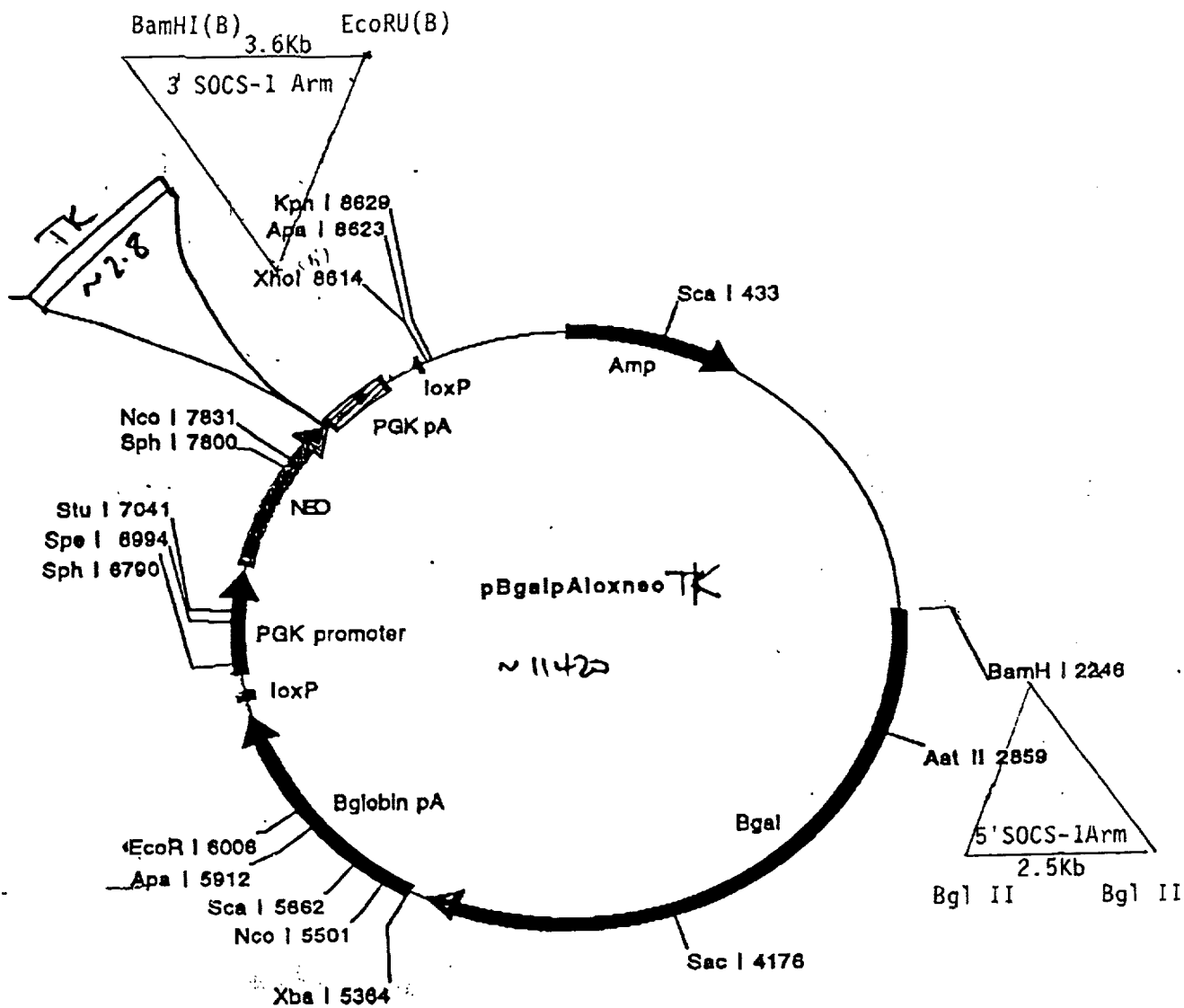


FIGURE 50





**FIG. 51**



5' x 3' SOCS-1 Arms in pBgalpAloxNeoTK

FIG. 52

FIG. 53

**PATENT**

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

**Applicants:** Douglas J. Hilton et al. **Docket:** 10976  
**Serial No.:** to be assigned **Dated:** October 31, 1997  
**Filed:** concurrently herewith  
**For:** THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS

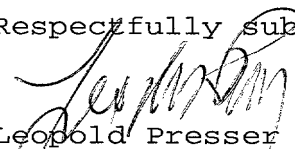
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

**CLAIM OF PRIORITY**

Sir:

Applicants in the above-identified application hereby claim the right of priority in connection with Title 35 U.S.C. § 119. In due course, Applicants will submit a certified copy of Australian Application No. P03384/96 filed November 1, 1996, and Australian Application No. P05117/97 filed February 14, 1997, in support thereof.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Leopold Presser  
Registration No. 19,827

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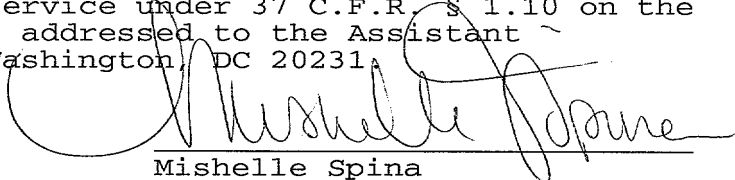
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Dated: October 31, 1997

  
Mishelle Spina

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